

**KI SYMBOH HISTORY  
BAD  
KA RI HYNNIEWTREP**

**L. Gilbert Shullai**



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KA RI HYNNIEWTREP**



**L. Gilbert Shullai**

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# **KI SYMBOH HISTORY BAD KA RI HYNNEWWTREP**

**Ryngkat Bad**

**Ka Jingkynmaw leit Kynmaw Burom**

**la**

**U BAH KYNPHAM SINGH**

*( Bam Kwai Ha Dwar U Blei )*

**Ba La Khlad Na Pyrthei**

**Ha Ka**

**22 Tarik September 1984**

**L. Gilbert Shullai**



## SHIKYNTIEN

**"RALANDA"**

Lumbasuk, Nongthymmai

**Shillong - 793014**

EAST MEGHALAYA

*Kane ka kot ka kynthup phra tylli ki Sker kiba kynthup ia ki jingtip ba la pyrshang ban lum ban lang lyngba kiba hun ki sngi, ki taiew, ki bnai bad ki snem. Nga ai Khublei ia kito baroh kiba la iarap lem ha kane ka jingpyrshang. Kane ka jingpyrshang ka lah ban long tang i dak prat malu-mala. Kyrmen ba kin nang ia mih kiba yn ia mait phang lem.*

Dated Shillong :  
The 20th July 1989

**L. Gilbert Shullai**





## **KI SYMBOH HISTORY BAD KA RI HYNNIEWTREP**

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LAND OF “KI HYNNIEWTREP”**



## NA FORT WILLIAM SHA PHUD WAHPAMDNGIEM

— *L. Gilbert Shullai*

Kat kum ka bor (Royal Charter) ba la ai da ka Queen Elizabeth I ha ka 31 tarik December 1600, ka East India Company ka la ioh ban khaii hapoh ka kyrteng "The Governor and Company of Merchants of London Trading with the East Indies", Ka Company ka la don 125 (shispah ar phew san) ngut ki "Shareholders" bad ka bai seng (Capital) ka la long hynniew phew ar hajar pound (£ 72,000). Ha ka snem 1608 ka Company ka la ioh jingbit na u Patsha Jehangir ban tei ia ka karkhana ha Surat. Ha ka snem 1609 u King James I u la pynthymmai (renew) ia ka Royal Charter. Ha ka snem 1639 ka Company ka la ioh khyndit i lyngkhot khyndew ha Madras bad Masulipatam na uwei u Raja. Nangta ka Company ka la ioh na u King Charles II ia ka dewlynnong Bombay kaba u la die sha ka Company, ia kaba u la ioh kum ka bai ia poikha (Dowry) jong u bad ka khun jong u Syiem ka Portugal. Ha ka snem 1683 la shah ia ka Company, ym tang ban khaii, hynrei ban skut jaka, thaw tyngka, buh shipai, iateh lok, ialeh thma, bad ban pyniaid ia ki kam dewani bad phoidari (gave the Company the "right to acquire territory, coin money, command fortresses and troops, form alliances, make war and peace, and exercise civil and criminal jurisdiction").

Ha ka snem 1698 la mih sa kawei ka company kaba kyrteng "The English Company trading to the East Indies" Hynrei ha ka snem 1708 la klum lang ia kine ki Company hapoh kawei ka Company ba la jer kyrteng "The United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies", bad ia kane ka Company la ju tip paidbah kum ka "EAST INDIA COMPANY".

Ka Bengal ka long kawei na ki "Raid" jong ka Hima Moghul, bad u "Syiem Raid" (uba ki khot u Nawab") jong ka "Raid Bengal" u dei u Suraj-ud-doulah, bad u "Syiem Hima" jong ka Hima Moghul ka dang don, tangba ka la sdang troin. Ka por kaba shisha ha kaba shynshar ia ka "Raid Bengal" te ka shong tylli hi ha ka kti u "Syiem Raid" (kata, ha u Suraj-ud-doulah). Ka Nongbah jong u Suraj-ud-doulah ka don ha ka bynta kaba kham shaneng jong ka Calcutta (Ka Calcutta ha kata ka por ka dang long ka shnong kaba rit). U Suraj-ud-doulah u la hiar thma ia ka Shnong Calcutta. Ki Phareng ki la poi ha ka khim khait. Kumta ki la

phah noh ia ki kynthei ki khynnah da ka jhad sha Madras; ki rangbah ki pyrshang ban ia khun. Ki Phareng na Madras, hapoh ka jingialam u Robert Clive ki la wan knieh bad shimti biang ha lade ia ka Calcutta. Hadien kane (kata, ha ka snem 1757,, la khie ka thma hagdeng ki Phareng ha kawei ka liang bad u Suraj-ud-doulah ha kawei pat ka liang. Ia kane ka thma la ju tip kum ka "Battle of Plassey" (1757). Ha kane ka thma ki Phareng ki jop.

Nangta ki Phareng ki la thung "Nawab" noh ia u Mir Jafar. Ha kane ka por ki Phareng kim shym sngewdonkam ban ia kren ia pynbeit ei-ei bad u Syiem Hima" jong ka hima Mughul (U Shah Alam). Nangta ki Phareng ki shem ba u Mir Jafar um long, bad kumta ki la thung "Nawab" noh ia u Mir Kasim. Hadien kane ~~U Mir Jafar~~ u la pyrkhath, ba ka bha ban shu ialeh thma noh pyrshah ia ki Phareng. U "Syiem Hima" jong ka Hima Mughul (U Shah Alam) bad uwei na ki "Syiem Raid" jong ka "Raid Oudh" (U Shuja Doulah) ki la ia synrop lang, bad ialeh pyrshah ia ki phareng ha Buxar. Ia kane ka thma la ju tip kum ka "Battle of Buxar". Ha kane ka thma ruh ki Phareng ki jop.

Ka East India Company ka la ioh skut ruh ia ka District "24-Parganas" da kaba jop ia ki Dutch ha Chinsura ha ka snem 1759, bad ia ki French ha Wandewash ha ka snem 1760. Ka jingiohnong kaba kham khraw jong ka Company ka long, ka jingioh jong ka ha ka snem 1765 na u Patsha Mughul ia ka bor ban synshar ia ka Bengal (kynthup lang ia ka Bihar bad Orissa). Ia kane ka bor la ju tip kum ka "Diwani of Bengal".

Ka Company ka don lai tylli ki Station khaii, kawei ka Fort William (Bengal), kawei ka Fort St. George (Madras) bad kawei ha Bombay. Ha kine ki Station khaii, ki don la u jong u President lane Governor, ryngkat bad la ka jong ka Council kaba iarap. Ka Company ka don ruh la ka jong ka "Court of Directors". Kane ka "Court of Directors" ka long kaba don bor shibun. Kane ka "Court of Directors" ka thung ia u Warren Hastings ha ka 13 tarik April 1772 ban long u Governor ka Bengal.

Ka jingtnei jong ka Company kam shym da pynhun eh ia ki briew ha Bilat. La don ka jingsngewdonkam ba ka Sorkar Bilat ka dei ban peit lem ia ka rukom trei kam jong ka Company. Kumta ha ka snem 1773 ka British Parliament ka la pass ia ka Act (ba la ju tip kum ka Regulating Act of 1773). Kat kum kane ka Act, ia u Governor of Bengal la khot noh (Designated) "Governor-General". U Warren Hastings u la kylla long u Governor-General" uba nyngkong eh.

Haduh shuwa ban pyntrei kam ia ka **REGULATING ACT OF 1773** ki lai tylli ki **PRESIDENCY** (Bengal, Bombay bad Madras) ki ia trei kam la ka jong ka jong; ki ia dei kam ruh beit-beit bad ka **COURT OF DIRECTORS** kaba ha Bilat. Hynrei naduh ba la pyntrei kam ia katei ka Act, ia u Governor jong ka Bengal Presidency la tip noh kum u **GOVERNOR-GENERAL**, bad une u **GOVERNOR-GENERAL** un don bor ruh halor ka Bombay Presidency, ka Madras Presidency bad ka Bancoolen. Kane ka Bancoolen lane Fort Malborough ka don ha Sumatra, bad la aiti noh sha ki Dutch ha ka snem 1824 kat kum ka Treaty of London. Naduh ka snem 1784, nalar ka **COURT OF DIRECTORS** la don ruh sa ka **BOARD OF CONTROL** kat kum ki kyndon kiba don ha ka Pitt's India Act of 1784. Ningta ha ka snem 1786 la nang ai bor shuh-shuh ia u Governor-General kat kum ki kyndon jong ka **ACT OF 1786**.

Ka Jingioh jingbit (Charter) jong ka East India Company ka la kut ha ka snem 1793, bad kat kum ka **CHARTER ACT OF 1793** la pynthymmai, bad kan neh pat sa arphew snem. Ki arphew snem ki la iaid, bad kat kum ka **CHARTER ACT OF 1813** la pynthymmai biang sa arphew snem.

Ha ka snem 1833, kat kum ka Act of 1833 jong ka British Parliament, ia u Governor-General la khot noh (designate) "Governor-General of India", tangba u dang dei khmih ruh ia ka Bengal (kynthup lang ia ka Bihar bad Orissa) nalar ka kam ba u trei kum u Governor-General of India.

U Governor-General uba khadduh eh u dei u William Bentinck uba la kylla long u **Governor-General of INDIA** uba nyngkong eh, bad shiinti ia ka kam Governor-General of India ha ka 14 (Khadsaw) tarik November 1834 (shihajar phra spah laiphew saw). Dei ha ka por ba long Governor-General of India u William Bentinck ba ia ka Hima Jaintia (kaba long kawei na ki "KHASI STATE" kiba kham paw khmat) ba la pynkylla "British Area", bad kata ka la jia ha ka 15 (khadsan) tarik March 1835 (shihajar phra spah laiphew san). U William Bentinck u la neh kum u **GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA** haduh ka 20 (arphew) tarik March 1835 (shihajar phra spah laiphew san); kata ka mut (san) sngi hadien ba ka Hima Jaintia ka kylla "British Area".

Shuwa ka snem 1833, ka Assam kaba la shah synshar shipor ha ki Burma, ka la hap noh hapoh ka **EAST INDIA COMPANY** kat kum ki kyndon kiba don ha ka **TREATY OF YANDABOO** (24 tarik February 1826). Ha ka jingiadei kam bad kiwei-kiwei pat ki jaka bad Hima ha North East Frontier kiba ym pat hap hapoh ka Company (East India Company), ka Company (East India Company)

ka trei kam lyngba u Agent. Ha ka snem 1835 la pynmih kyrpang sa kawei ka Agency ba la tip kum ka COSSAYAH HILLS POLITICAL AGENCY, bad u Political Agent uba nyngkong u dei u Col. Lister uba la shimti ia ka kam ha ka 11 tarik February 1835, bad ka Headquarters jong u ka dei ha Sohra.

Naduh ka snem 1853, kat kum ka Act of 1853 jong ka British Parliament, la pynbeit ba yn don noh u Governor uba kyrpang na ka bynta ka Bengal, bad katba ym pat thung Governor la ai bor ia u Governor-General of India ban thung da u Lieutenant-Governor. La thung Lieutenant-Governor ha ka 1 tarik May 1854.

Hadien ka snem 1853 la pynduh noh ia ka COSSAYAH HILLS POLITICAL AGENCY, bad la mih ka COSSAYAH AND JYNTEAH HILLS DISTRICT. Hadien ia ka Cossayah and Jyn-teah Hills la spel noh "Khasi and Jaintia Hills". Ki "Khasi States" kim hap hapoh ka khasi and Jaintia ha kata ka por kim khot DEPUTY COMMISSIONER. hynrei ki khot PRINCIPAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, bad u C. K. Hudson u la long u Principal Assistant Commissioner uba nyngkong uba la shimti ia ka kam ha ka 10 tarik April 1854. Ka Cossayah and Jyn-teah Hills District ka la kylla long ruh kawei na ki District jong ka Assam Division. Ia u Sahep uba dei khmih halor ka Division ki khot u COMMISSIONER. Ka Assam ha kata ka por ka dung long tang kawei na ki Division jong ka Bengal Presidency. Kaba phylla ka long ba ym shym don Notification ba la pynmih paidbah kaba ia dei shaphang ka jingpyalong ia ka "COSSAYAH AND JYNTEAH HILLS DISTRICT", bad kumjuh ruh shaphang kaba pynhap ia ka hapoh u Commissioner jong ka Assam. Ha kawei ka bynta jong ka paragraph 5 (san) jong ka Report jong u W. J. Allen (1858) la thoh kumne:—

"No public Notification, however, has been published either by the Government or the Local Authorities, regarding the transfer of this district to the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Assam, and the public has never been officially informed what laws, rules and regulations are inforce in this Hill Territory".

Ha ka snem 1857 la khie ka thma pyrshah ia ki Phareng (kaba ha ki por mynshuwa ki ju khot ka Thma Haram Nimok lanc ka Sepoy Mutiny). Ki Phareng (East India Company) ki la lah ban pynsangeh bad pynjem ia ka jingialeh pyrshah, hynrei ka British Parliament ka la sngewdei ban shimti noh ha lade ia ka jingsynshar ia ka ri India. Kumta ha ka snem 1858 ka British Parliament ka la pass ia ka Government of India Act, 1858, bad kumta la pynwai ia ka jing-synshar ia ka Ri India da ka East India Company.

Ha ka snem 1866 la pynkynriah noh ia ka District Headquarters na Sohra sha Shillong.

Kat kum ka Proclamation No. 379, dated the 6th February 1874 (Appendix I). Governor-General u la shimti ia ka bor bad jingpyniaid na u Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal ia kine ki District:—

1. Kamrup 2. Darrang 3. Nowgong 4. Sibsagar 5. Lakhimpur
6. Garo Hills 7. Khasi and Jaintia Hills 8. Naga Hills
9. Cachar 10. Goalpara.

Nangta, kat kum ka Notification No. 380, dated the 6th February 1874 (APPENDIX II), la pynlong ia ka ASSAM PROVINCE (hapoh u Chief Commissioner), kaba kynthup ia kitei ki District. Ia ka Sylhet bad ia ka Lushai Hills la pynwan hapoh ka ASSAM PROVINCE kham hadien. Kum ban shu pynkynriaw hangne, ka "Khasi and Jaintia Hills District" kam kynthup ia ki jaka kiba hap hapoh ki KHASI STATES. Ka "Khasi and Jaintia Hills District" ka kynthup tang ia ki "British Areas" kiba hap hapoh ka Jowai Subdivision bad ka Shillong Sadar Subdivision. Ia ka Jowai Subdivision la pynlong ha kajuh ka snem ba pynlong ia ka North Lakhimpur Subdivision, bad kata ka la jia ha ka snem 1869 kat kum ba ka paw na ka Notification, dated the 16th November 1869 ba la shon ha ka CALCUTTA GAZETTE, November 24, 1869. p.2067 (Appendix III).

Kawei na ki Act kiba kham donkam ba la pynmih ha ka snem 1874 ka dei ka SCHEDULED DISTRICTS ACT, 1874 (Appendix IV) Kat kum ba la batai ha ka paragraph kaba 3 (lai) jong ka Section 1 jong ka SCHEDULED DISTRICTS ACT, 1874 baroh ki 10 (shiphew) tylli ki District hapoh Assam Province ha kata ka por ki dei ki "Scheduled District". Na ki ar tylli ki district ba la pyniasoh bad ka Assam Province ha ki snem kiba kham hadien, ka Sylhet kam shym la ioh ia ka kyrdan "Scheduled District" hynrei ka Lushai Hills te ka ioh, bad kata ka la long ha ka 6 tarik September 1895 kat kum ba ka paw na ka Resolution jong u Secretary of State in Council. Kane ka long kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka paragraph kaba 3 (lai) jong ka Section 1 jong katei ka SCHEDULED DISTRICTS ACT, 1874.

Wat la ki District jong ka Assam Province ba la kdew haneng ki dei ki "Scheduled Districts" naduh ka snem 1874, hynrei ia ki bynta jong ka SCHEDULED DISTRICT ACT, 1874 la pyn-trei kam ha ki District jong ka Assam Province tang naduh ka snem 1877 kat kum ba ka paw na ka Notification No. 1651, dated the 3rd November 1877 ba la shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Part 1, November 10, 1877, p.383 (Appendix V). Kat kum ka Section 3 jong ka SCHEDULED DISTRICTS ACT, 1874 ka Sorkar Jylla

ka lah ban pynbna (declare) ia ki "Ain" ia kiba yn pyntrei kam ha ki "SCHEDULED DISTRICT" lane bynta jong ki "Scheduled District". Kumjuh ruh ka Sorkar Jylla ka lah ban pynbna (declare) ia ki "Ain" ia kiba yn ym pyntrei kam ha ka "SCHEDULED DISTRICT" lane bynta jong ka "SCHEDULED DISTRICT".

Hadien ba la pynlong ia ka Assam kum ka Province (Chief Commissioner's Province), ia ka bor jong u Lieutenant Governor of Bengal ha Assam la pynkup noh ha u Governor-General of India kat kumba ka paw na ka Act No. VIII of 1874. Shuh-shuh, kat kum katei ka Act No. VIII of 1874 u Governor-General of India u don bor ban ai (delegate) ia ka bor jong u ha u Chief Commissioner of Assam.

Ka Gauhati ka dei ka Headquarters jong ka Assam ha ka por ba ka Assam ka dang dei tang ka Division hapoh u Commissioner. Ha kata ka por, ka Assam kum ka Division ka don hapoh ka BENGAL PROVINCE, bad ka "Headquarters" jong ka Bengal Province ka don ha Fort William, Calcutta. Hynrei ka Shillong ka la kylla long ka Headquarters ynda haba ka Assam ka la kylla long ka PROVINCE hapoh u Chief Commissioner. Kum ban shu pynkynmaw, dei haduh ka snem 1921 ba ka Assam ka la dei ka Province hapoh u Governor.

Ia ka jaka ha Shillong kaba ha Phud Wahpamdngiem na ka bynta ka jaka shong u Chief Commissioner la thied na u Colonel Bivar ha ka dor Rs.26,000 (Ar phew hynriew hajar tyngka) kat kum ba ka paw na ka shithi No. 49T, dated the 6th March 1874 (Appendix VI). U Chief Commissioner uba nyngkong eh jong ka Assam Province u dei u Colonel Keatings. Khlcm pat da ioh jingbit na ka Government of India, u Colonel Keatings u la pynlong ia ka Shillong kum ka Headquarters naduh ka 20 tarik March 1874 kat kum ba ka paw na ka Notification No. 49, dated the 20th March 1874 (Appendix VII). Shaphang ka jingjied ia ka Shillong kum ka Headquarters, sngewbha ban pule ia ka shithi No. 101, dated the 2nd May 1874 (Appendix IX) kaba long ka jubao ia ka shithi No. 963, dated the 20th March 1874 jong ka Government of India (Appendix VIII). U Governor-General u la mynjur ia ka jingjied ia ka SHILLONG kum ka Headquarters jong ka ASSAM PROVINCE kat kum ba ka paw na ka Shithi No. 1524, dated Fort William, the 29th May 1874 (Appendix X) ba lah ban shem ha ka Assam Secretariat, General Department File No.23 aG jong ka snem 1874.



## KA DORBAR KA ASSAM NADUH 1912 HADUH 1950

—L. Gilbert Shullai

Hadien ka Thma Bah kaba ki Phareng ki khot ka “Sepoy Mutiny”, ka Sorkar Bilat ka la shimti noh ha lade na ka East India Company ia ka jingsynshar ia ka Ri India. Ka British Parliament ka la pass ruh ia kata ka Ain ba la tip kum ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1858 (shi hajar phra spah san phew phra). Ha ka snem 1861 ka British Parliament ka la pass sa kawei ka Ain ba la tip kum ka INDIAN COUNCILS ACT, 1861 kaba ka Preamble jong ka, ka long kumne.

“Whereas it is expedient that the provisions of the former Acts of Parliament respecting the constitution and functions of the Council of the Governor General of India should be consolidated and in certain respect amended, and that the power should be given to the Governor in Council of the Presidencies of Fort Saint George and Bombay to make laws and regulations for the government of the said Presidencies, and that Provision should be made for constituting the like authority in other parts of Her Majesty’s Indian Dominions”.

Kat kum ka bor ha la pyinkup katei ka INDIAN COUNCILS ACT, 1861 la pynlong (established) ia ka Legislative Council ha Bengal naduh ka snem 1861 (shi-hajar phra spah hynriew phew wei).

Ia ka INDIAN COUNCILS ACT, 1861 la pyinkylla (amended) kat kum ki kyndon kiba don ha ka INDIAN COUNCILS ACT, 1892. Shuwa ia ka snem 1892 (shi hajar phra spah khyndai phew ar) kata ka mut ha ka snem 1874 (shi-hajar phra spah hynniew phew saw) ia ka Assam la weng noh na BENGAL, bad la pynlong ia ka kum ka Chief Commissioner’s Province. Ha ka snem 1905 (shi hajar khyndai spah san) ia ka BENGAL la phiah, bad ia ka Assam la pyniasoh bad ka Eastern Bengal hapoh ka kyrteng EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM. Nangta ia ka INDIAN COUNCILS ACT, 1861 la nang pyinkylla (amended) shuh-shuh kat kum ki kyndon kiba don ha ka INDIAN COUNCILS ACT, 1909.

La pyniasoh biang ia ka BENGAL ha ka snem 1912 (shihajar khyndai spah khad-ar), bad ka Assam naduh ka 1 (shi) tarik April 1912 (shihajar khyndai spah khad-ar) ka la long biang ka Chief Commissioner’s Province bad ka Legislative Council ka kynthup 25 (arphew san) ngut ki Member. Na kitei ki 25 (arphew san) ngut ki Member 14 (khadsaw) ngut ki dei ki “Nominated Members”.

Kine ki long katto katne ngut napdeng ki Member ba kham paw-khmat (ref. Political History of Assam, Vol-I):—

1. Kamini Kumar Chanda
2. Manik Chanra Baruah
3. Padmanath Gohain Baruah
4. Tarun Ram Phookun
5. Ghanashyam Baruah
6. Radha Binode Das
7. Muhammad Saadullah
8. Raja Probhat Chandra Baruah

Kumba 6 (hynriew) snem ei-ei, kata, naduh ka 16 (khadhynriew) October 1905 (shihajar khyndai spah san), haduh ka snem 1912 (shihajar khyndai spah khah-ar), ka Assam ka la don lang hapoh ka Province thymmai ba la jer kyrteng EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM, bad ka Headquarters jong u Lieutenant-Governor jong kane ka Province thymmai ka la long ka Dacca. Kane ka la jia ha ka por ba u Governor-General of India u dei u Lord Curzon. Hynrei hadien ka jingpynbna (announcement) jong U King Emperor George V ha ka "Coronation Durbar" kaba la long ha Delhi ha ka 12 (khadar) tarik December 1911 (shihajar khyndai spah khad-wei), ia ka EASTERN BENGAL la pyniasoh biang bad ka Bengal naduh 1 (shi) tarik April 1912 (shihajar khyndai spah khad-ar) bad ba ia u 'Khlieh' jong ka Bengal la khot u Governor. Nangta ia ka Headquarters jong u Governor-General of India la pyukynriah na Fort William Calcutta sha Delhi, kaba mut ba ka Delhi ka la kylla long ka Nongbah jong ka India. Nangta ka Assam ka la kylla Chief Commissioner's Province biang, bad ka Shillong ka la kylla long biang ka Nongbah jong ka Assam.

Hadien ba la pyntrei kam ia ka Government of India Act, ia kaba la ju ia tip paidbah kum ka Government of India Act, 1919, ka Assam, na ka kyrdan Chief Commissioner's Province ka la poi sha ka kyrdan Governor's Province, bad u Governor uba nyngkong eh jong ka Assam u dei u Sir Nicholas Dodd Beatson Bell uba la shimti ia ka kam ha ka snem 1921 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew-wei). Kiba la bud ter-ter hadien u Sir Nicholas Dodd Beatson Bell haduh shuwa artad ban poi ka 15 (khadsan) tarik August 1947 (Independence Day) ki long kine:—

- 1922 : Sir William Sinclair Marris
- 1925 : Sir John Henry Kerr
- 1925 : Sir William James Reid
- 1927 : Sir John Henry Kerr
- 1927 : Sir Egbert Laurie Lucas Hammond
- 1932 : Sir Michael Keane
- 1935 : Sir Abraham James Laine

1937 : Sir Robert Neil Reid  
 1939 : Sir Gilbert Pitcairn Hogg  
 1939 : Mr. Henry Joseph Twyman, C.S.I., C.I.E.  
 1942 : Sir Andrew Gourlay Clow  
 1946 : (officiating) Mr. Frederick Chalmers Bourne, C.S.I., C.I.E.  
 1946 : (officiating) Sir Henry F. Knight  
 1947 : Sir Muhammad Saleh Akbar Hydari.

Kitei ki Governor baroh ba la sdang da ka ktien "Sir" ki long kiba la ia ioh ia ka nam K.C.S.I. lane K.C.I.E., lane ba la ioh lang ia baroh ar tylli ki nam : K.C.S.I. ka mut "KNIGHT COMMANDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA". Bad K.C.I.E. pat ka mut "Knight Commander of the Indian Empire". Ka jingmut jong ka C.S.I. bad C.I.E. ka long "COMPANION OF THE STAR OF INDIA" bad "COMPANION OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE".

Kumba la kdew shakhmat, ka Shillong ka la kylla long biang ka Nongbah jong ka Assam. Bad ka Shillong ka iai sah hi kum ka Nongbah jong ka Assam haduh ka 25 (arphew san) tarik January 1974 (shihajar khyndai spah hynniewphew saw).

Ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT ba la kdew shakhmat ia kaba la ia tip paidbah kum ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1919 ka dei kata ka Act ia kaba la jer kyrteng GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915 hynrei ia kaba la jer noh tang GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT hadien ba la amend ia ka Section 135 (shispah laiphew san) kat kum ki kyndon kiba don ha ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1919.

Ki kyntien kiba don ha ka Section 135 jong ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915 ki long kumne:—

"This Act may be cited as the Government of India Act, 1915".

Ia kitei ki kyntien la buh bujli noh da kine ki kyntien kat kum ba ka paw na ka Part II jong ka Second Schedule jong ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1919:—

"This Act may be cited as the Government of India Act"

Ia ka "amended Act", kata ka mut ia ka Government of India Act, 1915, la dei ban shu tip noh tang kum ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, khlem da buh ia ka SNEM (1919), hynrei namar ba la ia mlien lane ba la pynmlien ban mlien.

U Mohammed Hidayatullah, uba la long u Chief Justice jong ka Supreme Court, bad uba long pat u Vice-President of India,

mynba u kren ha Gauhati shaphang ki FIFTH SCHEDULE bad SIXTH SCHEDULE jong ka CONSTITUTION OF INDIA ha ka jingken kaba iasnoh bad ka ANUNDORAM BAROOAH LECTURES, u iathuh lyngkot ruh shaphang ka MONTAQUE - CHELMSFORD REPORT, bad haba u phai sha katci ka REPORT u ong :—

“This Report resulted in the amendment of the Government of India Act, 1915 by the Government of India Act, 1919. The amended Act is known as the Government of India Act without a date mentioned to distinguish it from the amending Act of 1919 although lawyers and judges make the mistake of adding the year after the consolidated Act”.

Don ki Section jong ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915 (ba la tip hadien ba la ‘amend’, kum ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT) ia kiba la pynkylla, bad don pat kiba sah hi kumjuh. Kum ban shu ai nuksa, ka Section 34 (laiphew-saw) ka sah hi kumjuh oad ka long kumne :—

“The Governor-General of India is appointed by His Majesty by warrant under the Royal Sign Manual”.

U Governor-General u dei u Khlieh (Statutory Head) jong ka Government of India. Haba ong “Vice-Roy”, ka dei tang ka kynja nam (title). Ha ka jingiadei bad katei ka nam “Vice-Roy” to ngin ia phai sha ka jingthoh jong u Lord Curzon ha ka kot jong u, BRITISH GOVERNMENT IN INDIA, Vol. II, p. 59:

The double title “Vice-Roy and Governor-General”, first used by Queen Victoria in the Royal Proclamation of November 1, 1858, announcing the assumption of the Government by the Crown, had no statutory sanction. It was the result merely of usage and convention and was used in Warrants of Precedence and the Statutes of the Knightly Orders. (Ref. A. C. Kapur’ CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA, 1976 Edition p.53)

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## Lynnong 2

Kat kum ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT ia kaba la ia tip paidbah kum ka Government of India Act, 1919, ka LEGISLATURE jong ka Assam Province ka kynthup tang kawei ka Dorbar Thaw Ain ia kaba ki khot ka Legislative Council, bad ka Legislative Council kaba nyngkong ka la ia kynduh nyngkong ha Council Chamber, Government House, Shillong ha ka 12 (khad-ar) tarik February 1921 (Tuesday) ha ka por 11 A.M. (Khadwei baje mynstep). Kiba la ia don ki long :—

1. Hon'ble Mr. J.C. Arbuthnott C. I. E., President.
2. Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Reid C.S.I.
3. Hon'ble Mr. A Majid C.I.E.
4. Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Ghanashyam Barua
5. Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Syed Abdul Majid
6. Mr. A. R. Botham C.S.I., M.L.C.
7. Mr. A. R. Edwards I.C.S., M.L.C.
8. Mr. J. N. Taylor C.I.E., M.L.C.
9. Srijut Nilmoni Phukan M.L.C.
10. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy M.L.C.

bad kiwei-kiwei de.

U Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u la long u M. L. C. na ka SHILLONG GENERAL URBAN CONSTITUENCY, bad kane ka Constituency kan kynthup ia kiwei pat ki "British Areas" kiba don shabar Shillong, hynrei tang ia kito ki jaka (British Areas "bad" Khasi States Areas) kiba hap hapoh ka jylli trei kam jong ka Shillong Municipality bad jong ka Shillong Cantonment. Ha ka Election kaba nyngkong kaba long ha ka snem 1921 u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u ioh 358 (laispah sanphew phraj) vote bad u Srijut Sivanath Dutta u ioh 112 (shispah khad-ar) vote. Nalor ki "Elected Members" jong ka Legislative Council ki don ruh ki "Nominated Members", bad u Dr. H. G. Roberts u long uwei na kita.

Sha ka Legislative Council ki "Khasi States" kim hap ban phah nongmihkhmat namar kim hap hapoh ka "ASSAM PROVINCE." La pynlong ia ka 'Election' ha u bnai November jong ka snem 1920 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew) na ka bynta ban ia jied ia ki Member jong ka Assam Legislative Council. Na ka liang ki Dohlieh (European) ki don 6 (hynriew) ngut ki "Elected Member" bad 7 (hynniew) ngut ki "Non-Elected Member". Napdeng ki Dohjong (Indian) ki don 33 (laiphew lai) ngut ki "Elected Member" bad 8 (phra) ngut ki "Non-Elected Member". Ka "Shillong General Urban Constituency" ka dei kawei na ki Constituency Dohjong" kaba hap ban phah uwei u nongmihkhmat sha ka Assam Legislative Council.

Hapoh ka jingsynshar, kat kum ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, ba la tip paidbah kum ka Government of India Act, 1919 ia u Governor la iarap da ki "COUNSELLORS" ha ki jaid kam kiba ki khot "RESERVED SUBJECT", bad nangta pat la iarap da ki "MINISTERS" ha ki jaid kam kiba ki khot "TRANSFERRED SUBJECTS." Ka "Local Self Government" ka dei kawei na ki "Transferred Subjects." Ban long "Minister" ha kito ki por ka long kumba long "SYIEM" ha ki por synshar Phareng. Kumba u Syiem, ha ki por synshar phareng u hap ban kohnguh ia ki "BAKHRAW" bad ia u "POLITICAL OFFICER" ban biang ka long-Syiem, kumjuh ruh ki MINISTER" lci hap ban pynsngew-bha ia ki "M.L.C." (Member of the Legislative Council) bad ia u GOVERNOR ban neh ka long-Minister.

Ka 'Election' kaba ar na ka bynta bai. jied ia ki Member jong ka Assam Legislative Council ka la long ha u bnai November 1923 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew lai). Haden ka "Election" la thung Minister ia u Saiyid Muhammad Saadullah bad ia u Rai Bahadur Promode Chandra Datta. Ha ka 27 (arphew hynniew) tarik September 1926 la pass ia ka Assam Opium Smoking Bill ba la wan rah na ka liang "Kamon" (na ka liang Sorkar) da Rai Bahadur Promode Chandra Datta, Minister in-charge, Excise Na ka liang "Kadiang" ruh la pyrshang tygeh ban wanrah sa kawei pat ka Assam Opium Smoking Bill. Bad ha ka 29 (arphew khyndai) tarik September 1926 la pass ia ka Assam Opium Smoking Bill ba la wanrah na ka liang "Kadiang" (na ka liang bym dei Sorkar) da u Rev J. J. M. Nichols-Roy. Ki kyndon kiba don ha ka Assam Opium Smoking Bill ba la wanrah na ka liang "Kadiang" (na ka liang bym-dei Sorkar), haba shu kren lyngkot, ka kham pyrkhing ban ia ki kyndon kiba don ha ka Assam Opium Smoking Bill ba la wan rah na ka liang "Kamon" (na ka liang Sorkar). Na ka liang Sorkar kim da sngewtynnad ia katei ka Assam Opium Smoking Bill ba la wan rah na ka liang bym-dei Sorkar, bad kumta haduh kaba kut ka la don ka jingiakhing, kat haduh ba la don da ka "Voting." Ha ka "Voting" 22 (arphew ar) ngut ki kyrshan ia ka Bill, bad 15 (kha hynniew) ki pyrshah; jop ka liang bym-dei Sorkar, bad rem ka liang Sorkar.

Ha kaba ia "vote," u Rev. J. Caredic Evans, uwei na ki M.L.C. (Member of Legislative Council) u ia kyrshan, bad u da ai ruh ka jingkren kaba kyrpang, balei ba u kyrshan, ia katei ka Bill ba la wan rah na ka liang bym-dei Sorkar. Ha kawei ka bynta jong ka jingkren jong u, u ong — "In an age when public conscience of the civilised world has been greatly awakened on the evil of the opium habit it will be well for us to attempt something more heroic than what was attempted in the Government Bill." Ka la sah ha ka jingkyrmaw jong ki briew ha kato ka por ba u Rai Bahadur Promode Chandra Dutta, Minister in-charge, Excise, ryngkat bad ki 15 (khadsan) ngut kiwei pat ki dkhoh jong

ka Legislative Council ki ia pyrshah ia ka Assam Opium Smoking Bill ba la wan rah da u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy, bad ha ka 'Election' kaba lai kaba long ha u bnai November jong katei kajuh ka snem 1926 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew hynriew), u Rai Bahadur Promode Chandra Datta u la shah pynkhylllem ha South Habiganj Constituency, ha u Rasiklal Nandi Majumdar jong ka Swarajya Party. Hadien katei ka 'Election' la thung Minister ia u Saiyid Muhammad Saadullah bad ia u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy.

U Governor u la lah leh la ka kam. Ia baroh ar tylli ki Assam Opium Smoking Bill ba la pass ha ka snem 1926 ym shym la ai jingmynjur, bad la shu pynmih da ka jingpynshai hapoh ka "Government Communique" kaba 25 (arphew san) tarik October 1926. Ynda la dep ka 'Election' la wan rah noh da kawei pat ka Assam Opium Smoking Bill da u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy, Minister in-charge Excise, na ka liang "Kamon" (na ka liang Sorkar) ha ka 3 (lai) tarik March 1927 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew hynniew). La ia tai nia biang ha ka 19 (khadkhyndai) bad pass ha ka 21 (arphew-wei) tarik July 1927 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew hynniew). Ha ka snem 1928 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew phra) u Saiyid Muhammad Saadullah u la ioh ia ka nam "K.C.S.I." (Knight Commander of the Star of India), bad naduh kata ka por la ju tip ia u kum u Sir Muhammad Saadullah.

Ka Legislative Council kaba lai ka la ia kynduh nyngkong ha ka 22 tarik February 1927. Ki dkhoh jong ka Legislative Council ki long u Syed Mahammad Saadullah, Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy bad kiwei kiwei de. Ki don ruh ki "Nominated Members", bad u Rev. J. C. Evans u long uwei na kita. Dei ha ka snem 1927 kum ba la kdew shakhmat, la thung ia u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy ban long uwei na ki Minister jong u Governor na ka bynta ban pyniaid ia ki subject kiba ki khot ki "Transferred Subjects". Nalor ki Minister, u Governor u thung ruh ia ki Executive (Counsellor ki ban pyniaid ia ki Subject kiba ki khot ki "Reserved Subjects".

Ha ka jingiashong dorbar jong ka Assam Legislative Council ha ka 25 (arphew san) tarik March, 1927 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew hynniew) ka la don ka jingpyni da ki katto-katne ki Member ba u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy um don ia ki "Qualifications" kat kum ba la kdew ha ka Rule 2 jong ka Second Schedule jong ka Assam Electoral Rules. Ban pynbiang ia kaba donkam, ka Government of India ka la pynmih ia ka Notification No.F. 257-27-2 Public, dated the 16th October 1928, bad kat kum katei ka Notification, hadien ka ktien "constituency" bad ha shuwa ka ktien "and" ha ka Rule 2 jong ka Second Schedule jong ka Assam Electoral Rules la pynrung ia kine ki kyntien:—

"or within the additional area within which the Municipal Board of Shillong exercises jurisdiction by virtue of any notification issued under the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902."

Katba dang sah hapoh ka jingsynshar kat kum ka Government of India Act, ba la ia tip paidbah kum ka Government of India Act, 1919, ia ka Khasi & Jaintia Hills District (lait noh ia ki jaka ba hap hapoh Ka "Shillong Normal Area" la ithuh kum ka "Backward Tract" kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka Section 52-A jong katei ka Act (Appendix X-A). Ha ki "Backward Tract" la ai bor ia u Governor ban pyntrei kam lane ban ym pyntrei kam ia ki "Act" jong ka "Legislature". Kum ban shu ai nuksa, dei kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka Section 52-A jong katei ka Government of India Act, ba la ia tip paidbah kum ka Government of India Act, 1919 ba u Governor u la pynmih ia kane ka Notification No. 2897 E, dated the 11th October 1928, kaba iasnoh bad ka Assam Opium Smoking Act, 1927, ba la shon ba ka Assam Gazette, Part II, the 24th October 1928, p. 1551:—

"In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (2) of Section 1 of the Assam Opium Smoking Act, 1927 (Act III of 1927) the Government of Assam are pleased to extend the said Act with effect from the 1st November 1928, to that portion of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills District which has been declared to be the backward tract under Section 52-A of the Government of India Act".

Ki "Voter" na ka Shillong General Urban Constituency ha ka Election 1937 ki long 6144 ngut, Ha kata ka por kiba don hok ban long "Voter" ki dei tang kine:—

1. Municipal Rate Payer (M. R. P.)
2. Income Tax Payer (I. T. P.)
3. Municipal Tax Payer (M. T. P.)
4. Middle English Passed (M. E.)
5. Cantonment Rate Payer (C. R. P.)
6. Army Pensioned Officer (A. P. O.)
7. Army Pensioned Soldier (A. P. S.)
8. Army Discharged Soldier (A. D. S.)

Nangta ka don ruh ka jingpynbeit ba ki kynthei (voter) ki lah ban ai bor ha uno-uno u rangbah uba la palat 21 (arphew wei) snem ka rta ban leit pyn vote na ka bynta jong ki. Ka long ka rukom ba ia ki kyrteng jong kita ki nongpyn-vote ruh la thoh bad pynpaw ha ka Electoral Roll. Ha ka Election, kaba la long ha ka snem 1937, don iwei i kynthei iba kyrteng Ka Tyngkrein (Municipal Rate Payer) iba la ai bor ha u khun, uba kyrteng u Melington (Melington Diengdoh) ban leit pyn-vote na ka bynta jong i. Nangta, i don iwei pat i kynthei iba kyrteng Ka Kuribon Diengdoh, iba mih kyrteng arsien ha ka Electoral Roll; namar ba i don iing ha Police Bazar, kumta na Police Bazar ruh i mih kyrteng (Serial No. 953-Municipal Rate Payer) bad namar ba i don iing ha Mawkhar, kumta na Mawkhar ruh i mih kyrteng (Serial No. 967 Municipal Rate Payer)



### Lynnong 3

Ka 'Election' kaba saw na ka bynta ban jied ia ki Member jong ka Assam Legislative Council ka la long ha u bnai May, 1929. Ha katei ka 'Election' la kyntait ia ka "Nomination Paper" jong u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy, bad la 'declare' ba la jied (elected) ia u Rai Bahadur Jogendra Nath Choudhury. Ka Legislative Council kaba saw ka la ia kynduh nyngkong eh ha ka 7 (hynniew) tarik September 1929, bad ka neh shitaiew, haduh ka 14 (khadsaw) tarik September 1929. Shisngi, shuwa ka 7 (hynniew) tarik, kata ka mut ha ka 6 (hynniew) tarik September 1929, u Governor of Assam u la pynduh noh (set aside) ia ka jingjied ia u Rai Bahadur Jogendra Nath Choudhury, bad ia ka Order la shon ha ka ASSAM GAZETTE, No. 37, dated the 11th September 1929. Kumta la pynlong ia ka 'Bye-Election' ha ka 3 (lai) tarik October 1929. La ia niew ia ki 'vote' ha ka sngi kaba bud (4.10.1929), bad u Returning-Officer, S. N. Maganzie, Deputy Commissioner, Khasi & Jaintia Hills District u la pynbna ba la jied (elected) ia u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy. Kiba la jaleh ha katei ka Bye-Election ki long kine:—

1. Rai Bahadur Jogendra Nath Choudhury,
2. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy,
3. Bah A. Macdonald Kongor.

Na ka liang u Bah A. Macdonald Kongor, u la mudui pyrshah ia Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy ha u Governor of Assam. Ia ka "Petition" la shon bad pynmih paidbah hapoh ka Notification ba la soi da u B. N. Rau, Secretary to the Government of Assam, Legislative Department, bad lah ruh ban shem ha ka kot khubor Khasi-U NONGPYNIM, No. 19, December 1929: pp. 14-17. U Governor of Assam u la thung ia ka "Commission" ban bishar ia kane ka kam, bad ka "Commission" ka kynthup ia kine:—

1. Mr. N. G. A. Edgley, I. C. S., District and Session Judge of Sylhet and Cachar.
2. Mr. Gyanadabhiram Barua, Barrister-at-Law, Principal, Earle Law College, Gauhati.
3. Mr. E. A. Brown, Barrister-at-Law, Professor, Cotton College Gauhati.

U President jong katei ka "Commission" u dei u Mr. Edgley. Ki nongiasaid na ka liang u Bah A. Macdonald Kongor ki long u Mr. T. R. Phookon, Barrister-at-Law; Mr. Rohini Kumar Choudhury Advocate. Mr. G. Bordoloi, Pleader; Mr. Lala Bijoy, Pleader

bad Mr. K. Chakravarty, Pleader. Na ka liang u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy ki long u Mr. Suresh Das Gupta, Pleader bad u Mr. S. G. Nalle, Pleader. Ha kawei ka kot khubor Phareng, kat kum ba ka paw na ka kot khubor Khasi-U NONGPYNIM, No. 20: October 1930, ia ka kam la bishar ha u bnai February, 1930, bad ka don ruh ka jingthoh kumne:—

SHILLONG, FEB. 14: The Election Case of Mr. Macdonald Kongor versus Mr. Nichols-Roy, formerly Minister of Assam Government, is still proceeding. The case creating a great public interest, particularly among the Khasis, and the Galleries in the Council Chamber where the Commissioners are sitting are always full”.

Ia ka rai jong ka “Commission”, kat kum ka kot khubor Khasi-U NONGPYNIM, No. 21: February/March, 1930, page 17, la shon ha ka ASSAM GAZETTE, the 5th February 1930; pp. 399-403, bad ki don kine ki kyntien.

“We recommend that the petition filed by Mr. A. Macdonald Kongor be dismissed; having regard to the incidents which took place at Mawkhair Polling Centre on the 3rd of October 1929 and which have discussed in dealing with Issue No. 7, we think the parties should bear their own costs of the enquiry, except that Mr. Nichols-Roy should be allowed the sum of Rs. 75 as adjournment costs granted him on the 10th February 1930”.

Nangta na ka liang u Rai Bahadur Jogendra Nath Choudhury ruh, u la mudui pyrshah ia u Secretary of State for India, bad kum-juh ruh ia u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy, kat kum ba ka paw na ka Suit No. 522/1930 ha ka COURT OF THE FIRST SADR MUNSIF, SYLHET. Kawei na ki daw ba la ai ka long ba ka Notification No. F. 257-27-2 public, dated the 16th October 1928 kam shong ain (ultra vires); nangta ba ka Electoral Roll ba la ‘revised’ bad shon biang (republished) ha ka 11 (khadwei) tarik July 1929 (Shihajar khyndai spah arphew khyndai) ka long kaba ym long pyntrei kam. Ia kiwei-kiwei ki daw ba la ai la shon, bad lah ban shem ha ka kot khubor Khasi-U NONGPYNIM, No. 22, February 1930, (Appendix XI).

La sngewthuh ba katei ka mokotduma kam shym la lah ban weng lane pynduh noh ia ka jinglong jong U Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy kum u Member jong ka Assam Legislative Council. Hadien ka ‘Election’ kaba saw kaba la long ha u bnai May jong ka snem 1929 (shihajar khyndai spah arphew khyndai) la thung Minister ia u Abdul Hamid bad ia u Kanak Lal Barua. Nangta la thung Counsellor ia u Sir Muhammad Saadullah bad ia u Mr. A. W. Botham.

Kum ban shu pynkynmaw hangne, dei ha ka 2 (ar) tarik January 1929 ba ka SIMON COMMISSION ka la poi ha Shillong ha ka por ba u Syiem jong ka Hima Myliem u dei u Kmuin Manik, bad la pynieng khilon ha Motphran kum ka dak ka jingpdiaing sngewbha ia ka SIMON COMMISSION.

Ym shym la pynlong ia ka 'Election' ha ka snem 1932 (shihajar khyndai spah laiphew ar) na ka bynta ban jied ia ki Member jong ka Assam Legislative Council imat ka Sorkar Bilat, ha kata ka por ka pyrkhat ba kan bha ban ap syrdon ia ka "REPORT" jong ka SIMON COMMISSION. Ha ka kot khubor Khasi kaba kyrteng KA JUK (Volume 2: No. 8 & 9: August & September 1934) la iathuh ba ia ka Assam Legislative Council la lah pynjlan, bad la nang pynjlan shuh sa shisnem haduh u bnai September jong ka snem 1935 (shihajar khyndai spah laiphew san).

Ha ka 6 (hynriew) tarik March 1933 (shihajar khyndai spah laiphew lai), ka Assam Legislative Council ka la pdiang ia ka jingtyrwa (motion) ban thung ia ka ENQUIRY COMMITTEE, bad ha ka 7 (hynniew) tarik la thung ia ka ASSAM OPIUM ENQUIRY COMMITTEE kaba kynthup ia kine ki dkhoh harum:—

1. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy (Chairman)
2. Brindaban Chandra Goswami
3. Nilambar Dutta
4. Mahendra Nath Gohain
5. Abdur Rahim Choudhury
6. E. S. Roffey
7. Rohini Kumar Choudhury

Kat kum ka Report jong ka Assam Opium Enquiry Committee, ka kam jong ka Committee ka long (ha ka ktien Phareng) —“for the purpose of reviewing the results of the present opium policy of the Government of Assam and advising as to the future policy to be adopted in the light of the conclusions arrived at by the Enquiry Committee appointed by the League of Nations”.

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#### Lynnong 4

Ki snem ki la nang iaid. Nangta la wan mih sa ka Government of India Act, 1935. Ka Bill ba la tip kum ka Government of India Bill, 1935 ka la kylla ka "Act" hadien ba la pass da ka House of Commons bad da ka House of Lords bad ioh ia ka "Royal Assent" ha ka 4 (saw) tarik August 1935 (shihajar khyn-dai spah laipbew san).

Kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka Section 91 jong ka Government of India Act, 1935 u Patsha Bilat (His Majesty) u la pynmih ia ka Government of India (Excluded and Partially Excluded Areas) Order, 1936 (Appendix XII). Kat kum kane ka Order, ka "Khasi & Jaintia Hills District" (lait noh ita i bynta iba hap hapoh ka jylli trei kam jong ka Shillong Municipality bad Shillong Cantonment) ka la kylla long kawei na ki "Partially Excluded Areas".

Kat kum ki kyndon kiba don ha ka Government of India Act, 1935 ka Assam Province ka don ar tylli ki Dorbar Thaw-Ain ; ka Dorbar Rum kaba ki khot ka Legislative Assembly bad ka Dorbar Neng kaba ki khot ka Legislative Council. Ki "Khasi States" kim shym hap hapoh ka "British India" bad kumta kim shym hap hapoh u pud u sam jong ka Assam Province, namarkata kim ju ia jied nongmihkhmat sha ki Dorbar Thaw-at jong ka Assam Province. Niuma, don i bynta jong ka 'Mylliem State' iba hap ban ia don bynta ha kaba ia jied nongmihkhmat sha ka Assam Legislative Assembly na ka SHILLONG CONSTITUENCY. Kane ka long kat kum ba la batai ha ka Paragraph 9-A jong ka Sixth Schedule jong ka Government of India Act, 1935.

Ha kaba mynnyngkong, ha ka "Part IX - Assam" jong ka Sixth Schedule jong ka Government of India Act, 1935, ym shym paw ei-ei ba ka "Shillong Mylliem State Portion" kan shah kynthup na ka bynta ban ia jied nongmihkhmat (M.L.A.) sha ka Legislative Assembly jong ka Assam Province. Hynrei hadien, la pynrung ia kane ka Paragraph thymmai (paragraph 9 A) ha katei ka Sixth Schedule kumne:-

#### Special Provision as to Shillong

9 A. In the case of any territorial constituency comprising part of Shillong, any reference in this part of this Schedule to "the Constituency" shall be construed as including a reference to so much of the areas under the jurisdiction of the Shillong

Municipal Board and the Shillong Cantonment Authority as is not part of British India, and any reference to municipal or cantonment rates or taxes shall be construed as including a reference to any such rates or taxes assessed by or paid to the Board or that Authority in the exercise of any jurisdiction exercised by them in relation to areas outside British India".

Ia katei ka Paragraph 9-A la pynrung ha ka Sixth Schedule jong ka Government of India Act, 1935 kat kum ka Government of India (Provincial Legislative Assemblies) Order, 1936 (Appendix XIII), ba la pynmih da u Patsha (His Majesty in Council), kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka Section 291 (pule lang bad ka Fifth Schedule bad Sixth Schedule) jong ka Government of India Act, 1935.

Haba ia kren shaphang la Government of India Act, 1935 bad shaphang Ka INDIA (PROVINCIAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLIES) ORDER, 1936 (Appendix XIII) ym lah khlem da ia kren khyndiat shaphang ki SCHEDULED DISTRICTS ACT, 1874 (Appendix IV). Naduh ka snem 1937, kat kum ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (ADAPTATION OF INDIAN LAWS) ORDER 1937 (Appendix XIV), katei ka SCHEDULED DISTRICTS ACT, 1847 kam trei kam shuh (ceases to have effect), tangba kita ki jingbymtrei kam ki long kat kum ki kyndon ba la thoh ha ka FIRST SCHEDULE (Central Acts) jong katei ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (ADAPTATION OF INDIAN LAWS ORDER, 1937 (Appendix XIV).

Ha ka Nineth Schedule jong ka Government of India (Provincial Legislative Assemblies) Order, 1936 (Appendix XIII) la pyni ia ki kyrteng jong ki Constituencies" jong ka Assam Province. Ha "Khasi and Jaintia Hills District" don lai tylli ki Constituency, bad kita ki long kumne :—

1. **Shillong Constituency**, kaba kynthup ia ki "British Areas" jong ka Shillong Subdivision ha kata ka por. Kane ka Shillong Constituency ka kynthup ruh ia ka "Shillong Myllem State Portion" kumba la kdew shakhmat.

2. **Jowai Constituency**, kaba kynthup ia ka Jowai Subdivision ha kata ka por. Ha kata ka por, ka Block I bad Block II ia kiba la pynhap mynta sha "Mikir Hills" ki dei ki bynta jong ka Jowai Subdivision.

3. **Women's (Shillong) Constituency**. Kiba don hok ban long Candidate na kane ka Constituency ki dei tang ki kynthoi, bad ki voter ruh ki dei tang ki kynthoi.

Ym shym la pynlong shuh ia ka 'Election' kaba 5 (san). namar ba ka British Parliament ka la pass da kawei pat ka Act, ia kaba la tip kum ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1935. Kat kum katei ka Government of India Act, 1935 ka ASSAM ka don ar tylli ki IING-DORBAR (Legislative Council bad Legislative Assembly). La bate ia ka rukom phah nongmihkhmat sha ka Legislative Assembly kumne harum:—

<b>Territorial Constituencies</b>	<b>No. of seats</b>
1. Non-Muhammedan General (including seven reserved seats for Scheduled Castes)	47
2. Muhammedan	34
3. Women	1
4. Indian Christian	1
5. European	1
<b>6. SPECIAL CONSTITUENCIES</b>	
1. (a). Backward Plains Tribes	4
(b). Backward Hills Areas	5
2. (a). European Planters	7
(b). Indian Planters	2
3. (a). Commerce and Industry (European)	1
(b). Commerce and Industry (Indian)	1
4. Tea Garden Labour	4
<b>Total : 108</b>	

Nalor ba ka Shillong Constituency ka hap ban phah uwei u nongmihkhmat sha ka Assam Legislative Assembly, la jied ruh ia ka Shillong ban long ka "WOMEN CONSTITUENCY". Nangta la jied ruh ia ka Jorhat ban long ka INDIAN CHRISTIAN CONSTITUENCY.

Ka General Election hapoh ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1935 ka la long tang ar sien; ha ka snem 1937 ba ha ka snem 1946. Lait noh tang ita i bynta ha Shillong jong ka Myllem State ("Shillong Myllem State Portion") iba la shah klum hapoh ka SHILLONG CONSTITUENCY, ki "Khasi States" kim hap phah nongmihkhmat sha ka Assam Legislative Assembly.

1937

Napdeng kiba la shah jied ha ka snem 1937 bad ha ka snem 1946 ki long kumne :—

1. Shillong Constituency : Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy
  2. Jowai Constituency : Rev. L. Gathphoh
  3. Shillong (Women) Constituency : Miss Mavis Dunn Lyngdoh
- 1946
1. Shillong Constituency : Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy
  2. Jowai Constituency : Mr. Larsingh Khyriem
  3. Shillong (Women) Constituency : Mrs. Bonily Khongmen.

Ka Legislative Assembly kabi nyngkong (kat kum ka Government of India Act, 1935) ka la ia kynduh nyngkong ha ka 7 tarik April 1937 ha Legislative Assembly Chamber, Shillong ha ka por 11 A. M. (Khadwsi baje myastep). La pyniaid ia ka dorbar da u Mr. F. W. Hochenhull M. L. A. ia uba la thung da u Governor, kat kum ka sub-section (3) jong ka Section 65 jong ka Government of India Act, 1935, ban nang pyniaid shipor tad haduh ban da thung ia u Speaker jong ka Legislative Assembly.

La don ar ngut kiba ialeh ia ka kam Speaker, bad la jop u Srijut Basanta Kumar Das. U Khan Maulavi Karamat Ali uwei na ki nongialeh u ioh 51 vote bad u Srijut Basanta Kumar Das u ioh 56 vote.

U Premier (kim khot "Chief Minister" kum ba khot myita) uba nyngkong eh jong ka Assam, kat kum ka Government of India Act, 1935 u dai u Sir Muhammad Saadullah. Ka "COALITION MINISTRY", hapoh ka jinglong Premier jong u Sir Muhammad Saadullah, ka la shimi ia ka kam ha ka 1 (shi) tarik April 1937 (shihajar khyidi spih laiphaw hyawiew). Kam ka "First Coalition Ministry" ka kyuthup, nalog u Premier, sa 4 (saw) ngut kiwei pat ki Minister bad kita ki long:—

1. Muhammad Wahed, United Muslim Party
2. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy, Progressive Party
3. Rohini Kumar Choudhury, United People's Party
4. Ali Hyder Khan, United Muslim Party.

Katei ka "First Coalition Ministry" ka la nsa tang shipor, bad ha ka 5 (san) tarik February 1933 (shihajar khyidi spih laiphaw phra) la pynlong da kumwot pat ka "Coalition Ministry"

Second Coalition Ministry) kaba kynthup ia kine, nalog u Sir Muhammad Saadullah kum u Premier:—

1. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy, Progressive Nationalist Party.
2. Rohini Kumar Choudhury, United People's Party.
3. Munawwar Ali, Muslim League.
4. Abdul Matin Choudhury, Muslim League.
5. Akshay Kumar Das, Constitutionalists Party.

La wan rab ia "No-Confidence Motion" pyrshah ia katei ka Ministry, bad la pynbeit ba ka jingiatania kan long ha ka 13 (khadlai) tarik September 1938 (shihajar khyndai spah laiphew phra). Hynrei shuwa ban ioh ia tai nia, u Sir Muhammad Saadullah u la lah risain noh. Ha ka 20 (arphew) tarik la pynlong ia ka "Congress Coalition Ministry". Nalog u Gopinath Bardoloi, kum u Premier, ka Ministry ka kynthup de ia kine harum:—

1. Akshay Kumar Das, Constitutionalists Party
2. Ramnath Das, Independent
3. Kamini Kumar Sen, Independent
4. Rupnath Brahma, Independent
5. Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed, Congress
6. Mahmud Ali, Independent
7. Ali Hyder Khan, Independent.

Ka Thma Bah Kaba Ar ka la khie ha ka snem 1939 (shihajar khyndai spah laiphew khyndai) bad bun ki jingjia ki la jia.

Hajan ba kut ka snem 1939 (shihajar khyndai spah laiphew khyndai), ka Ministry u Gopinath Bardoloi ka la risain. Kumta la wan biang ka Ministry u Sir Muhammad Saadullah kaba kynthup iuh ia u Rohini Kumar Choudhury, Rupnath Brahma, Kong Mavis Dunn Lyngdoh bad kiwei-kiwei.

Hajan ba kut ka snem 1941 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew wei), ka Ministry u Sir Muhammad Saadullah ka la risain, bad ha ka 25 (arphew san) tarik December 1941, u Governor u la shimti hi ha lade ia ka jingsyrshar haduli ka 25 (arphew san) tarik August 1942 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew ar). Nangta la wan biang ka Ministry u Sir Muhammad Saadullah. Nalog u Sir Muhammad Saadullah kum u Premier, ka Ministry ka kynthup ia kine:—

1. Munawar Ali
2. Munabbir Hussain Choudhury
3. Sayidur Rahman
4. Abdul Matin Choudhury
5. Hirendra Chandra Chakravarty
6. Mahendra Nath Saikia
7. Rupnath Brahma
8. Naba Kumar Dutta
9. Miss Mavis Dunn Lyngdoh.



Ha ka snem 1943 u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u la mih na Assam. Ha ka 23 ( arphew lai ) tarik March 1945, u Sir Muhammad Saadullah u la risain, na ka bynta ban pynlong ia ka Ministry kaba thymmai, bad u te u sah hi kum u Premier. Nalor jong u Sir Muhammad Saadullah, kum u Premier, ka Ministry ka kynthup ia kine :—

1. Baidyanath Mukherji
2. Munawar Ali
3. Rohini Kumar Choudhury
4. Mudabbir Hussain Choudhury
5. Surendra Nath Buragohain
6. Sayidur Rahman
7. Akshay Kumar Das
8. Abdul Matin Choudhury
9. Rupnath Brahma.

Ha ka 1 (shi) tarik October 1945 la pynkut noh (dissolved) ia ka Legislative Assembly, hynrei u Sir Muhammad Saadullah bad ka Ministry jong u ki nang ia pyniaid shi por (haduh ka 11 tarik February 1946). tad haduh ba wan da kawei pat ka Ministry, hadien ka General Election kaba la long ha u bnai January jong ka snem 1946.

Hajan ba kut ka snem 1945 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew san), u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u la wan phai sha Assam. Ha ka General Election kaba la long ha u bnai January jong ka snem 1946 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew, hynriew) la jied ia kine harum na kine ki Constituency :—

1. Shillong Constituency : Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy
  2. Jowai Constituency : Mr. Larsingh Khyriem
  3. Shillong Women's Constituency  
: Mrs. Bonily Khongmen.
-

## Lynnong 5

Ka Legislative Assembly kaba ar (kat kum ka Government of India Act, 1935) ka la ia kynduh nyngkong ha ka 12 tarik March 1946 ha ka por 11 A.M. (Khadwei baje mynstep). La pyniaid ia ka dorbar da u Mr. A Whittaker M.L.A. ia uba la thung da u Governor ban nang pyniaid shipor tad haduh ban da jied ia u Speaker jong ka Legislative Assembly. Ka Legislative Assembly ka la jied ia u Shri Debeswar Sarma bin long u Speaker bad I Mrs. Bonily Khongmen ban long ka Deputy Speaker.

Shuwa ba ka Legislative Assembly kan ia kynduh, la lah pynlong ia ka Ministry kaba thymmai ha ka 11 (khadwei) tarik February 1946 hapoh ka jinglong Premier jong u Gopinath Bardoloi. Nalor u Gopinath Bardoloi, kum u Premier, ka Ministry ka kynthup ia kine :—

1. Bishnuram Medhi
2. Basanta Kumar Das
3. Adbul Matlib Majumdar
4. Baidyanath Mukherji
5. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy
6. Ramnath Das
7. Bhimbar Deuri
8. Adbul Rashid

Katei ka jingpynbeit ka neh haduh ka 14 (khadsaw) tarik August 1947, bad naduh ka 15 (khatsan) tarik August 1947 (Independence Day) ka la don katto katne ka jingpynkylla. Naduh ka 15 (khadsan) tarik August 1947 (Independence Day) ka Legislature jong ka ASSAM STATE ka kynthup sa tang kawei ka iing Dorbar kaba ki khot ka Legislative Assembly bad ym don Legislative Council shuh namar ia ka Section 60 (hynriew phew) jong ka GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1935 la pynkylla noh (modified) kat kum ba paw na ka INDIA (PROVISIONAL CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1947. ba la pynmih hapoh ka Government of India Notification No. G. G. O. 14, dated the 14th August 1947 bad ba la shon ruh ha ka Assam Gazette, Part II, the 3rd September 1947 : pp.618 - 642.

Ha ka 16 (kha'dhyariew) tarik July 1946, ka Assam Legislative Assembly ka la lah jied ia kine ban long ki nongmihkhat jong ka Assam Province sha ka Constituent Assembly of India :-

#### GENERAL :

1. Shri Gopinath Bardoloi.
2. Shri Rohini Kumar Choudhury.
3. Shri Basanta Kumar Das.
4. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy
5. Shri Omeo Kumar Das
6. Shri Dharanidhar Basumatari
7. Shri Akshya Kumar Das.

#### MUSLIM :

1. Mahammad Saadulla
2. Adbul Hamid
3. Adbul Matin Choudhury.

Baroh lai agut ki member (Muslim) na Assam ki dei ki dkhot jong ka Muslim League. Kham mynshuwa ka Muslim League ka la rai ban ptiang ia ka 'plan' kat kum ba la pruid dak ha ka Cabinet Mission's Statement of May 16, 1949. Hynrei ha ka 29 (arphew khyndai) tarik July 1946 ka Muslim League ka la rai ban kynran noh na ka rai kaba mynshuwa, bad ban iakhun noh ban ioh ia ka Hima Pakistan ba kyrpanz. Ka Muslim League ka la pynlong ia ka DIRECT ACTION ha ka 16 (kha'dhyariew) tarik August 1946. Ha ka 3 (lai) tarik June 1947 la pynmih ia ka His Majesty's Government Statement bad kat kum kane ka Statement ia ka India la dei ban phiah.

Kat kum ki kyndon kiba don katei ka His Majesty's Government Statement of June 3, 1947 la pyabait ba kan don ka REFERENDUM ha Sylhet District. La pyalong ia ka REFERENDUM ha ki tarik 6 bad 7 jong u bna: July jong ka snem 1947, bad ia ka Result la pynbna ha ka 14 (kha'd-saw) tarik July. Kat kum ka Result, 2,39,619 (ar la'e, lai phew khyndai hajar hynriew spah khadkhyndai) ki mon ba ka Sylhet kan iasoh bad ka Pakistan, bad 1,84,041 (shi lak, phra phew saw hajar bad sawphewwei) ki mon ban sah ha India. (Ref. Political History of Assam, Vol. III p. 391). Dei ha katei kajuha ka s'gi, 14 (kha'd-saw) tarik July 1947 ba u Sayid Mahammad Saadulla u 'attend' nyagkong ia ka Constituent Assembly.

Namar ba la dkhat noh ia ka Sylhet na Assam, te kumta ia ki nongmihkhat jong ka Assam ha Constituent Assembly la dei

ban jied biang, bad la dei ban jied noh sa tang 8 (phra) ngut. Ki member ia kiba la jied ha ka 12 tarik August 1947 ki long kine:—

#### GENERAL:

1. Shri Gopinath Bardoloi
2. Shri Rohini Kumar Choudhury
3. Shri Dharani Dhar Basumatari
4. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy
5. Shri Omeo Kumar Das
6. Shri Nibaran Chandra Laskar.

#### MUSLIM:

1. Sayid Mahammad Saadulla
2. Abdul Rouf.

Kham katto-katne bnai hadien, la mih bujli da u Shri Kaludhar Chaliha ha ka jaka u Shri Omeo Kumar Das Kat kum ba ka paw na ki 'proceedings' jong ka Constituent Assembly, u Shri Omeo Kumar Das u la kren ha Constituent Assembly ha ka 21 (arphew wei) tarik August 1947 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew hynniew) bad kumjuh ruh ha ki sngi kiba kham mynshuwa (Ref. Constituent Assembly Debates, Official Report, Volume V, pp.94-95). U Shri Kaludhar Chaliha ruh u la kren ha Constituent Assembly ha ka 28 (arphew phra) tarik November 1948 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew phra) bad kumjuh ruh ha ki sngi kiba kham hadien. (Ref. Constituent Assembly Debates, Official Report Volume VII, page 1076).

U nongmihkhmat jong ka Tripura, Manipur bad Khasi States u dei u Mr. G. S. Guha, bad u la 'attend' nyangkong eh ia ka Constituent Assembly ha ka 14 (khadsaw) tarik July 1947 (Ref. C. A. Debates, Vol. IV, p. 539).

U Shri Gopinath Bardoloi, Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy bad Shri Nibaran Chandra Laskar kim shym la lah ban ia don ha ka jingialang jong ka Constituent Assembly ha ka shiteng synnia jong ka 14-15 tarik August 1947, na ka bynta ki daw kiba ym lah ban kiar; bad ki la wan mih ha ka 20 (arphew) tarik August 1947 (Ref. C. A. Debates, Vol. VI, p.25). Kat kum ka INDIAN INDEPENDENCE ACT, 1947, ka Constituent Assembly jong ka India ka la kylla long ruh ka CENTRAL LEGISLATURE jong ka India naduh ka SHITENG SYNANIA jong ka 14 bad 15 tarik August 1947, tad haduh ban da pynbeit da kumwei pat. Ha ka jingiakyn-duh jong ka Constituent Assembly ha katei ka SHITENG SYNANIA, u President jong ka Constituent Assembly (Dr. Rajendra Prasad) u la buh ia kane ka jingtyrwa; bad la pdiang bad mynjur da

ka Constituent Assembly. Ka jingtyrwa ha ka ktien phareng ka long kumne—

“I propose that it should be intimated to the Vice-Roy that:—

- (1) The Constituent Assembly of India has assumed power for the governance of India, and
- (2) The Constituent Assembly of India has endorsed the recommendation that Lord Mountbatten be Governor-General of India from the 15th August 1947, and that this message be conveyed forthwith to Lord Mountbatten by the President and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru”.

U Dr. Rajendra Prasad bad u Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, tang mar ia wai katei ka jingialang SHITENG SYNNIA jong ka Constituent Assembly, ki la leit ia kynduh ia u Lord Mountbatten ban iathuh ia u ia kaei kaba ka Constituent Assembly ka la iakut. U Lord Mountbatten u la wiat samrkhie bad u la jubab ia ki— “I am proud of the honour, and I will do my best to carry out your advice in a constitutional manner”. Hadien kata, u Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru kum u Prime-Minister jong ka India u la a<sup>a</sup> ia ka ‘envelope’ kaba kynthup ia ka kot kaba iadei shaphang ki kam jong ki ‘Minister’ thymmai, bad u la ong ha u Lord Mountbatten— “May I submit to you the portfolios of the new Cabinet?”. Ha ka jingshisha u Lord Mountbatten u la lah tip ia ki kyrteng jong ki ‘Minister’, hynrei ka long ka jingpyndep ia ka rukom ba dei ban leh. Hynrei kaba phylla ka long, ba imat ha ka jingbakla l ne jingkyrkieh, ym don ei-ei hapoh kata ka ‘envelope’. Ia kane<sup>a</sup> la iathuh da u Alan Campbell-Johnson, Press Attache jong u Lord Mountbatten, kat kum ba ka paw na ka kot jong u— MISSION WITH MOUNTBATTEN: page 133.

Ha ka 4 tarik July 1947, ha ka jingiakynduh jong u Lord Listowel, Secretary of State for India bad ki nongthoh kot khubor, ha India Office, London, haba u kren shaphang ka Indian Independence Bill, 1947 u ong — “This is a Bill unique in the History of Legislation in this country. Never before has such a large portion of the world population achieved complete independence through legislation alone”. Ha ka por ba iatai nia halor katei ka Bill, u Lord Winterton u kren iaroh shibun ia u Lord Mountbatten bad u ong— “No man since Wellington has been given such twin gifts of leadership in the military and constitutional fields”. Ha House of Lords u Lord Sauruel haba kren shaphang ka Indian Independence Bill, 1947 u ong— “This Bill is a moral to all future generations, it is a Treaty of Peace without war.”

## NA U LORD WAVELL SHA U LORD MOUNTBATTEN

—L. Gilbert Shullai

Marwei shimet, hapoh la ka m/ynsiem, ym lah tip ym lah ong kumao u Nehru u sngew shaphang ka Cabinet Mission Plan ba la pynmih paidbah ha ka dur jong ka Statement ha ka 16 tarik May 1946, ia kaba la ia tip paidbah kum ka CABINET MISSION STATEMENT.

Kat kum katei ka CABINET MISSION STATEMENT ia ka INDIA yn ym phiah, hynrei ka paw ba ia ki kyrdan synshar khadar lah ban bynta ha ki lai kyrdan :—

1. Ka kyrdan kaba nyingkong, dei ka kyrdan UNION OF INDIA kaba yn don bor halor kine ki subject :—

- (a) Foreign Affairs,
- (b) Defence, bad
- (c) Communications.

2. Ka kyrdan kaba ar, dei ki kyrdan PROVINCES kiba yn don dor halor ki subject baroh, lait noh kito ki subject kiba ka UNION OF INDIA ka don bor.

3. Ka kyrdan kaba lai, dei ki kyrdan SECTION kiba yn don bor halor ki “Provincial Subjects” kat kum ka jingiapyneit lang jong ki PROVINCES ba la ia lum lang (Group) ha la ki jong ki SECTION. Yn don lai tylli ki SECTION, bad ki PROVINCES ba la kdew hapoh kita ki SECTION kin ioh ban phah nongmihkhmat sha ka CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF INDIA kumne harum :—

### SECTION A

Province	General	Muslim	Sikh	Total
1. Madras	45	4	—	49
2. Bombay	19	2	—	21
3. U. P.	47	8	—	55
4. Bihar	31	5	—	36
5. C. P.	16	1	—	17
6. Orissa	9	0	—	9

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**SECTION B**

Province	General	Muslim	Sikh	Total
1. Punjab	8	16	4	28
2. N.W.F.P.	—	3	—	3
3. Sind	1	3	—	4

**SECTION C**

1. Bengal	27	33	—	60
2. Assam	7	3	—	10
Total	210	78	4	292

Ki lai tylli ki Chief Commissioner's Provinces ba la kynthup hapoh ka Section A, bad kumjuh ruh ka British Baluchistan ba la kynthup ha ka Section B kin ia ioh ruh ban phah mar mar uwei u nongmihkhmat sha ka Constituent Assembly of India :—

**SECTION A**

- |                  |  |   |
|------------------|--|---|
| 1. Delhi         | : U nongmihkhmat un long ujuh u briew uba la long lypa u Member jong ka Central Legislative Assembly.  | 1 |
| 2. Ajmer-Merwara | : U nongmihkhmat un long u juh u briew uba la long lypa u Member jong ka Central Legislative Assembly. | 1 |
| 3. Coorg         | : U nongmihkhmat un long u briew ia uba yn jied da ka Coorg Legislative Council.                       | 1 |

**SECTION B**

British Baluchistan	1
Total	4

Ka paw ha ka paragraph 15 (khadsan) jong katei ka CABINET MISSION STATEMENT ba ki "Indian States kiba iasoh bad ka UNION OF INDIA kin bat hi ha lade ia kita ki bor kiba kim shym la ai (ceded) sha ka UNION OF INDIA. Ha ka jingiadei ka Hima Bilat (British Crown) ha kawei ka liang bad ki "Indian States" ha kawei pat ka liang la lah pynmih ka jingthoh kaba kyrpang ia

kaba la tip kum ka MEMORANDUM ON STATES' TREATIES AND PARAMOUNTCY ba la ai da ka Cabinet Mission ha u Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes ha ka 12 (khad-ar) tarik May 1946. Ha ka paragraph 5 (san) jong katei ka MEMORANDUM la thoh kumne :—

“When a new fully self-governing or independent Government or Governments come into being in British India, His Majesty's Government influence with these Governments will not be such as to enable them to carry out the obligations of paramountcy. Moreover, they cannot contemplate that British troops would be retained in India for this purpose. Thus, as a logical sequence and in view of the desires expressed to them on behalf of the Indian States, His Majesty's Government will cease to exercise the powers of paramountcy. This means that the rights of the States which flow from their relationship to the Crown will no longer exist and that all the rights surrendered by the States to the paramount power will return to the States. Political arrangements between the States on the one side and the British Crown and British India on the other will thus be brought to an end. The void will have to be filled either by the States entering into a federal relationship with the successor Government or British India, or failing this, entering into particular political arrangements with it or them”.

Ka Cabinet Mission ka la pynmih paidbah ia katei ka MEMORANDUM ha ka 22 tarik May 1946, bad pynmih ruh dé ia kane ka jingpyashai :—

“The Cabinet Delegation desire to make it clear that the document issued today entitled ‘MEMORANDUM ON STATES’ TREATIES AND PARAMOUNTCY PRESENTED BY THE CABINET DELEGATION TO HIS HIGHNESS THE CHANCELLOR OF PRINCES’ was drawn up before the Mission began its discussion with party leaders and represented the substance of what they communicated to the representatives of the States at their first interviews with the Mission. This is the explanation of the use of the words ‘Succession Government or Governments of British India’ an expression which would not of course have been used after the issue of the Delegation's recent statement”.

Halor kitei kiei kiei ba la kdew haneng, la thoh ruh ha ka CABINET MISSION STATEMENT' ba ki “Indian States” ki lah ban phah yn ym palat 93 (khyndai phew lai) ngut ki nongmihkhmat sha ka CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF INDIA.

Ka CABINET MISSION PLAN kam shym la pynhun satia ia u Gopinath Bardaloi, bad ha ka jingthoh jong u kaba paw haka ka kot DISCOVERY OF ASSAM (1964 Publication) pp. 75-76 u thoh kumne:—



The Cabinet Mission came and gave us Grouping of the provinces as their Award, and Assam was to join Group C. I heard the announcement as it was communicated through the radio on the night of 16th May while I was on my way to attend a conference at Delhi. I got extremely worried and could not sleep the night, visualizing the likely evils of the arrangement..... In this state of mind I went to Gandhiji and lay before him the working of my mind..... Gandhiji queried, "Was I not the Prime Minister of a Province, and is it in that way that I would discharge the responsibility of my high office? There was nothing to be impatient or to lose one's balance", He repeated that I was the Prime Minister of a Province and that nobody could force anything on my Province against my wishes..... I came out of his camp in the Harijan Colony in New Delhi not only relieved of much of my anxiety, but braver man also'.

Ha ka 25 tarik May 1946, ka Cabinet Mission ryingkat bad u Viceroy ki la pynmih ka Statement kaba ki pynpaw ba ki la 'Consider' ia ka Statement kaba 22 tarik May 1946 jong u President ka Muslim League, bad ia ka Resolution kaba 24 tarik May 1946 jong ka Congress Working Committee. (Ref : V. P. Menon's book — The Transfer of Power in India, 1968 Publication, pp.273-275).

Ha ka 6 tarik June 1946 ka Council jong ka All India Muslim League ka la pdiang ia ka CABINET MISSION PLAN ryingkat bad kiba bun ki 'tangba' (a host of reservations). Nangta ha ka 6 tarik July 1946 ka All India Congress Committee ruh ka la pdiang ia ka CABINET MISSION PLAN. Ha katei ka jingialang (session) jong ka All India Congress Committee, u Nehru u la shimti ia ka kam President jong ka Congress na u Azad.

Ha ka Press Conference, ha ka 10 tarik May 1946, kat kum ba ka paw na ka kot u V. P. Menon, The Transfer of Power in India : 1968 Publication, p.284, haba u jubab ia ka bynta kaba dei ia ka jinglum-lang (Grouping) ia ki PROVINCES ha ki SECTIONS, u Nehru u ong : -

"The big probability is, from any approach to the questions, there will be no grouping. Obviously section A will decide against grouping (speaking in betting language). There is a four to one chance of the North-West Frontier Province deciding against grouping. Then group B collapses. It is highly likely that Bengal and Assam will decide against grouping, although I should not like to say what the initial decision may be since it is evenly balanced. But I can say with every assurance and conviction that there is going to be finally no grouping there, because Assam will not

tolerate it under any circumstances whatever. Thus you see this grouping business, approached from any point of view, does not get us on at all".

Katei ka jingkren jong u Nehru ka la ktah shibun ia ka Muslim League. Ha kaba ia dei bad kane ka bynta, ha 18 tarik May 1946 u Lord Pethick-Lawrence, u la kren ha House of Lords, bad u Sir Stafford Cripps u la kren ha House of Commons. Ka Council jong ka All India Muslim League kaba la ia kynduh ha Bombay ha ka 27 tarik July 1946 ka la rai ban ym iadon bynta ha ka CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF INDIA, ban kyn-tait noh (revoke) ia ka jingpdiang ia ka CABINET MISSION PLAN, bad ban pynlong ia ka DIRECT ACTION na ka bynta ban ia ioh la ka jong ka hima PAKISTAN. Ia DIRECT ACTION la pynlong ha ka 16 (khadyhnyew) tarik August 1946. Ha ka step jong ka sngi DIRECT ACTION u Nehru u la ia kynduh ia u Jinnah ha Malabar Hill, Bombay, bad ka jingiakren ka la neh kumba 80 (phra phew) minit ei ei. Kata ka jingiekrynduh kam shym la pyn kut noh ia ka jingdawa PAKISTAN jong ka Muslim League. Ki por ki iaid bad ki jingkylla ki wan. U Lord Wavell, kum u Vice-Roy u la pyrshang ban trei la ka kam. Ha ka por ka jinglong Vice-Roy jong u, la lah ban pynlong ia ka INTERIM GOVERNMENT.

Ha ka 24 tarik August 1946 la pyrmih ka jingpynbna paidbah (Press Communique) ba u "Kirg" (His Majesty) u la pdiang ia ka jingiehnoh kim (resignation) jong ki dkhoh ka "GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S EXECUTIVE COUNCIL" tad ha la jaka jong ki la thung da kine harum:—

1. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.
2. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
3. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
4. M. Asaf Ali
5. C. Rajagopalachari
6. Sarat Chandra Bose
7. Dr. John Matthai
8. Sardar Baldev Singh
9. Sir Shafaat Ahmad Khan
10. Jagjivan Ram
11. Syed Ali Zaheer
12. C. H. Bhabah.

Ia ka jingpynbna ba la pynlong ia ka Sorkar shi por (Interim Government) ryngkat bad kitei ki dkhoh thymmai la pynbna ruh da u Vice-Roy lyngba ka jingkren jong u na All India Radio. Ka "Interim Government" ka la sdang trei naduh ka 2 tarik September 1946. Ha ka 15 tarik October 1946, ka Muslim League

ka la 'join' ia ka Interim Government. Lai ngut ki dkhoh ba la thung ha ka 2 tarik September ki la kynriah noh (resign) ban ai jaka ia kiba wan thymmai, bad kita ki lai ngut ki long, u Sarat Chandra Bose, Sir Shafaat Ahmad Khan bad Syed Ali Zaheer. Ki san ngut kiba rung thymmai da ka jingai jingmut jong ka Muslim League ki long, u Liqueat Ali Khan, I. I. Chundrigar, Abdur Rab Nishtar, Ghazanfar Ali Khan bad Jogendra Nath Mandal. Ha ka 28 tarik February 1947 u Liqueat Ali Khan (Member, Executive Council in charge Finance) u la wan rah ha ka durbar-rum (Legislative Assembly) ia ka Budget na ka bynta ka snem 1947-48. Bun ki jingjia ki la jia bad ka jingiatylli kam shym la neh. Wat la ka Muslim League ka la ia shim bynta ha ka Interim Government, hynrei kam treh ban ia shim bynta ha ka CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF INDIA, kaba la ia kynduh ha ka 9 tarik December 1946, ia kaba la khot da u Vice-Roy kat kum ka jingkhoh jong u kaba 20 tarik November 1946.

Ia ki Member jong ka Constituent Assembly of India la lah jied naduh u bnai July jong ka snem 1946. Ka jingbym ia shim bynta jong ka Muslim League ka la pyni ia ka dak kaba jher bad ia ki jingjia kiba lah ban jia. Ha ka 13 tarik February 1947, u Nehru u la thoh sha u Vice-Roy, ha kaba u dawa ba ki dkhoh jong ka Muslim League ki dei ban mih noh na ka Interim Government. Haden ar sngi, u Patel u la kren pynshai shuh shuh, ba lada ka Muslim League kam mih na ka Interim Government, te ka Congress kam banse ban mih noh na ka Interim Government.

Ha ka 20 tarik February 1947 u Prime Minister jong ka Hima Bilat u la pynmih ia ka STATEMENT, ha kaba la pynpaw ba ka Sorkar Bilat kan aiti noh ia ka jingsynshar ia ka India ha ki nong-India hi, la kumno-kumno hapoh u bnai June jong ka snem 1948. Ha ka juh ka por ruh la pynbna ba u Lord Mountbatten un shimti ia ka kam Vice-Roy na u Lord Wavell.

Ka Congress Working Committee kaba la ia kynduh ha ka 5 tarik March 1947 ka pynpaw ba ka la pdiang sngewbha ia katai ka STATEMENT. Ha kaju ruh ka por, ka rai ba ia ka Constitution ba yn thaw da ka Constituent Assembly of India yn pyn-trei kam tang ha kita ki bynta (area) kiba mon ban pdiang.

U Lord Mountbatten u la poi ha Delhi ha ka 22 tarik March 1947. Ha ka sngi kaba bud, u Lord Wavell u la mih na Delhi. U Lord Mountbatten u la shimti ia ka kum Vice-Roy ha ka sngi kaba bud, kata ha ka 24 tarik March 1947. Kum ban shu pynkynmaw hangne u Lord Wavell u la shimti ia ka kam Vice-Roy na u Lord Linlithgow ha ka 20 (arpheh) tarik October, 1943 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew lai).

Ia ka "Plan" kaba dei shaphang kaba phiah ia ka INDIA ha ki ar tylli ki Hima (India bad Pakistan) la ia kren ha ka 2 tarik June 1947. Nalor u Lord Mountbatten (Vice Roy), kiba mihkhmat na ka liang ka Congress ki dei u Nehru, u Patel bad u Kripalani na ka liang ka Muslim League ki dei u Jinnah, u Liquat Ali Khan bad u Sardar Rab Nishtar, bad na ka liang ki Sikh u dei u Sardar Baldev Singh. Ha ka 2 tarik June u Lord Mountbatten u la ai ktien ia u Nehru, ia u Jinnah bad kumjuh ruh ia u Baldev Singh ba ki ruh kin ia kren lyngba ka All India Radio hadien ka jingkren jong u (Lord Mountbatten) ha ka sngi kaba bud (kata ha ka 3 tarik June 1947). Ban pyndep ia ka kam bad ia ka rukom ba dei ban pyndep, u Lord Mountbatten bad kitei ki nongmihkhmat ki la ia kynduh biang ha ka 3 tarik June 1947, bad ha katei ka jingiakynduh u Lord Mountbatten u la iathuh hakmat jong ki baroh ba ia ka "Plan" ba yn phiah ia ka India yn pynbna puidbah. Ym don na kitei ki nongmih khmat kiba la ujur ia kata ka jingiathuh. Ia kane ka "Plan" ban phiah ia ka INDIA ha ki artylli ki Hima (India bad Pakistan) la ju tip kum ka June 3rd Plan.

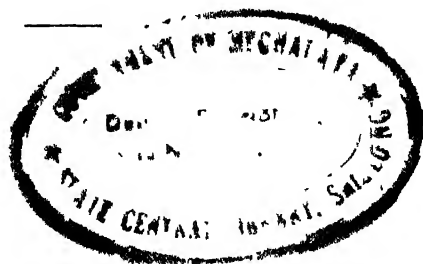
Hadien katei ka jingiakynduh bad ki nongmihkhmat, ka kam kaba sah ka long ka jingkren lyngba ka All India Radio. U Alan Champbell-Johnson, u Press Attache jong u Lord Mountbatten u la ai jingmut ia u Station Director jong ka All India Radio ba un da pan noh shuwa ia ka copy jong ka jingkren jong ki lai ngut ki nongialam (Nehru Jinnah bad Baldev Singh). U Station Director u sngewthuh ba ka don ka jingeh ban shu pan noh ia ka copy jong ki jingkren khlem da don ka daw kaba biang, kumta la shu ai daw ba yn ioh 'translate' ban ioh pynap lypa ban 'broadcast' halien ba la dep kren. U Nehru bad u Baldev ki la sngewbha ban ai hynriew kynta shuwa ka por, hynrei u Jinnah te um shym ia leh kumta. La pynbeit ba u Lord Mountbatten bad u Jinnah kin kren na kawei ka kamra (studio); u Nehru bad u Baldev Singh na kawei pat ka kamra (studio).

Iang mar ia dep kren u Lord Mountbatten na kawei ka kamra (studio) kren noh sa u Nehru na kawei pat ka kamra (studio). U Jinnah u la ai ia ka copy jong ka jingkren jong u ha u Station Director bad u la rung sha ka kamra (studio) na kaba dei ban kren. U Station Director u la ai ia kata ka copy ha u Lord Mountbatten uha don ha kawei pat ka kamra. Mar ia ioh u Lord Mountbatten u la pule, bad hadien ba u la lah pule u la ong ha khmat jong u Station Director ha, ba ia ki ar tylli ki 'sentence' kiba khadduh la dei ban pynkylla khyndat. Kiei kita ki Sentence? Nangta u Lord Mountbatten u la rung sha ka kamra (studio) ba don u Jinnah, bad hadien khyndiat minit u la mih ban pyni na u Station Director ia kita ki khyndiat ki ktier ba la pynbeit ha kitei ki ar tylli ki 'sentence' ba khadduh.

Hynrei ynda haba u Jinnah u la kren, bad haba la snzap, ka jngkren ka long hi kumjuh k'lem da don jingpynkylia ei ei. U Mr. S.N. Chib ha ka 'article' jong u ba la ai kyrteng "Broad-casting Taat Was Andls" kabi mih hi ki AKASHVANI (February) 12-18, 1973, u ong bi yn tip shuh mino ba pyabieit bad mano ba shuh p'abieit. Hi ka kion ph'eng u p'adonkam ia kine ki k'nen. "Until today thirty years later I am wondering who bluffed whom?"

Dsi halor katei ka JUNE 3rd PLAN bi la seng nongrim ia ka 'INDIAN INDEPENDENCE BILL, 1947. Ia kane ka BILL la pass da ka HOUSE OF COMMONS hi ka 15 tarik July 1947, nangta da ka HOUSE OF LORDS hi ka ngi kabi bud (16 tarik July 1947). Ka la kylla long ka INDIAN INDEPENDENCE ACT, 1947 hadien bi la ioh ia ka jingmyajur jong u KING (Royal Assent) ha ka 18 tarik July 1947.

Ha ka 4 tarik July, ha ka jingiakynduh jong u Lord Listowel, Secretary of State for India bad ki nongthoh kot khubor ka INDIA OFFICE, London, haba u kren shaphang ka Indian Independence Bill, 1947 u ong — "This is a Bill unique in the history of legislation in this country. Never before has such a large portion of the world population achieved complete independence through legislation alone". Ha ka por bai tai nia ia katei ka Bill, u Lord Winterton u kren saroh shiban ia u Lord Mountbatten, bad u ong — "No man since Wellington has been given such twin gifts of leadership in the military and constitutional fields". Hi House of Lords, haba kren shaphang ka Indian Independence Bill, 1947 u Lord Samuel u ong — "This Bill is a moral to all future generations, it is a Treaty of Peace without War".



## KA DORBAR PYLLUN KA RI INDIA

—*L. Gilbert Shullai*

Ka Central Legislature jong ka Ri India (ba la khot "Indian Legislature") kat kum ka Section 63 jong ka Government of India Act (ba la ia tip paidbah kum ka Government of India Act, 1919) ka kynthup ia ki artylli ki iing dorbar; ka durbar-rum (Legislative Assembly bad ka durbar-neng (Council of State). Ka jingwan jong ka Government of India Act, 1935 kam shym la kiah lare pynpher ia ka dur ka dar bad rynieng ryniot jong ka "Indian Legislature". Kat kum ka Section 18 jong ka Government of India Act, 1935 ka don ka jingthmu ba ia ka "Indian Legislature" yn khot noh ka "Federal Legislature", bad yn don ruh jingpynpher ia ka dur ka dar bad ka rynieng ryniot jong ka. Hynrei ia katei ka Section 18 ym shym la pyntrei kam (sngewbha ban pule ruh ia ka Section 320). Kumta ka "Indian Legislature" kat kum ka Section 63 jong ka Government of India Act ba la ia tip paidbah kum ka Government of India Act, 1919 ka neh ka sah haduh ban da mih pli syndon da ka "Dominion Legislature" ha ka 15 tarik August 1947.

Na'uh ka 15 tarik August 1947 haduh ban da poi ka sngi Republic (26 tarik January 1950), ka Constituent Assembly of India ka trei kam ruh ha kajuha por kum ka "Dominion Legislature", kat kum ki kyndon ba la kdew ha ka Section 6 bad Section 8 jong ka INDIAN INDEPENDENCE ACT, 1947. Bad na ka bynta ka jingpyniaid ia ka jingsynshar shipor (katba ym pat pass ia ka Constitution of India), ia ka Government of India Act, 1935 bad ia ka India (Central Government and Legislature) Act, 1946 la nang pyntrei kam shipor, tangba tang kat kum ba la pynwandur (amerd) da ka ORDER, ba la pynmih da u Governor-General ha ka 14 (khadsaw) tarik August 1947. Katei ka CRDER ka dei ka INDIA (PROVISIONAL CONSTITUTION) ORDER 1947 ba la pynmih hapoh ka Government of India Notification No. G. G. O. 14, dated New Delhi, the 14th August 1947, bad ba la pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Assam Notification No. HFT. 47/47/4, dated the 29th August 1947 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette (Part II), September 3, 1947, pp. 618-642, bad kata ka la jia ha ka por ba u H. G. Dennehy u long u Chief Secretary jong ka Government of Assam. . .

Hadien ba la pynmih ia katei ka INDIA (PROVISIONAL CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1947, ka Section 18 jong ka Government of India Act, 1935 ka la long noh kumne:

"The powers of the Dominion Legislature under this Act shall, until other provision is made by or in accordance with a law made by the Constituent Assembly under sub-section (1) of Section 8 of the Indian Independence Act, 1947, be exercisable by that Assembly, and accordingly references in this Act to the Dominion Legislature shall be construed as references to the Constituent Assembly".

To ngin ia phai pat mynta sha ka Constituent Assembly of India. Haden ba la pynmih ia ka Statement da ka Cabinet Mission ha ka 16 tarik May 1946, la don ka jingpyawait ha ki "Provinces" Governors' Provinces bad Chief Commissioners' Provinces) shaphang kaba jied ia ki Nongmihkhamat sha ka Constituent Assembly. Haden kata, ka Constituent Assembly ka la ia kynduh nyngkong eh ha ka 9 tarik December 1945. Haba ki d'khot jong ka Constituent Assembly ki la ia kynduh ha Constitution Hall, New Delhi ha ka 9 tarik December 1945 (Monday) ha ka por 11 (khadwei) baje mynstep, u Archarya J. B. Kripalani u la kypad ia u Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha ba un long u Temporary Chairman. Haden kata, la tyrwa bad la mynjour ba u Frank Anthony un long u Deputy Chairman. Ha ka 11 (khadwei) tarik December 1946 la jied bad mynjour ba u Dr. Rajendra Prasad un long u Permanent Chairman jong ka Constituent Assembly. Haden kata, la thung ia ka Committee (Committee for Rules and Procedure) kaba kynthup 15 (khadwan) ngut ki d'khot. Ha ka 23 tarik December 1946 la phang ia ki Rules ba la wan rah da ka Committee bad la mynjour ia ki. Kunta ia u Chairman la khot noh da u President naduh kata hi ka khyllipnat ba la mynjour ia ki Rules.

Ha ka 20 tarik August 1947, ka Constituent Assembly ka la thung ia kawei ka Committee kaba kynthup ia u Mr. G. V. Mavalankar, Mr. Hussain Imam, Sri Purushottamdas Tandon, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Mr. Alladi Krishnaswami Ayyar Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar bad u Mr. B. L. Mitter. Kawei na ki kam ba kongsan tam jong kane ka Committee ka long ban peit ban khmih shaphang ki kam (precise functions) jong ka Constituent Assembly kat kam ba la thoh ha ka Indian Independence Act, 1947. Kane ka Committee ka la wan rah ia ki 'Report' ha khut ka Constituent Assembly ha ka 29 tarik u August 1947, bad hadien ki jingiatania, ka Constituent Assembly ka la 'pass' ia ka Resolution kaba ia dei bad kane ka kam. Ha kawei na ki bynta jong ka Resolution, la rai ba ka Constituent Assembly kan bteng bid pyndep ia la ka kam jong ka kum ka Constitution-making-body, ia kaba ka la siang haduh ka 9 tarik December 1945. Nigta kan trei ruh kum ka 'Dominion Legislature' haduh ban da lah ban pyaleng ia ka 'Parliament' kat kum ki kyndon jong ka Constitution ba yn thaw da ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Constitution-making Body'). Ia u nongpyawait dorban, haba ka Constituent Assembly

ka shong kum ka 'Constitution-making-bcdy' la khot u President, bad ia u nongpyniaid dortar, haba ka shong kum ka 'Dominion Legislature' la khot nch u Speaker. U President jong ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'constitution-making-bcdy') u dei u Dr. Rajendra Prasad, bad u Speaker jong ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Dominion Legislature') u dei u Mr. G. V. Mawalankar.

Haba shu kren lyrgkot, 'ka bor jong ka Constituent Assembly haba ka trei kam kum ka 'Dominion Legislature' ka kham rit ban ia kata ka bor haba ka trei kam kum ka 'Constituent-making-Bcdy'. Nduh ka 15 tarik August 1947, ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Constitution-making-Bcdy') ka la long ka bor kaba ha khlieh tem kat kum ba la thoh ha ka Section 6 (pule lang bad ka Section 8) jong ka Indian Independence Act, 1947. Ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Constitution-making-Bcdy') ka lah ban pynkylla (amend) lane wat ban pynduh (repeal) noh ia ka Government of India Act, 1935. Hynrei katba ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Constitution-making-bcdy') kam pat lah thaw ia ka Constitution of India, ia la jingsynshar la nang shu pyniaid kat kum ka Government of India Act, 1935, ia kaba la pynwandur (modify) da ka order jong u Governor-General. Kumba la kdew shakhmat ia kane ka Order la khot ka India Provisional Constitution Order, 1947, bad la pynmih ia ka kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka Section 9 (pule lang bad ka Section 8 bad section 19) jong ka Indian Independence Act, 1947. Nargta la 'amend' ia katei ka Order da ka India Provisional Constitution and Provincial Legislatures (Amendment) Order, 1947 bad da ka India Provisional Constitution (Second Amendment) order, 1947.

Kumba la kdew shakhmat, katba ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Constitution-making-bcdy') kam pat lah ban thaw ia ka Constitution of India, ia ka jingsynshar la nang shu pyniaid shipor kat kum ka Government of India Act, 1935 ba la pynwandur (modify) da u Governor-General. Nimar ba ka bor ba la pynkup ha u Governor-General ka la kut noh ha ka 31 tarik March 1948 kat kum ba la thoh ha ka sub-section (5) jong ka Section 9 jong ka Indian Independence Act, 1947, kumta ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Constitution-making-bcdy') kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka Section 8 jong ka Indian Independence Act, 1947 ka shimti ban 'amend' ia ki bynta jong ka Government of India Act, 1935 kiba ka sngewdonkam ban 'amend' katba ym pat lah thaw ia ka Constitution of India. Haba ong Government of India Act, 1935 ka mut bad kynthup ruh ia ka India (Central Government and Legislature) Act, 1946 kat kum ba la batai ha ka sub-section (4) jong ka Section 19 jong ka Indian Independence Act, 1947. Kumta lah ban ong ba ka Constituent Assembly (kum



ka 'Constitution-making-body') ka la 'amend' ia ka Government of India Act, 1935 hynriew sien da kaba pass ia kine ki Bill harum:-

1. **The Government of India (Amendment) Bill, 1949.** La pass ha ka 5 tarik January 1947, kane ka 'amend' ia ka Government of India Act, 1935.
2. **The Government of India (Second Amendment) Bill, 1949.** La pass ha ka 18 tarik May 1949. Kane ka 'amend' shuh-shuh ia ka Government of India Act, 1935.
3. **The India (Central Government and Legislature) Amendment Bill, 1949.** La pass ha ka 30 tarik May 1949. Kane ka 'amend' ia ka India (Central Government and Legislature) Act, 1946.
4. **The Government of India (Third Amendment) Bill, 1949.** La pass ia kane ha ka 18 tarik August 1949. Kane ka 'amend' shuh-shuh ia ka Government of India Act, 1935.
5. **The Abolition of Privy Council Jurisdiction Bill, 1949.** La pass ia kane ha ka 17 tarik September 1949. Ki kyndon kiba don ha kane ka Bill ki pynwandur ia ka bor jong ka Privy Council bad jong ka FEDERAL COURT OF INDIA ba la pruid dak ha ka Government of India Act, 1935.
6. **The Government of India (Fourth Amendment) Bill, 1949;** La pass ha ka 25 tarik November 1949. Kane ka 'amend' shuh-shuh ia ka Government of India Act, 1935.

Ia kitei ki Bill ba la pass da ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka Constitution Making Body) ym da donkam ban phah sha u Governor-General na ka bynta ban ioh ia ka jingmynjur (assent) jong u hynrei tang ka jingshisha (authentication) jong u President jong ka Constituent Assembly ka la biang. Ka jingbatai kaba ia dei bad kane ka bynta ka don ha ka Rule 38-A bad Rule 38V jong ka CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY RULES, ba lah ban shem ha ka page 32 (Volume VI) bad page 15-16 (Volume VII) jong ka CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY DEBATES.

Ha ka por ba wan rah ia ka Government of India (Fourth Amendment) Bill, 1949 ha khmat jong ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Constitution-making-body'), ha ka 25 tarik November 1949, la don ka jingpyni jingmut na ka liang jong u Mr. Naziruddin Ahmad. Ia ka jingiatai-nia kaba ia snoh bad katei ka Government of India (Fourth Amendment) Bill, 1949 lah ban shem ha ka CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY DEBATES, Volume 11 (eleven) pp. 923-938.

Ia kiwei pat ki BILL ba la pass da ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Dominion Legislature') kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka Section 6 jong ka Indian Independence Act, 1947 te la phah sha u Governor General na ka bynta ban ioh ia ka jingmynjur (assent) jong u. Kawei

na ki BILL kiba khadduh eh ba la pass da ka Central Legislature (ba la khot "Indian Legislature" kumba la kdew shakhmat) ka dei ka Indian Medical Council (Amendment) Bill, 1947 kaba la kylla "Act" ha ka 18 tarik April 1947 hadien ba la ioh ia ka jingmynjur (assent) jong u Governor-General. Ka jingiakynduh ba khadduh eh jong ka Legislative Assembly (durbar-rum jong ka "Indian Legislature") ka la long ha ka 12 tarik April 1947 ; bad ka jingiakynduh ba khadduh eh jong ka Council of State (durbar-neng jong ka "Indian Legislature" ka la long ha ka 16 tarik April 1947.

Ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Dominion Legislature') ka la ia kynduh nyngkong eh ha ka 17 (khad hynniew) tarik November 1947. Kawei na ki Bill ba nyngkong eh ba ka la pass ka dei ka Indian Patents and Designs (Extension of Time) Amendment Bill, 1947 kaba la kylla "Act" ha ka 15 tarik December 1947 hadien ba la ioh ia ka jingmynjur (assent) jong u Governor-General. Shuwa ba ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Dominion Legislature') kan ia kynduh ha u bnai November, jong ka snem 1947, la pynmih katto-katne tylli ki ORDINANCE, bad kawei na kita ka dei ka EXTRAPROVINCIAL JURISDICTION ORDINANCE, August 24, 1947. Ia kane ka ORDINANCE la pynmih bujli da kaba ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Dominion Legislature') ka pass noh da ka EXTRA-PROVINCIAL JURISDICTION BILL, 1947 kaba la kylla "Act" ha ka 24 tarik December 1947 hadien ba la ioh ia ka jingmynjur jong u Governor-General.

Ha ka jingiakynduh kaba nyngkong jong ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Dominion Legislature') ha ka 17 tarik November 1947 la jied ia u Mr. G. V. Mavalankar kum u Speaker (Ref. Constituent Assembly of India-Legislative-Debates, Vol. 1, 1947, pp. 1-2). Nang'a la pass ruh ia ka BUDGET na ka bynta ki bnai ba la leit bad bnai ban dang wan ba kynthup ia ka der (period) naduh ka 15 tarik August 1947 haduh ka 31 tarik March 1948.

Ha ka 26 tarik November 1949, ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka Constitution-Making-Body) ka la pass ia ka Constitution of India, bad ha ka por ba pass, ka Constitution of India ka kynthup ia ka PREAMBLE, ia ki 395 tylli ki Article bad 8 (phra) tylli ki Schedule. Ha ka Article 395 (tangba dei ban pule lang bad ka Article 372) la thoh kumne :—

"The Indian Independence Act, 1947, and the Government of India Act, 1935, together with all enactments amending or supplementing the later Act, but not including the Abolition of Privy Council Jurisdiction Act, 1949 are hereby repealed".

Kat kum ka Article 394 jong ka Constitution of India, ia ki 16 (khadhyariew) tylli, ki Article (kynthup lang ia ka Article 394) la pyntrei kam naduh ka 26 tarik November 1949, bad kita (nalor ka Article 394) ki long kine harum:—

5,	6,	7,	8,	9,
60,	324,		366,	367,
379,	380,		388,	391,
392,	bad 393.			

Ia kiba sah, kynthup lang ia ka PREAMBLE, la pyntrei kam naduh ka 26 tarik January 1950.

Ka jingiakynduh ba khadluh eh jong ka Constituent Assembly (kum ka 'Constitution-making-Body') ka la long ha ka 24 tarik January 1950 na ka bynta ban soi ia ka Constitution of India. Don lai tylli ki copy kawei ba la thoh da ka kti (hand-written) ha ka ktien English bad kawei ruh ba la thoh da ka ktien (hand-written) ha ka ktien Hindi; kawei pat ba la shu shon (in print) ha ka ktien English. U Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru u la long uba nyangkong bui soi, bai hadien kiwei-kiwei ki Member ki la ia soi. Nangta Ka Shrinani Purnima Benerji ryngkat bad kiwei de ki Member ki la rwai ia ka jingrwai "JANA GANA MANA". Nangta U Pandit Lakshmi Kanta Mitra ryngkat bad kiwei ki Member ki la rwai ia ka jingrwai "BANDE MATARAM". Nangta u President jong ka Constituent Assembly Dr. Rajendra Prasad u la pynwai da kiba ong, "The House will stand adjourned now, sine die".

Naduh ka 26 tarik January 1950 (Republic Day) haduh ban da lah pynlong ia ka Parliament (Lok Sabha bad Rajya Sabha), ka Constituent Assembly ka la nang trei shipo kum ka Parliament (Lok Sabha bad Rajya Sabha) kum ki kyndon ba la thoh ha ka Article 379 (lai spah hynliw phew khyndu) jong ka Constitution of India.

Hadien ka General Election jong ka snem 1952 (shihajar khyndai spah sarphaw ar), ka Parliament jong ka Ri India kaba kynthup ia ka "House of the People" (Lok Sabha) bad ia ka "Council of State" (Rajya Sabha) bui la pynlong kat kum ki kyndon ba la thoh ha ka Part V (Chapter II) jong ka Constitution of India, ka la slang ban trei kan naduh u bnai May jong ka snem 1952 (shihajar khyndai spah sarphaw ar). Ka Lok Sabha kiba nyangkong eh ka kynthup 495 (saw spah khyndai phew san) ngut ki "Elected Member". Kata ka mut, kynthup de ia ki hynriew ngut kiba mir'ant u ka Kas'mir ba la 'nominate' da u President of India kat kum ki bor ba la pynkup ha u da ka Second Schedule jong ka CONSTITUTION (APPLICATION TO JAMMU AND KASHMIR) ORDER, 1950, pule lang bad ka Section 4 jong ka Representation of the People Act, 1950. Ia katei ka ORDER la pynnih kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup da ka

Article 370 (lai spah hynñiew phew) jong ka Constitution of India, bad lah ban shem ha ka WHITE PAPER ON INDIAN STATES: 1950 Publication; Appendix LVI, pp. 378-383.

Nangta, ha kaba mynnyngkong eh, ka Lok Sabha ka kynthup ruh 4 (saw) ngut ki "Nominated Member", bad kita ki long — Bishop John Richardson (Andaman & Nicobar Islands), Chawkhmoon Gohain (Part B tribal areas within the State of Assam), Frank Anthony (Anglo-Indian bad A.E.T. Barrow (Anglo-Indian). Ia ki "Nominated Member" na Andaman & Nicobar Islands bad na "Part B tribal areas within the State of Assam" la nominate da u President of India kat kum ka bor ba la pyngkup ha u da ka Section 4 (saw) jong ka REPRESENTATION OF THE PEOPLE ACT, 1950, pule lang bad ka Representation of the People (Second Amendment) Act, 1951. Nangta ia ki "Nominate Member" (Anglo Indian) la 'nominate' kat kum ka bor ba la pyngkup da ka Article 331 (laispah laiphew wei) jong ka Constitution of India. Ka Rajya Sabha te, naduh kaba mynnyngkong haduh mynta ka kynthup 12 (khad-ar) ngut ki "Nominated Member" kat kum ba la thoh ha ka clause (1) jong ka Article 80 (phra phew) jong ka Constitution of India.

Kum ban shu pyngkynmaw hangne, ia ka jingsynshar ia ka "ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS" la pyniaid shipor da u President of India kat kum ka bor ba la pyngkup ha u da ka Article 243 (arspah sawphew lai). Nangta pat ia ka "Part B tribal areas within the State of Assam" ruh la pyniaid shipor da u President of India, lyngba u Governor of Assam kum u AGENT, kat kum ka bor ba la pyngkup ha u da ka paragraph 18 (khadphra) jong ka Sixth Schedule, bad ia kata ka jingsynshar la tip kum ka "NORTH EAST FRONTIER AGENCY".

Ki "Part B tribal areas within the State of Assam" kat kum ba paw ha ka TABLE (Part B) jong ka paragraph 20 (arphew) jong ka Sixth Schedule, ki kynthup ia kine harum :

1. North East Frontier Tract including Balipara Frontier Tract, Tirap Frontier Tract, Abor Hills District and Mishmi Hills District.
2. Naga Tribal Area.

Ki bynta kiba don hapoh ka "North East Frontier Tract including Balipara Frontier Tract, Tirap Frontier Tract, Abor Hills District and Mishmi Hills District" ki la don hapoh ka Union Territory (Arunachal Pradesh) kat kum ba ka paw na ka NORTH EASTERN AREA (REORGANISATION) ACT, 1971. Nangta ki bynta kiba don hapoh ka "Naga Tribal Area", ryngkat bad ka "Naga Hills District" jong ka Assam Province (ha ki por ba mynshuwa ki la don mynta

hapoh ka State) (Nagaland) kat kum ka STATE OF NAGALAND ACT, 1962.

Ka Lok Sabha ka la ia kyrduh nyngkong eh ha ka 13 (khadlai) tarik May 1952 (shiha'ar khyrdai spah sarphew ar). Ar sngi hadien (ha ka 15 tarik) la don ka jingiajied Speaker. U Shri G.V. Mavalankar u ioh 394 (laispah khyndai phew saw) vote bad u Shri Shankar Shantaram More u ioh 55 (sarphew san) vote. Kumta u Shri G. V. Mavalankar u la shimti ia ka kam Speaker. Ia u nongpyniaid dorbar jong ka Rajya Sabha ki khot u Chairman. Ha Rajya Sabha ym don jingiajied Chairman, namar u Vice-President ka Ri Irdia u la long lya u ex-officio Chairman jong ka Rajya Sabha kat kum ka Article 89 (phra phew khyrdai) jeng ka Constitution. U Vice-President uba nyngkong eh jeng ka Ri India u dei u Dr. S. Radhakrishnan.

Naduh ta ka Irdia ka la kyllalerg ka Republic haduh u Zail Singh la don 6 (hynriew) ngut ki President. U ba nyngkong eh u dei u Dr. Rajendra Prasad, bud sa u Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, nangta sa u Dr. V. V. Giri, nangta sa u F. A. Almed, nangta sa u Sanjiva Reddy.

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## HA KA JUK "GOD SAVE THE KING"

— L. Gilbert Shullui

La iathuh pateng ba ka Dorbar ki Bikhraw lane ka State Dorbar jong ka Hima Jaintia, ha ka por oi long Syiem u Rajendra Singh, ka kynthup 24 (arphewsaw) ngut ki Dkhot, bad uwei na kita u dei u kni jong u Kiang Nangbah, ia uba don kiba ong ba u dei u Ksan Nangbah.

Ha ka 15 (khadsan) tarik March 1835 u Captain Lister u la wan sha Jaintiapur ban ai ha u Rajendra Singh ia ka jingthoh ba u la ioh na u Governor-General of India na Fort William, Calcutta. Ka tarik jong kata ka jingthoh ka long 23 (arphew lai) tarik February 1835 (Ref: Bengal Political Consultations: 23rd February 1835 No. 5, letter of Governor-General in Council to the Raja of Jynteah, 23rd February, 1835, No. 6). Kat kum ki kyn-don kiba don ha katei ka jingthoh, u Captain Lister u la shimti ia ka bynta jong ka Hima Jaintia ha Thor Sylhet (Jaintia Parganas) bad u la b'hah ia u Rajendra Singh ba un synshar noh sa tang ia ki jaka lum jong ka Hima Jaintia

Khlem da kynjoh ktien ia ki Daloi bad 'riewkb.nat jong ka Elaka ha lum, u Rajendra Singh u la pynpaw ba um mon shuh ban long Syiem tang ha ki jaka lum, bid u pdiang pynban da ka pashon na ki Phareng ha ka dor Rs.500/- (sanspah tyngka) shi bui. Lada u Rajendra Singh um mon shuh ban long Syiem tang ha ki jaka lum, u la dei ban pyntip sha la ki kur ki jaid bad ki khynuah syiem kiba don ha Sunga lane Nartiang lane Jowai la ki mon ne en ban shum.i ia ka long-syiem, kat kum ka jingtyrwa ki phareng. Ha Jowai, ha kata ka por, ki don bun kiba dei na ka kur ka jaid long-syiem, bad haduh mynta ruh ki dang ia don: ki jong u Bah Che, ki khun u Bah Sorendro Bareh, ki dei na ka kur ka jaid long-syiem. U Bah Che u ioh ia ka Commission Rank, da ka 'recommendation' jong u H.G. Dennehy, Chief Secretary jong ka Government of Assam, namar u Bah Che u dei na ka lain long-syiem jong ka Hima Jaintia.

To ngin ia phai biang sha u Rajendra Singh. Ka jingleh jong u Rajendra Singh ka la pynsngewsih shiban ia ki khun ki hajar jong ka Hima Jaintia, khamtam ia u Ksan Nangbah. Ki raiot jong ka Hima Jaintia lehse ki lah ban sngewbha, hynrei ki khun ki hajar te kim sngewbha. U Ksan Nongbah u la wan sha Jowai bad u la ia syllok bad ki tymmen ki san, kumno ya ialeh. Namir ba u Rajendra Singh um mon shuh ban long

Syiem tang ha ki jaka lum jong ka Hima Jaintia, bad khrang ba ki khun ki bazar jong ka Hima Jaintia kin sngewihuh ba ki phareng ki la shimti ruh ia ka jingsynshar ia ki jaka lum jong ka Hima Jaintia kumta u Captain Lister u la sdang ban kiew sha lum ryngkat bad katto-katne ki nongbud nongrap jong u. Ha ka 22 (arphew ar) tarik August 1835, mynba u Captain Lister u dang don ha Amwi, ka Iuwai (ki nong-Jowai) ki la wan tur kynsan. Kat kum ka shithi jong u, 22nd August 1835, u Captain Lister u la iathuh ia kane - This morning about 10 A.M. a large body of Jowye Cossayahs and others made an attempt to surprise my camp at this place, but on finding themselves discovered they retreated after firing a flight of arrows by which five men of the detachment were wounded (Ref: Bengal Consultation: 14th September 1835, No.6-Letter of Captain Lister to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, dated the 22nd August 1835).

Don katto-katne tylii ki Hima Khasi lane "Cossayah States," kum ka Khyrim, Jaintia, Shella, Sohra, Maram, Langrin, Nongstoin bad kiwei kiwei de ki khem ia dei kam bad ka Sylhet District. Ka Sorkar Phareng ka la lah iohi ba ha ka jingiadei bad kitei "Cossayah State" bad kumjuh ruh bad kiwei-kiwei de ki Cossayah State" la dei ban don kawei ka Political Agency kabə kyrpang. Kumta ha ka snem 1835 la pynlong ia ka Cossayah Hills Political Agency. U Political Agent uba nyingkong eh u dei u Colonel Lister uba la shimti ia ka kam Political Agent ha ka 11 (khadwei) tarik February 1835, bad ka Headquarter jong u ka dei ka Sohra.

Hadien ba ka Sorkar Phareng ka la knieh bad dkhat jubor ia ka Jaintia Pargana (Ka Thor Sylhet jong ka Hima Jaintia) ka la pyniasoh ia ka bad ka Sylhet District. Kumjuh ruh hadien ba ka la knieh bad dkhat jubor ia ka Gobha (ka Thor Nowgong jong ka Hima Jaintia) ka la pyniasoh ia ka bad ka Nowgong District. Ia ka bynta ba dang sah jong ka hima Jaintia (Hills Portion) la buh hapoh ka Cossayah Hills Political Agency kumba leh ia kiwei-kiwei ki "Cossayah States". Bun ki "Cossayah States" kum ka Sohra, Nongkhlaw, Myriaw, Shella, Mawsynram bad kiwei-kiwei ki la lah hap hapoh ka Cossayah Hills Political Agency. Ka Hima Maharam, kawei na ki "Cossayah States" ka hap hapoh ka Cossayah Hills Political Agency kham hadien, bad kata ka la long naduh ka 13 tarik February 1839 hadien ba u Sngap Singh jong ka Hima Maharam u la hap pdiang ia ka Sorkar Phareng. (Ref: Aitchison's Collection of Treaties, Volume XII, pp. 144-145).

Ia ki khun ki ksiew U Hynniewtrep, ki Dkhar lane ki Phareng ki la tip bad ithuh da ka kyrteng "Khasia" lane "Cossayah", bad lehse dei na kata ka daw ba ia ka Political Agency ki la khot

da ka kirteng Cossayah Hills Political Agency. Kane ka rukom pyndonkam ia ka ktien "Khasia" lane "Cossayah" im ut ka dei kaba la kham slem.

Ha ka jingiadei bad ki Phareng lane bad ki Dkhar, ia ka Hima Jaintia la kham dei ban khot ki "Jaintia Kingdom". U Syiem jong ka Hima Jaintia, kum ba ia long lem kiwei-kiwei ki Syiem jong kiwei-kiwei ki para Hima Khasi, u dei hi tang u "Syiem", bad um dei u "King" kumba pyrkhut ki Phareng lane u "Raja" kumba pyrkhut ki Dkhar. U Sainur-Phawa: Soso Tham lane u Myllung Soso Tham u iai pynkynmaw:—

"U Syiem kam pher la dei u Maw,  
Ka Hima kit u Rit u Khraw".

Kumba shisnem ei ei hadien ka snem 1835, kata, ha ka snem, 1836 u Rajendra Singh u pynpaw ba u kwah biang ban long Syiem. kat kum ka jingkyrpap (Memorial) ba u phah sha ka Sorkar Phareng. Ka Sorkar Phareng ka kyntait ia ka jingkyrpap (Memorial) jong u lehse ka Sorkar phareng ka dang pyrkhut ban ai noh bad ithuh ia ka long-syiem ha uwei pat uba dei ha ka lain long-syiem, syiem kumba la leh ha ka jingiadei bad ka Hima Nongkhlaw ha kaba la ai noh bad ithuh ia u Riton Singh ha ka 29 tarik March 1834 kum u Syiem jong ka Hima Nongkhlaw.

To ngin ia phai biang sha KA BRI KI HYNNEWTREP, ba i sha ka shiong Sohra kaba long ki Headquarter jong u Political Agent. Shipor, ha ka por ba u Col. Lister u leit sha Bilat, la shimti ia ka kam Political Agent, da u Lieutenant G. N. Cave. Ha ka por ba u Lieutenant G. N. Cave. u ding bat ia ka kam Political Agent, la mih ka hukum ha ka snem 1854 na "Fort William" ba ia ka kam pyniaid (command) ia ka kam shipai bad ia ka kam syishar khadar. Civil Administration yn ym pynkit shuh ha u juh u Officer. Imat dei naduh ka snem 1854 ba la duh noh ka Cossayah Hills Political Agency bad ba la mih ka Cossayah and Jynteah Hills District, tangba ki "Khasi States" te kim hap hapoh ka Cossayah and Jynteah Hills District. Hadien, ia ka rukom spol ia ka kirteng "Cossayah and Jynteah Hills District" la pynkylla bad la spol "Khasi and Jaintia Hills District".

Ia u Sahep uba pyniaid ia ka Cossayah & Jynteah Hills District la khot u Principal Assistant Commissioner, bad u C.K. Hudson u la long u Principal Assistant Commissioner uba nyngkong eh jong ka Cossayah & Jynteah Hills District, uba la shimti ia ka kam ha ka 10 (shipew) tarik April 1854.

Kaba phylla ka long, imat ym don Notification ba la pyamih paidbah kaba iadei shaphang kaba pynlong ia ka Cossayah &



Jynteah Hills District, bad kumjuh ruh shaphang kaba pynhap ia ka hapoh u Commissioner ka Assam. Kum ban shu pynkynmaw, ka Assam kam pat dei ka Province ha kata ka por, bad ka Assam ka la kylla long ka Chief Commissioner's Province dang ha ka snem 1874. Ha kawei ka bynta jong ka paragraph 5 (san) jong ka Report jong u W. J. Allen (1858) la thoh kumne :—

“No public Notification, however, has been published, either by the Government or the Local Authorities, regarding the transfer of this district to the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Assam, and the public has never been officially informed what laws, rules and regulations are in force in this Hills Territory”.

Ia ka kyrteng “Principal Assistant Commissioner” hadien la pynkylla, bad la khot noh “Deputy Commissioner” bad Major E. A. Rowlatt u la kylla long Deputy Commissioner uba nyingkong eh jong ka Cossayah & Jynteah Hills District.

Ha ka snem 1841 ka Welsh Calvinistic Methodists' Foreign Missionary Society ka la poi ha “Cossayah Hills”. Hadien, ia ka rukom spel la pynkylla noh na ka “Cossayah” sha ka “Khasi”. Ha kawei ka bynta jong ka kot ba la jer kyrteng “William Lewis-A Pionnier On The Khasi Hills” ba la thoh da u J. Hughes Morris, ba la pynmih ha ka snem 1939 da ka Foreign Mission of the Presbyterian Church of Walse la thoh kumne:—

“The Calvinistic Methodists continued their connection with the London Missionary Society until 1840. For several reasons, a strong desire had arisen for a Missionary Society of our own. On the 31st January, 1840, at the Rose Place Chapel, Liverpool, the Welsh Calvinistic Methodists Foreign Missionary Society was formed. Before the end of the year, the Society's first missionary, Thomas Jones of Berriew, Montgomeryshire, sailed for India, arriving on the Khasi Hills, June 22, 1841”.

Ka Welsh Calvinistic Methodists' Foreign Missionary Society ka la shim ia ka ktien Sohra (Cherra Dialect) kum ka nongrim jong ka thoh ka tar Khasi. Ka por ka la nang iaid bad ka ktien thoh ka la nang sen. Bun ki jingrwai ruh ki Missionary ki la thaw. Uwei u Missionary, u Rev. Angel Jones, uba bun na ki snem jong ka jinglong Missionary jong u, u la don ha Jowai, kawei na ki shnong kiba heh tam hapoh ka “Hima Jaintia”, u la thaw ia kato ka jingrwai “Kynmaw Trai ia ka Ri Khasi”. Kat kumba ka paw na ka KOT JINGRWAI ba la pynmih ha ka snem 1907 da ki Missionary jong ka Welsh Calvinistic Methodists ym

shym la thoh "Khasi & Jaintia Hills" hynrei la thoh "KA KOT JINGRWAI BA'N MANE JA U BLEI HA RI KHASI". KA paw ba ka jinngsngw'whuh jong ki longshwa ka long ba "Ri Khasi" ka kynthup naduh Hima Nongstoin naduh sepngi, Hima Jaintia sha mihngi. U Dr H Lyngdoh Nonglait ba ka jingthoh jong u kaba dei shaphang ka Hima Jaintia lare Synteng (lane Hima Sutnga kumba ki khot ha ki por kiba nynshwa) u ong ba ka Hima jong ki syiem Synteng hyn'ai ka long ka bynta jong fa Ri Khasi kata shaphang mihngi. Imat ka jingpynlong "British Area" ia ka bynta ba dang sah jorg ka Hima Jaintia (Hills portion) ka la pynmih bun ki khotuh khchiam, kita ngi ki nongmynta ngi la dei ban pynteit pythla khrang fa ki longdien kin ym sah ha ka umdum.

To rgin ia phai sha ka snem 1858. Haden ka Jima Bah (War of Independence) kaba ki plangp bi hlot fa "Sejcy Mutiny", ka British parliament fa la pass ia ka Government of India Act, 1858, bad fa Serkar Bilat ka la shintinch fa lade ra fa East India Company u ka jingsynshar. Ia ka "Proclamation" kaba iadci bad ka jingshinti ia ka jingsynshar da ka Serkar Bilat la pynba da u Lord Canning Vice-Roy and Governor-General of India ba la kyitong jorg ka Queen Victoria, ha ka 1 (shi) tarik November 1858 fa ka Durbar ia kaba la pynlong fa Allahabad. Ka Proclamation ka long kumne:—

"Victoria, by the grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the Colonies and Dependencies thereof in Europe, Asia, Africa, and Australia, Queen Defender of the Faith.

Whereas, for divers weighty reasons, we have resolved by and with the advice and consent of the Lord Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in parliament assembled, to take ourselves the government of the territories in India heretofore administered in trust for us by the Honourable East India Company: We hereby announce to the native princes of India that all treaties and engagement, made with them by or under the authority of the Honourable East India Company are by us accepted and will be scrupulously maintained, and we look for the like observance on their part.

To all others in arms against the government we hereby promise unconditional pardon, amnesty, and oblivion of all offence against ourselves or crown, and dignity, on their return to their homes and peaceful pursuits.

It is our royal pleasure, that these terms of grace and amnesty should be extended to all those who comply with these conditions before the 1st day of January next.

When, by the blessing of providence, internal tranquility shall be restored, it is our earnest desire to stimulate the peaceful industry of India, to promote works of public utility and improvement, and to administer its government for the benefit of all our subjects resident therein. In their prosperity will be our strength, in their contentment our security and in their gratitude our best reward. And may the God of all power grant to us, and to those in authority under us, strength to carry out these our wishes for the good of our people.

Hynrei ha ki snem 1860-62 la khie biang ka thma hapoh ka jingialam jong u Kiang Nangbah, bun ki jingjia ki la jia. La kem ia u Kiang Nangbah, bad ka Sorkar Bilat ka la phasi ia u Kiang Nangbah ha ka 30 (laiphew tarik) December 1862.

Ki snem ki iaid bad ki jingkylla ki wan. Ha ka snem 1869 la pynlong ia ka "Jowai Subdivision" kat kum ba paw na ka Notification, dated the 16th November 1869 ba la shon ha ka CALCUTTA GAZETTE, November 24, 1869: p.2067. Kat kum katei ka Notification ka paw ba ki Panchpoonjee (Lakading, Nongjri, Tmar, Tynriang bad Umniuh) ruh ki hap hapoh ka Jowai Subdivision. Hynrei imat ka don ka por ba la pynhap noh ia ki hapoh ka Shillong Sub-division. Ha ka snem 1951 ia ka 'area' jong ka Jowai Sub-division la nang kham pynrit da kaba dkhat noh ia ka Block I bad Block II bad pyniasoh bad ka Mikir Hills.

Dei naduh ka 21 (arphew wei) tarik February 1972 ba ia ka Jowai Subdivision la tip noh kum ka Jaintia Hills District kat kum ka Notification No. HPL. 36/71/43, dated the 21st January 1972, pule lang bad ka Notification No. HPL. 36/71/50, dated the 3rd May 1972 (Ref: Gazette of Meghalaya, Extraordinary, No. 36, Shillong Monday, February 21, 1972 bad Gazette of Meghalaya, dated the 6th May 1972, p.125). Kumba ia kdat noh sha ka Hima Nongstoin; lada ka West Khasi Hills District ka kynthup tang ia ki jaka lum (Cossayah Hills Portion) jong ka Hima Nongstoin, lehse ia West Khasi Hills District yn jin da la tip kum ka NONGSTOIN HILLS DISTRICT. Shuh-shuh ka don sa kawei ka Subdivision mynta ia kaba la tip kum ka Ri Bhoi Subdivision; hato, ym long mo ban shu khot beit NONGPOH SUBDIVISION. Ka por kan batai, bad ai ba ka por kan ym pynjot hynrei ba kan syrpa.

To ngin ia phai biang sha ki Syiem jong ka Hima Sutnga lane Hima Jaintia kum ba ia tip hadien. Ban sah ka nam, la sngewdei ba ka Historical and Antiquarian Department jong ka Government of Meghalaya bad kumjuh ruh ka District Council

kan thaw lad ban bteng ia ka jingai Rs. 500/- (sanspah tyng-ka) shi-bnai ka penshon ia u long-bteng jong u Rajendra Singh, kumba la leh ka Sorkar Phareng. Ka lah ban mih ka jingkylli, uei uba dei ban mih pli kum u longbteng? Shaphang kata, ki Bor Synshar kin wad, bad kin tipmit (recognise) kat kum ka jingshem jong ki.

Nalor ka Hima Jaintia, ia kaba la pynkylla "British Area" ki don ruh sa lai tylli kiwei pat ki Hima ia ki ba la pynkylla "British Area" bad kita ki long.

1. Ka Hima Muliang,
2. Ka Hima Nongpoh, bad
3. Ka Hima Sohbar.

Ia ka Hima Muliang la phiah ha ki lai bynta (Jyrngam, Nonglang bad Nongriangsi), bad kine ki hap hapoh la ki jong ki jong ki Sirdar Sorkar. Ia ka Hima Nongpoh la pynhap hapoh u Sirdar Sorkar. Ia ka Hima Sohbar ruh la pynhap hapoh u Sirdar Sorkar, bad kane ka Hima Sohbar ka don ka "Agreement" kaba kyrpang bad ka Sorkar Phareng kat kum ba ka paw na ka page 129 (shispah arphew khyndai) jong ka Aitchison's Collection of Treaties, Vol. XII.

Ia kine kiba sah san tylli ki shnong (Panch Poonjee) jong ka Hima Jaintia la pynhap hapoh ki san Sirdar Sorkar:—

1. Lakading,
2. Nongbri,
3. Tmar,
4. Tynriang, bad
5. Umniuh.

Ha ki snem kiba kham hadien, ia ka Umniuh bad ia ka Tmar ba la pynwan lang hapoh uwei u Sirdar Sorkar.

Ia ka bynta jong ka Hima Sohra, ba la tip kum ka Saitsohpen, la pynkylla "British Area" kat kum ba ka paw na ka "Agreement" ba lah ban shem ha ki page 126-127 jong ka Aitchison's Collection of Treaties, Vol. XII.

Ka Laitlyngkot, Laitkroh bad Mawbehlarkhar ki la lah don hapoh ka Sorkar phareng kat kum ka "Agreement" hapdeng u Syiem Bormanik jong ka Hima Shillong ha kawei ka liang bad ka Sorkar Phareng ha kawei pat ka liang (Ref. Aitchison's Collection of Treaties Vol. XII, pp. 131-132).

Ka Mawsmmai bad ka Mawmluh ki la lah don hapoh ka Sorkar Phareng la kham slem. Ka Nongthymmai ruh ka dei ka "British Area", bad mynta ka Nongthymmai bad ka Mawsmmai ki ia don lang hapoh uwei u Sirdar Sorkar.

Ka Myrdon bad ka Marbisu ruh ki dei ki "British Area". Ha ka jingiadei bad ka Myrdon ka don kawei ka Order jong u W. S. Clarke, Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jaintia Hills kat kum ba ka paw na ka Record No.23 of 1882, bad ka Order ka long kumne:—

"There is no boundary between Sohiong and Nongpoh and I claim Myrdon to be a British Village, under any circumstances, the Longdoh should have given notices of removal and ascertained what would be the status of the village in the future—he will be sent for and caused to pay in the revenue and will be detained until it is fully paid in, it will be explained to him that the village is claimed to British and the ryots to be British subjects and will be warned until he can prove his case and obtain an order of the Revenue Court freeing the village from liability to taxation and deciding its future status that he must pay his revenue as before through the Sirdar of Nongpoh".

Ha ka jingiadei pat bad ka Marbisu ka don ka shithi No. 2,218, dated Shillong, the 24th September 1877 na u Officiating Assistant Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam sha u Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jaintia Hills, bad ka shithi ka ong kumne:—

"With reference to your letter No.3. dated 19th September 1877, I am directed to say that the Chief Commissioner has been pleased to sanction a money of Rs.100 to be paid annually to the Siem of Myllem, and to his successors, subject to good behaviour, as compensation for the loss he may have sustained on account of the separation of the village of Marbisu from the State of Myllem" (Ref. 1877 - Assam Secretariat. General Department. File No.156: Claim of Marbisu people to be independent - payment to the Siem of Myllem of Rs.100 annually as compensation on account of the village of Marbisu from the State).

Ha ka jingiadet bad katei ka kam Marbisu, ha ka "Question Hour" ka District Council, ka la don ka jingkylli na ka liang

u Bah H. Hadem kum u M.D.C, bad ka jubab na ka liang u Bah T. Cajee kum u Executive Member. Ka jingkylli ka long kumne :—

18. (a) Will the Executive Committee be pleased to state whether it is a fact that Government has ceased to pay the political pension to Myllem Siemship which the said Siemship used to get in lieu of the area detached from the Siemship and formed the Marbisu Sirdarship.

(b) If the answer is in the affirmative, will the Executive Committee be pleased to place on the table the Government letters showing the reasons for such stoppage?

Ka jubab ka long kumne:—

(a) —It is a fact, Sir.

(b) — The following Government letters are placed on the table :-

1. Copy of letter No. F. 13-pp/51, dated 2.5.51 from the Government of India, Ministry of States.

2. Copy of letter No. HPT. 37/49/69, dated 7.12.51 from the Secretary to the Government of Assam, G. A. D. to the Deputy Commissioner, United K. J. Hills.

Ka don sa kawei ka jaka ha Shillong hapoh ka Hima Myllem ia kaba la pyngylla "British Area" kat kum ba ka paw na ka "Agreement" ha ka snem 1863 ha ka por ba u Mile Singh u long u Syiem jong ka Hima Myllem bad u Rabon Singh u long u Syiem jong ka Hima Khyrim (Ref. Aitchison's Collection of Treaties, Vol. 1., pp 247-250, ia kaba la shon ruh ha ka kot - KI HIMA KHASI).

Nalor kitei ki "British Area" ba la kdew haneng ki don ruh sa katto katne tylli kiwei pat bad kita ki long kine harum:—

1. Mawthang Sohkhylung
2. Mynteng
3. Nongbah
4. Nongkroh
5. Nongriat
6. Nongshluid
7. Nonglynkien
8. Nonglait
9. Ramdait
10. Synnei

11. Sinai Mawshynrut
12. Tyrna
13. Tynrong
14. Byrong.

La iathuhkhana pateng ba ka Hima Shella, shisien ha kawei ka por ka la long kawei na ki Hima kiba heh bad ba iar u pud u sam. Ka lah ban long ba kiba bun na kitei ki shnong ki la long shisien ha kawei ka por ki bynta jong ka Hima Shella.

Ha ki por synshar Phareng ia KA BRI U HYNNEW TREP la phiah ha ki ar bynta; ia kawei ka bynta la tip kum ka "British Area" kaba hap hapoh ka "Khasi and Jaintia Hills District" hapoh ka jingkhmih jong u Deputy Commissioner, bad ia kawei pat ka bynta la tip kum ki "Khasi States" hapoh ka jingkhmih jong u Political Officer. Niuma, ia ujuh u Officer, la thung kum u Deputy Commissioner bad kum u Political Officer, bad ka jingpyndonkam ia ka Iktiar bad Jingkitkhlieh ka long la ka jong ki jong.

Ha ka 15 (khadsan) tarik August 1947 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew hynniew) ka "BRITISH INDIA" ka la ioh ia ka jinglailuid na ki Phareng, bad la phiah ha ki ar tylli ki Dominion (Indis bad Pakistan) kat kum ki kyndon kiba ha ka INDIA INDEPENDENCE ACT, 1947 ba la pass da ka British Parliament. Ki "Khasi States" kim shym long ka bynta jong ka "British India", hynrei ki la mon ban iasoh bad ka DOMINION OF INDIA da kaba soi ia ka Instrument of Accession (kynthup lang ia ka Annexed Agreement kaba long ka bynta ba pura jong ka Instrument of Accession). Ia ka Instrument of Accession (ryngkat bad ka Annexed Agreement) ba la soi da ki "Khasi States" ha kawei ka liang bad u Governor-General of India ha kawei pat ka liang lah ban shem ha ka Appendix XXV bad Appendix XXVI, pp.215-218 jong ka WHITE PAPER ON INDIAN STATES (1950 Publication) ba la shon ruh ha ka kot — KI HIMA KHASI.

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## NA U POLITICAL OFFICER SHA KA SIXTH SCHEDULE

*L. Gilbert Shullai*

Naduh ka 26 tarik January 1950 (Republic Day) ki “Khasi States” ki la hap ruh hapoh ka jylli trei kam jong ka United Khasi-Jaintia Hills Autonomous District kat kum ba ka paw na ka paragraph 20 jong ka Sixth Schedule jong ka Constitution of India. Naduh ka 26 tarik January 1950 haduh ka 26 tarik June 1952 ia ka United Khasi-Jaintia Hills Autonomous District la nang pynkri pynkdup, bad pyniaid shipor da u Governor of Assam kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup ha u da ka paragraph 19 jong ka Sixth Schedule, bad kat kum ka bor ba la pynkup ha u da ka paragraph 2, u la thung ia kine ban long ki dkhot jong ka Advisory Council :—

1. Deputy Commissioner, United Khasi-Jaintia Hills District (Ex-officio Chairman)
2. Bah A. Alley
3. Kong Bonily Khongmen
4. Prof. G. G. Swell
5. Dr. H. Lyngdoh
6. Bah H. Philip
7. Bah Horen Jones
8. Bah Kat Shallam
9. Bah Kistobin Rymbai
10. Bah Larsingh Khyriem
11. Kong Mavis Dunn Lyngdoh
12. Syiem Olim Singh
13. Bah P. W. Lewis
14. Prof. R. R. Thomas
15. Dr. R. K. Tariang
16. Bah Rostanwell War
17. Bah Sorendro Boreh
18. Dr. S. R. Laloo
19. Bah T. Cajee
20. Babu Wilson Reade.

Na kitei ki Dkhot ba la kdew haneng, lehse don hapdeng jong ki kiba sngew buhkoh ia ka jingbypyntrei kam ia ka Resolution ba la



mynjur ha ka 21 (arphew-wei) tarik July 1949 (Shihajar khyndai spah sawphew khyndai) da ka Khasi States Constitution Making Durbar ha Dinam Hall, Jaiaw, Shillong, bad lehse ha kajuh kapor ka khleh lang bad ka jingkyrmen ba ka Parliament jong ka India kan leh ei-ei halor ka jingai jingmut jong u Syid Mahamad Saadulla ha ka 21 (arphew-wei) tarik November 1949 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew khyndai) ha ka dorbar jong ka Constituent Assembly of India (Ref. Constituent Assembly Debates Vol. XI, pp. 732-736).

La plie (inaugurate) ia ka Advisory Council ha Government House, Shillong ha ka 24 tarik May 1950 (Wednesday) da u Chief Minister. Shri Gopinath Bardoloi. La pyniaid ia ka jingialang da u Governor of Assam Shri Sriprakasa. Kum ban shu pynkynmaw, u Shri Jairamdas Doulattram u la shimti ia ka kam Governor of Assam ha ka 27 tarik May 1950 (Ref. Shillong Times, Vol. 6 No 29, May 26, 1950). Ia ki member jong ka Advisory Council la pynithuh ha u Governor bad ha u Chief Minister da u Mr. U. C. Roy, Ex-officio Chairman jong ka Advisory Council, uba long u Deputy Commissioner jong ka United Khasi-Jaintia Hills District ha kata ka por.

Ka District Council Election ban jied ia ki khadphra ngut ki Member (Elected Members) jong ka COUNCIL (District Council) ka la long ha ka snem 1952. Nangta u Governor of Assam u la jied (nominate) sa hynriew ngut ki 'Nominated Members'. Kumta ka COUNCIL (District Council) ka kynthup baroh lang haduh 24 (arphewsaw) ngut ki Member. Ka paw ha kaba sdang, baroh ki member ki ia don lang hapoh kajuh ka synjuk (parliamentary party) ha kaba u Bah Rostanwell War, u Member District Council na Mawlong Constituency u long u Secretary.

Shihajar shispah sanphew san (1155) sngi hadien ba u Governor of Assam (Shri Sriprakasa) u la wan ha ka 29 tarik April 1949 ban plie (inaugurate) ia ka Khasi States Constitution Making Durbar ha Dinam Hall, Shillong ba la wan sa uwei pat u Governor of Assam (Shri Jairamdas Daulattram) ha kajuh ka Hall, kata ha Dinam Hall, Shillong ha ka 27 tarik June 1952 ban plie ia ka United Khasi-Jaintia Hills Autonomous District Council, hynrei ha katei ka sngi la don ka "BLACK FLAG DEMONSTRATION" ba la pynbeit da ki samla shongskul, bad ki nongialam ba kham paw-khmat ki long, u Bah Hoover Hynniewta bad u Bah Stephanson Lyngdoh. U Bah Stephanson Lyngdoh um don shuh ha pyrthei.

Ia ka jingialang kaba nyngkong eh jong ki samla shong skul kaba iasnoh bad katei ka (BLACK FLAG DEMONSTRATION) la khot da ki lai ngut ki samla shong skul, bad ka jingialang ka la long ha Khasi National Dorbar Hall, Shillong ha ka 5 (san) tarik June 1952. Ki nongkhot ki dei u Bah Oscar M. Wahlang, Bah L. Gilbert Shullai bad Bah Oswaldton Lyngdoh. U Bah

Oswaldton Lyngdoh um don shuh ha pyrthei. Don bun napdeng ki paralok ki ba la don bad shim bynta ha katei ka **BLACK FLAG DEMONSTRATION** kim dom shuh ha pyrthei sah tang Jingkynmaw.

“Ki la shu lip noh kum khlur step ka mihngi;  
Ha jingshai ka sngi kum ka ding ba meh;  
Kumta ka long jingleit jong ngi na ka pyrthei;  
Sah tang jingkynmaw ki kam ba ngi leh”.

U Rev. J. J. M. Nichols Roy, wat la um dei u Member jong ka **COUNCIL** (District Council), hynrei u ju ia don kti ha kaba ialam jingmut ia katei ka Synjuk District Council (Parliamentary Party). La pdiang hun mynsiem lang ba u Bah Josingh Rynjah un long u Chief Executive Member ba nyngkong eh jong ka District Council. Nangta hapoh ka Parliamentary Party la don ka jing-iajieid ia ki ar ngut kiwei pat kiba yn long ki Executive Member, bad la mih ka kyrteng u Bah Rostanwell War bad Bah H. Enowell Pohshna. Kumta la ‘recommend’ ba kitei ki ar ngut kin long ki Executive Member, bad la sdang ia ka jingtrei kam ha ka iing “Weaving School” kaba rim kaba don hajan ka phatok ka “Myllicm State” ia khap Contonment Area bad Iewduh, Shillong.

La wan rah ia ka “Khasi and Jaintia Hills District” bad ia ki “Khasi States” hapoh kawei ka jingsynshar (**ONE ADMINISTRATION**) lyngba ka **AUTONOMOUS DISTRICT** kat kum ba la pruid dak ha ka **SIXTH SCHEDULE** (Constitution of India). Hynrei u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols Roy um shym la long u Member jong ka District Council. Ha ka District Council Election um shym la ialeh, bad ym shym la jied ruh ia u kum u “Nominated Member” da u Governor of Assam. U Rev. J. J. M. Nichols Roy u don ha ka **COUNCIL OF MINISTERS** jong ka **ASSAM STATE GOVERNMENT**, hynrei ia ka **DEPARTMENT** (Tribal Areas Department) kaba ia dei kam bad ki Autonomous District te u bat u Chief Minister ha lade hi. Ka paw biang ba ka jingsdang jong ka District Council kam long kaba jlih.

Kumba shisnem antad, u Bah Josingh Rynjah u la bat ia ka kam Chief Executive Member, hynrei na ka bynta ka jingbymoikt jingbymkhiah, u la ichnoh ia ka kam, bad la dei ban jied da uwei pat. Ha kawei ka jingia kynduh jong ka Synjuk (Parliamentary Party), ki jingmut ki la sapra; don kiba mon ia u Bah B. M. Roy, U Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy uba ia don lang ha katei ka jing-ia kynduh lang u la sngewthuh ia ka lyer kaba beh. La shah ia kiba ia don hangta ban ia ‘vote’ kat kum ka jingsngewbeit jong ki, bad ha ka jingiajied (formal election) ia u Chief Executive Member da ka District Council, u Bah Hobel Rynjah u ioh 18 (Khadphra) ‘vote’ bad u Bah B. M. Roy u ioh 6 (hynriew) ‘vote’.

U Bah Hobel u la neh shipor ha ka kam Chief Executive Member, bad hadien la jied pat ia u Bah B. M. Roy, bad nangta la jied biang ia u Bah Josingh Rynjah. Te kumta ka "FIRST TERM" jong ka District Council ka kut, bad la pynlong pat ia ka District Council Election ha ka snem 1957. Ha ka District Council Election kaba la long ha ka snem 1957, u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy, u la ialeh na ka Shella Constituency, bad la jied ia u. Lah ban ong ba ka jingwan rung jong u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy hapoh ka District Council ka la kham dier, bad u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u la khlad noh na ka pyrthei ha ka 1 (shi) tarik November 1959 (shihajar khyndai spah sanphew khyndai). Shuwa ban pynlong ia ka District Council Election, u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u risain noh na ka Congress Party. Lada u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u la lah risain na ka Congress Party (kata ka mut ruh, na ka COUNCIL OF MINISTER) haduh ka snem 1952, naduh ba u Chief Minister um æi ha u ia ka TRIBAL AREAS DEPARTMENT, kiei-kiei kin jin da la long da kumwei pat. To ngin ia phai dien teng teng sha ki por ba leit noh, ioh ba ngi shu sah khyannah sah. Uwei na ki 'riew-stad uba kyteng u SENACA u ong, bad ha ka ktien Phareng ka long kumne :-

"Not to know what has been transacted in former times is to continue always a child".

La don bun tylli ki Executive Committee naduh ba la pynlong ha ka 27 (arphew hynniew) tarik June 1952 ia ka UNITED AUTONOMOUS DISTRICT ba la milai lang ia ki "KHASI STATE" bad ia ka 'KHASI & JAINTIA HILLS" ba la jer ha ka rukom kaba lyngkot da-ka kyteng UNITED KHASI-JAINTIA HILLS AUTONOMOUS DISTRICT:

1952 — 1958

- |                  |                  |  |
|------------------|------------------|--|
| 1. Kaba nyngkong | : C.E.M<br>E.M.  | Bah J. Rynjah<br>Bah H. E. Pohshna, bad<br>Bah R. War  |
| 2. Kaba ar       | : C.E.M.<br>E.M. | Bah H. Rynjah<br>Bah H. E. Pohshna, bad<br>Bah J. E. Tiarang   |
| 3. Kaba lai      | : C.E.M.<br>E.M. | Bah B. M. Roy<br>Bah H. Cotton bad<br>Bah H. Hadem   |
| 4. Kaba saw      | : C.E.M.<br>E.M. | Bah J. Rynjah<br>Bah J. E. Tiarang, bad<br>Bah H. E. Pohshna,<br>(nangta hadien la thung ia u<br>Bah H. Hadem ha ka jaka<br>u Bah H. E. Pohshna) |

- 1958 - 1967
5. Kaba san : C. E. M. Rev. B. M. Pugh  
E. M. Bah T. Cajee bad  
Bah H. Cotton
6. Kaba hynriew : C. E. M. Bah T. Cajee  
E. M. Bah E. Bareh bad  
Bah R. Dkhar
7. Kaba hynniew : C. E. M. Bah E. Bareh  
E. M. Bah R. Dkhar bad  
Bah H. S. Lyngdoh

N. B. Ha u bnai November 1964, ka Government of Assam ka la pynmih ia ka Notification No. TAD/R/50/64, dated the 23rd November 1946, ha kaba la dkhat noh ia ka Jowai Subdivision bad pynlong ia ka kum ka Autonomous District ba thymmai (Ref: Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 61, Monday, November 23, 1964, pule lang bad ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 62, Tuesday, November 24, 1964). U Bah E. Bareh u la pyrshah ia katei ka Notification, bad ka appeal ka la poi shaduh Supreme Court (Ref: AIR 1966 Supreme Court, 1220-V 53 C 237).

8. Kaba phra : C. E. M. Babu W. Reade  
E. M. Bah R. Dkhar bad  
Bah H. S. Lyngdoh.

1967-1972

9. Kaba khyndai : C. E. M. Bah J. Swer  
E. M. Bah H. Nongrum bad Bah  
D. D. Pugh (nangta hadien la  
thung ia u Bah S. Kalwing ha  
ka jaka u Bah D. D. Pugh).

Ha u bnai May jong ka snem 1972 la pynlong ia ka District Council Election, bad ka District Council kaba thymmai ka la ia kyn-duh nyngkong eh ha ka 23 (arphew-lai) tarik May 1972 ha kaba ka la jied (unanimously) ia u Bah B. Wanniang kum u Chairman jong ka District Council. Nangta ha ka 26 (arphewhynriew) tarik May 1972 ka District Council ka la jied (unanimous'y) ia u Bah L.G. Shullai kum u Chief Executive Member. Ka Executive Committee kaba thymmai kaba kynthup ia u Chief Executive Member bad ki arngut ki Executive Member, Bah Syrtok Nongrum bad kong L. B. Lamin, ka la shimti ia ka kam hadien ka shiteng sngi jong ka 31 (laiphew wei) tarik May 1972.

Hadien ba u Bah L. G. Shullai u la risain na ka kam Chief Executive Member, ka District Council ka la jied (unanimously) ia u Bah B. Wanniang kum u Chief Executive Member. Ka Executive Committee kaba thymmai, kaba kynthup ia u Chief Executive member bad ia ki ar ngut ki Executive Member, Bah Syrtok Nongrum bad bah A. Blingstodar Diengdoh, ka la shimti ia ka kam ha shuwa ka shiteng sngi jong ka 14 (khadsaw) tarik June 1947.

Ka la urlong ka jingong ba ka Executive Committee jong ka Party kaba ym ioh Majority kaba biang, hynrei kaba shu ioh majority tang ryngkat bad ka kynja "Goodwill Support" jong ki dkhoh (M.D.C.) kiba ym dei na ka juh ka Party, kan ym lah neh. Shisha, ha ka 26 tarik July 1977 u Bah B. Wanniang u la risain noh na ka kam Chief Executive Member (C. E. M.) bad katba lah ban sngewthuh kane ka long hadien ba u la sngewthuh ba kito ki dkhoh (M. D. C.) kiba shu ai tang ka kynja "Goodwill Support" ki lah ban ym ia kyrshan shuh.

U Governor u la pdiang ia ka jingrisain jong u Bah B. Wanniang ha ka 30 tarik July 1977. Ym shym don jingiajied C.E.M. hadien ba u Bah Wanniang u la risain, hynrei u Governor u la shu thung noh da u Administrator, Bah J. M. Thangkhiw (A. C. S. ha kata ka por) ban shimti ia ka kam kat kum ba ka paw na ki Notification No.. DCA 99/77/11-14, dated 30.7.77, ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya (Part IV), Extraordinary, No 60, Saturday, July 30, 1977.

Ha ka 17 tarik July 1977 la pynlong ia ka jingiajied C.E.M. La don ar ngut ki Candidate — Bah R. Dkhar bad Bah B. Wanniang, bad la jied ia u Bah R. Dkhar. Ka Executive Committee, kaba kynthup nalog u C. E. M. ia u Bah A. Blingstodar Diengdoh bad Bah S. Galmandar Lyngdoh, ka la shimti ia ka kam ha ka 24 tarik September 1977 kat kum ba ka paw na ki Notification No. DCA. 99/77/30-37, dated 24.9.77 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya (Part V A), Extraordinary, No. 70 bad No. 71 Saturday, September 24, 1977 pule lang bad ka 'Corrigendum' ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya, (Part 1), Extraordinary, No. 72 Saturday, October 1, 1977. Hynrei ha ka 24 tarik November 1977 la weng noh ia ka Executive Committee da ka "Vote of No-Confidence" La jied biang ia u Bah B. Wanniang kum u C. E. M. ha ka 26 tarik November 1977. La pynlong ia ka Executive Committee kaba kynthup nalog u Chief Executive Member, ia u Bah Markus Lyngdoh bad Kong Estrice Syiem kat kum ki Notification No. DCA. 101/77/46-47 dated 28.11.77 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya (Part 1), Extraordinary, No. 85, Tuesday, November 29, 1977. Hynrei ha ka 1 (shi) tarik December 1977 ka District Council ka kyntait (da khadsaw la khadwei) ia ka Budget ba la wan rah da ka Execu-

tive Committee. Sah ha ka lyngngoh, ha ka suhsat; ban bthat ruh ym long, ban law ruh ym lah. Te kumta u Governor u la hap biang ban shimti, bad la thung ia u Bah T. W. Pakyntein, I.C.S. ban long u Administrator kat kum ki Notification No. DCA.99/77/V-VII-dated 6.12.77 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya (Part V A), Extraordinary, No. 92, Tuesday, December 6, 1977 pule lang bad ka Notification No. DCA.99/77/Part/I, dated 20.1.78 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya (Part V A) January 26, 1978, page 17.

Ha ka jaka u Bah T. W. Pakyntein I.C.S. la shimti pat da u Bah T. Budkma A.C.S kat kum ka Notification No. D. C. A. 99/77/VIII, dated 27.1.78 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya (Part I), Extraordinary, No. 21, January 27, 1978.

Kum ban shu pynkynmaw hangnc, ia ka rta jong ka District Council kaba dei ban kut tang san snem ha ka 22 tarik May 1977 la pynjlan na kawei ka por sha kawei pat ka por kat kum ba paw na ka Notification No. DCA. 79/76/23, dated 4.3.77 pule lang bad ka Notification No. DCA. 38/78/19 dated 23.6.78 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya (Part V A), Extraordinary, No. 121, January 26, 1978.

Ka District Council Election ka la long ha ka 19 (khadkhyndai) tarik December 1978 (shihajar khyndai spah hynniewphew phra). Ka District Council kaba thymmai ka la ia kynduh nyngkong eh ha ka 12 (khadar) tarik February 1979 (shihajar khyndai spah hynniew phew khyndai). Ha ka 15 (khadsan) tarik February 1979 la jied ia u Bah B. Wanniang kum u Chief Executive Member. Ka jingsynshar Administrator ka la kut, bad ka Executive Committee kaba kynthup nalog u C. E. M., ia u Bah S. A. Nongrum bad Bah Tarson Rynjah, ka la shimti ia ka kam naduh ka 19 (khadkhyndai) tarik February 1979 kat kum ba paw na ki Notification No. DCA. 12/79/Part/I/15-16 dated 17.2.79 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya (Part I), Extraordinary, No. 24 bad No. 25, February 19, 1979. Hadien la mih pli da u Bah S. Galmendar Lyngdoh ha ka jaka u Bah S. A. Nongrum. La pynrung sa ia u Bah Clement Shadap ha ka snem 1982, bad ia u Bah Gerson Lyngdoh ha ka snem 1983 kum ki dkhoh jong ka Executive Committee.

Ki Phareng ki la leit, bad ym don Political Officer shuh. Hynrei kaba kham ma ka long ba ioh ka District Council, ba la pun la kha hadien ba la leit ki Phareng, ka kum buaid iktiar bad khie wahleng, bad ha ka jingbypmoi pyrkhat, ha ka jaka ban pyrshang ban pynphai ia ka iktiar sha ki Hima (kata ka mut sha ki khum ki hajar jong ki Hima), na ka bynta ban jied ban thung Syiem ha la ki jong ki jong ki Hima, ka sloit noh pynban ia

ki iktiar jong ki Hima (Kata ka mut jong ki khun ki hajar jong ki Hima), bad shu shim bad kynthup lut ha lade ia ka iktiar.

Ka District Council, ba la pynlong kat kum ki kyndon ba la thoh ha ka Sixth Schedule jong ka Constitution of India, kam dei ka "SCHEDULED TRIBE". Ha kawei ka bynta jong ka Rai jong ka High Court of Assam & Nagaland ha ka snem 1967 la thoh kumne:—

"It is thus clear that there is no guarantee that the District Council should only consist of Scheduled Tribes people. That apart, once a District Council is formed under the Sixth Schedule to the constitution, it becomes a body corporate and sheds its character of being composed only of Scheduled Tribes people and, therefore cannot be regarded as Scheduled Tribes people".

Katei ka Rai ka dei ha ka mokotduma : CIVIL REVISION NO.7(H) OF 1965 : North Cachar Hills District Council (Secretary Executive Committee), Haslong, Petitioner vrs. Neithang Hmar and another, Opposite Parties. Ia katei ka Rai la shon ha ka snem 1973 ha ka Assam Law Report (312).

Kat kum ka jingpynbeit jong ka JOINT COMMITTEE jong ka Negotiating Committee jong ka Constituent Assembly of India bad ka Negotiating Committee jong ka Chamber of Princes, ia ki "KHASI STATES" la kynthup lang bad ka Manipur State bad Tripura State na ka bynta ban phah uwei u nongmihkhmat ha ka Constituent Assembly of India, bad uta u nongmihkhmat u dei u Mr. G. S. Guha.

Kawei ka jingjia ka wan rah ia kawei pat ka jingjia. Ki snem ki la nang iaid bad ki jingkylla ki wan. Hynrei kawei ka jingshisha ka iai pynkynmaw ia ka Jaidbynriew ba ka Jaidbynriew kaba klet noh ia la ka Geography bad History la jong, kata ka Jaidbynriew ka lah ban poi sha u pud kat haduh ba ka lah ban duh bad jah noh na sla pyrtnei.

U Bah E. Bareh u pyrshang tyngeh ia ka jingpyrshang ban pynpait pynra ia ka Jaidbynriew, bad ha ka Case pyrshah ia ka Government of Assam ha ka jingiadei bad ka jingpynlong ia ka Autonomous District (Jowai Autonomous District) ha ka jingthoh jong u sha ka High Court (Civil Rule 280 of 1964) bad ha ka 'appeal' ha Supreme (Civil Appeal No.968 of 1965) U Bah E. Bareh u ong :—

"That the people inhabiting the territory comprised of the, United Khasi-Jaintia Hills District are ethnically, racially culturally, economically and by tradition are one and the same people. When the British subjugated and annexed the territory they divided it into different units for administrative conveniences, but the people of the said area continued to remain united and maintained the existing closest relationship".

U Rev. J.J.M. Nichols-Roy uwei na ki nong mihkhmat jong ka Assam Province ha ka Constituent Assembly, ha kaba ia shim bynta ha ka Third Reading jong ka Constitution of India u ong.

"I am glad also Sir, that the Khasi States have been incorporated in the Sixth Schedule for that will enable the same people of the district of Khasi-Jaintia Hills and Khasi States to have one administration. I am very thankful to all those who have helped us in this matter".

Hynrei ka jingiohi u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols Roy ia ka SIXTH SCHEDULE, bad ka jingangnud ia ka "ONE ADMINISTRATION" lyngba ka SIXTH SCHEDULE kam shym la urlong lane kam shym la neh. La pyrshang ban tai bad ban iathuh lyngkot shaphang ka jingjia kiba ia snoh bad kane ka bynta, bad ka jingpynkut ka long kat kum ba la pynpaw ha ka paragraph 65 (hynriewphewsan) jong ka kot — KA RI SHONG PDENG PYRTHEI.

Uwei pat u Member jong ka Constituent Assembly na Assam Province, u Syed Mahamad Saadullah, ha kaba ia shim bynta ha ka Third Reading, ha kawei ka bynta jong ka jingkren jong u, u ong :—

"Sir, the Khasi Hills have been relegated to the Sixth Schedule for which Rev. Nichols-Roy is very thankful but there is a constitutional anomaly. Although the Constituent Assembly is not to find a remedy for that, yet I must sound a note of warning that this small district of Khasi Hills embraced 25 Native States most of which had treaty rights with the Suzerain power in Delhi. They were asked to join the Indian Dominion in 1947. Instrument of Accession accompanied by an agreement were executed by these Chiefs and they were accepted by the Central Government".

U Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u la kren ha ka 19 (khadkhyndia tarik bad u Syed Mahamad Saadullah u la kren ha ka 21 (arphew ewi) tarik November 1949 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew khyndai). Ia



ki jingken jong ki lah ban shem ha ka CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY DEBATES (Official Report). Volume XI (khadwei), pp. 708-711. (Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy) bad pp. 732-736 (Syed Mahamad Saadullah)

U Prof G.G. Swell ruh u pynkynmaw ia kiei kiba la jia ha ki snem naduh 1948 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew phra) haduh 1952 (shihajar khyndai spah sanphey ar), bad u ong kumne :—

The force that brought us together was the common desire to preserve our identity and distinctiveness. It was on this score that we opposed the coming of the Khasi States under the District Council which would be then under the aegis of the Government of Assam and therefore, would mean their automatic merger with Assam. We thought that by keeping these states as a separate entity it would quicker facilitate the creation of a separate state”.

Ia kitei ki jingong, u Prof. G.G. Swell u la pynpaw ha ka Kyrwoh (Message) jong u ia kaba la shon ha ka SOUVENIR ha ka snem 1977 (shihajar khyndai spah hynniew phew hynniew) kaba iasnoh bad ka jingpyndon - burom ia ka jingdap 100 (shispah) snem jong ka ngi-iap (Death Centenary) jong u Dr. Homiwell Lyngdoh. U Dr. Homiwell Lyngdoh u la long u Chairman jong ka Khasi States Constitution Making Durbar. Ha katei ka ‘Kyrwoh’ Message U Prof. G. G. Swell u pyndonkam ia kinc ki kyntien kiba ki ‘Student’ jong ka History bad Political Science kin ym lah khlem da puson duriap bad pyrkhlat.

“When our efforts collapsed despite the fact that we had a majority in the Constitution Making Durbar of the Khasi States of which Dr. Lyngdoh was the presiding officer, and Durbar itself was soon wound up under some what mysterious circumstances, I left the country for a stint of work abroad”.

## NAGALAND, ARUNACHAL PRADESH & MIZORAM

*L. Gilbert Shullai*

Ka ASSAM PROVINCE kumba ka long ha shwa ka 15 tarik August 1947 (Independence Day) ka kynthup ia kine ki bynta harum:—

### A “GENERAL AREAS”

1. Goalpara District
2. Kamrup District
3. Darrang District
4. Nowgong District
5. Sibsagar District
6. Lakhimpur District
7. Cachar District (lait noh ka North Cachar Hills Subdivision)
8. Sylhet District
9. Garo Hills District
10. Khasi & Jaintia Hills District

### B. EXCLUDED AREAS

1. North East Frontier (Sadiya, Balipara and Lakhimpur) Tract
2. Naga Hills District
3. Lushai Hills District
4. North Cachar Hills Subdivision

Kum ban shu pynkynmaw hangne, haba ong “Khasi & Jaintia Hills Districts” ka mut bad kynthup tang ia ki “British Areas”. Ki “Khasi States”, kim long hapoh ka “Khasi & Jaintia Hills District” ka mut bad kynthup tang ia ki “British Area”. Ki “Khasi States” kim long hapoh ka “Khasi & Jaintia Hills District” bad ki “Khasi States” ki hap hapoh u CROWN REPRESENTATIVE, bad u Governor of Assam u long u Agent jong u CROWN REPRESENTATIVE. U don u Political Officer, Khasi States uba iarap ia u Governor of Assam. Ia ujuh u briew uba trei kum u Deputy Commissioner, Khasi & Jaintia Hills District la thung ruh kum u Political Officer, Khasi States.

Ki don ki bynta hapoh ki “GENERAL AREA” ia kiba la ‘declare’ kum ki PARTIALLY EXCLUDED AREAS kat kum ba

paw na ka Government of India (Excluded and partially Excluded Areas) Order, 1936, bad kita ki long kine:—

1. Mikir Hills ba don hapoh ka Nowgong District bad Sib-sagar District.
2. Garo Hills District baroh kawei
3. Khasi & Jaintia Hills District baroh kawei (lait noh ita i bynta iba don hapoh jylli trei kam jong ka Shillong Municipality bad Shillong Cantonment).

Ki PARTIALLY EXCLUDED AREAS ki phah nongmihkhmat sha ka Assam Legislative Assembly, hynrei ha kajuha por u Governor of Assam u don ka bor halor jong ki kat kum ba la kdew ha sub-section (1) bad sub-section (2) jong ka Section 92 (khyndai phew ar) jong ka Government of India Act, 1935. Nangta pat ki EXCLUDED AREAS kim phah nongmihkhmat sha ka Assam Legislative Assembly. U Governor of Assam u don ka bor kaba kyrpang halor ki EXCLUDED AREAS kumba la kdew ha ka sub-section (3) jong ka Section 92 (khyndai phew ar) jong ka Government of India Act, 1935 bad ki kyntien ha ka ktien Phareng ki long kumne :—

“The Governor shall, as respects any area in a Province which for the time being an excluded area, exercise his functions in his discretion”.

Ki don ruh sa ki “TRIBAL AREAS” (tribal areas beyond the external boundaries of the Province of Assam), bad ia ka jingsynshar la aiti ha u Governor of Assam kum u Agent jong u Governor General of India kat kum ba ka paw na ka Notification No. IX, dated the 1st April 1937.

Te kumta ka don ka rukom synshar ha ka dur ka AGENCY ba la tip kum ka North East Frontier Agency.

Kane ka long ka Notification jong ka Government of India, External Affairs Department Notification No. IX, dated the 1st April 1937 ia kaba lah ban shem ha ka Gazette of India, Part II April 3, 1937, bad ha ka Constituent Assembly Debates, Official Report, Volume VII : p. 125 :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 123, read with sub-section (3) of Section 313 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the Governor of Assam to discharge as his Agent, in and in relation to the tribal areas beyond the external boundaries of the Province of Assam all functions hitherto

discharged in and in relation to the said areas by the said Governor as Agent to the Governor General in respect of the political control of the transborder tribes, the administration of the Assam Rifles and other armed civil forces."

Ha ka snem 1943 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew lai), ha ka jingiadei bad ka "North East Frontier", la pynmih sa kawei ka "Frontier Tract" ba tip kum ka "Tirap Frontier Tract" kat kum ba ka paw na ka North East Frontier Tracts (Internal Administration) Regulation, 1943 (REGULATION I OF 1943).

Ia kitei ki "tribal areas beyond the external boundaries of the Province of Assam" ("tribal areas on the frontier of the Province of Assam") la tip noh ham khadien kum ki "Assam Tribal Areas kat kum ka Notification No 387 NEF dated 30th October 1947 bad Notification No. 388 NEF dated 30th October 1947 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of India, Part I, Section 1, the 8th November 1947: (1464-1465). Ha kane ka bynta sngewbha ban pule ruh ia ka EXTRA PROVINCIAL JURISDICTION ACT, 1947.

Ka North East Frontier (Sadiya, Balipara, Tirap & Lakhimpur) Tracts, wat la ka dei makna ka "EXCLUDED AREA" pynban la synshar ia ka kumba ka dei ka "TRIBAL AREA". Kane ka paw ruh ha ka BORDOLOI SUB COMMITTEE REPORT, bad ki kyntien ha ka ktien Phareng ki long kumne :—

"In practice the position is peculiar. Though the Governor of Assam is vested with authority over Frontier Tracts, it is taken to be exercised, not by virtue of the provisions applicable to Excluded Areas of the Government of India Act, 1935, but as Agent of the Governor General under Section 123 of the Act, vide Notification No. I-X dated the 1st April 1937 of the Government of India in the External Affairs Department. All the costs of administration of the tracts are also borne by the Central Government and Central Government are inclined to treat them as tribal areas within the meaning of Section 311 of the Government of India Act".

Ka paw ba u Governor of Assam ha ki por synshar Phareng u long uba bun kam shisha, haba ia nujor bad kiwei ki Governor jong kiwei pat ki PROVINCE. U. J. P. Mills u la long u Adviser jong u Governor of Assam ha ka jingiadei bad ka North East Frontier Agency, bad Adviser Phareng ba khadduh eh u dei u G. E. D. Walker. Sh por had'en ka 15 tarik August 1947 (Independent Day) u la nang shu sah hi kum u Adviser bad hadien kata la wan shimti da u N. K. Rustomji.

Kat kum ka DRAFT CONSTITUTION OF INDIA ba la phah sha u President jong ka Constituent Assembly ha ka 21 (arphew wei tarik) February 1948 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew phra) ka paw ba don saw tylli ki "Frontier Tracts" bad kita ki long :—

1. Sadiya Frontier Tract
2. Balipara Frontier Tract,
3. Tirap Frontier Tract
4. Lakhimpur Frontier Tract.

Ha ka 3 (lai) tarik June 1948 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew phra) la phiah ia ka Sadiya Frontier Tract ha ar tylli ki District ba la tip kum ka Abor Hills District bad ka Mishmi Hills District kat kum ba ka paw na ka North East Frontier Tracts (Internal Administration) Regulation 1948 (REGULATION I OF 1948.

Kat kum ka CONSTITUTION OF INDIA ba la pass da ka Constituent Assembly of India ha ka 26 (arphew hynriew) tarik November 1949 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew khyndai) ka "Lakhimpur Frontier Tract" kam shym paw kyrteng shuh hynrei paw kyrteng sa tang kine harum :—

1. Balipara Frontier Tract.
2. Tirap Frontier Tract.
3. Abor Hills District.
4. Mishmi Hills District.

Haba pule ia ka FIRST SCHEDULE bad ia ka SIXTH SCHEDULE jong ka CONSTITUTION OF INDIA kat kum ba la pass da ka Constituent Assembly of India ha ka 26 (arphew hynriew) tarik November 1949 (shihajar khyndai spah sawphew khyndai) ka paw ba ia ki "ASSAM TRIBAL AREAS" la tip noh "NAGA TRIBAL AREA". Shuh shuh haba pule ia ka Part B jong ka TABLE kaba don hapoh ka paragraph 20 (arphew) jong katei ka SIXTH SCHEDULE ka paw ba ka - 1. North East Frontier Tract, including Balipara Frontier Tract, Tirap Frontier Tract, Abor Hills District and Mishmi Hills district bad 2. Naga Tribal Area kim hap phah M. L. A. sha Assam Legislative Assembly, namar ki hap hapoh ka jingpyniaid u President of India (lyngba u Governor of Assam kum u AGENT) kat kum ba la kdew ha ka paragraph 18 (khadphra) jong katei ka SIXTH SCHEDULE. Kumta ia ka North East Frontier Agency kaba la kut ha ka 25 arphew san tarik January 1950 (Republic Eve)

la nang bteng pat naduh ka 26 (arphew hynriew) tarik January 1950 (Republic Day).

Ha ka snem 1954, kat kum ka North East Frontier Area (Administration) Regulation, 1954 la phiah ia ka Balipara Frontier Tract ha ki artylli ki Division ba la tip kumne :

1. Subansiri Frontier Division.
2. Kameng Frontier Division.

Nangta ia kine harum la tip noh da ka kyrteng kat kum ba la kdew ha pyrshah jong ki kumne harum :—

- |                          |                             |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3. Tirap Frontier Tract  | Tirap Frontier Division     |
| 4. Abor Hills District   | Siang Frontier Division     |
| 5. Mishmi Hills District | Lohit Frontier Division     |
| 6. Naga Tribal Area      | Tuensang Frontier Division. |

Ha ka snem 1957, kat kum ka Naga Hills Tuensang Area Act, 1957 la weng noh ia ka Tuensang Frontier Division na ka North East Frontier Agency.

Ha ka jingiadei bad ka "NAGALAND" nalog katei ka Naga Hills Tuensang Area Act, 1957 don sa kine ki Ain kiba iasnoh bad ka jingpoi jong ka "NAGALAND" sha ka kyrdan "STATE" :—

1. Naga Hills Tuensang Area (Administration) Regulation, 1957.
2. Nagaland (Transitional Provisiors) Regulation, 1961
3. Constitution (Thirteenth Amendment) Act, 1962
4. State of Nagaland Act, 1962.

Nangta ha ka snem 1965, kat ki m ka North East Frontier Agency (Administration) Regulation, 1965 la kine ki san tylli ki Frontier Division hapoh North East Frontier Agency la tip noh kum ki District.

1. Kameng District
2. Subansiri District
3. Siang District
4. Lohit District
5. Tirap District

Naduh ka snem 1972, kat kum ka North Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971 ia ka North East Frontier Agency la pynlong Union Territory bad jer kyrteng "Arunachal Pradesh".

Kat ki m ki kyndon kiba don ha katei ka North Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971 ka Mizoram ruh (ba la ju tip kum ka Lushai Hills District jong ka Assam Province) ka don ha ka kyrdan UNION TERRITORY, bad ka jingkhmih lynti ka long ba kan sa poi sha ka kyrdan STATE.

## HADIEN KA REPUBLIC DAY

— *L. Gilbert Shullai*

Bad u Shri Gopinath Bardoloi u la khlad noh na ka pyr-  
rhei ha ka 5 (san) tarik August 1950 (shihajar khyndai spah san  
phew), bad la long Chief Minister, hadien jong u da u Shri  
Bishnuram Medhi.

Haduh ka 3 (lai) tarik March 1952 (shihajar khyndai spah  
sanphew ar) ym pat don M.L.A. na ki "Khasi States" ha ka  
Assam Legislative Assembly. Niduh ka 26 tarik January 1950  
(Republic Day) ia ki "Assam Tribal Areas" bad ia ki "Khasi States"  
la pynwan hapoh u pud u sam jong ka Assam State kat kum  
ka jingbatai pyashui (description) kaba don ha ki FIRST SCHE-  
DULE jong ka CONSTITUTION OF INDIA. Pynban wat la ki  
"KHASI STATES" don mikar hapoh u pud u sam jong ka ASSAM  
STATE hynrei ki "KHASI STATES" kim pat don M.L.A. hapoh  
ka Assam Legislative Assembly tad haduh ka 4 (saw) tarik March  
1952 (shihajar khyndai spah sanphew ar) namar ka Assam Legis-  
lative Assembly kat kum ki kyndai kiba don ha ka CONSTITU-  
TION OF INDIA ka ia kyaduh nyangkong ha ka 4 (saw) tarik  
March 1952 (shihajar khyndai spah sanphew ar).

Don kawoi ka jingjia ha ka snem 1950 (shihajar khyndai  
spah sanphew) ha kaba la thung ia kawoi ka Commission na ka  
bynta bin dkhut shui ia ka SHILLONG ia ki katto-katne ki  
bynta ba hip hapoh ka United Khasi Jaintia Hills Autonomous  
District. La pynbna ia ka jingthung ia katei ka Commission ha-  
poh Notification No. TAD/R/40/50 dated the 2nd November 1950  
ba la shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No.53, dated  
the 3rd November 1950 (Appendix XV). Hynrei ia katei ka Com-  
mission la pynkut noh (dssolve) kat kum ba ka paw na ka Notifi-  
cation No. TDA/R/40/50/73 dated the 22nd November 1951 ba la  
shon ha Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 30, dated the 22nd  
November 1951 (Appendix XVI). Don ruh sa kawoi ka jingjia ha  
ka snem 1951 ha kaba ia ka BLOCK I bad BLOCK II la  
dkhat noh na ka United Khasi - Jaintia Hills Autonomous  
District kat kum ka Notification No. TAD/R/31/148 dated the 13th  
April 1951 bad pyniasoh bad ka Mikir Hills Autonomous District kat  
kum ka Notification No. TAD/R/31/149 dated the 13th April 1951. Ia  
ki Notification la shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, dated 13th  
April 1951 pp.50-60. Kane ka jingleh ka ktah shibun, bad ka long ka  
jingbymkheinsnep ia ka Rai jong ka KHASI STATES CONSTITU-  
TION MAKING DURBAR. kaba la iakynduh ha ka 21 (ar phew-

wei) tarik July 1949 (shi bazar khyndai spah sawphew khyndai) ha Dinam Hall, Jaiaw Shillong. Ia ka Instrument of Accession ba la soi ki "Khasi States" bad ba la pdiang da u Governor-General of India, bad kumjuh ruh ia ka Rai jong ka Khasi States Constitution Making Durbar lah ban shem ia ka kot HIMA KHASI.

Kum ban shu pynkynmaw, ka Assam Government ha ka snem 1950 ka thung ia kawei ka Commission kat kum ka Notification No. TAD/2/31/50 dated 3.10.50 ba shch ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary No. 48, dated 6th October 1950. pp.279-281. Kater ka Commission ka kynthup hynriew ngut ki dkhot, lad u wei na kita u dei u Bah Laisingh Khyrim (tba long M. L. A. la kata ka por). Haba shu kren kyllum, kene ka Commission ka la 'recn mend ban weng noh na ka "United Khasi-Jaintia Hills" ia kitei ki jaka (Block I bad Block II). La ngewthuh ba u Bah Laisingh Khyrim u la ai 'note of dissent'. Ka Assam Government ka la pdiang ia ka 'recn mendation' jong ka Commission.

Ha kaba sdang, ka Mikir Hills Autonomous District bad ka North Cachar Hills Autonomous District ki den hapoh kawei lad kumjuh ka "Administrative District" ba la jer kyrteng "United District of Mikir and North Cachar Hills". Ha kaba ia dei bad ka ne, lah ban shem ia ki jingiakren la ka 26 tarik March 1951 ba lah ban shem ia ki 'proceeding' jong ka Assam Legislative Assembly 1951 ha ka page 650-651 jeng Vol. I. No. 12 kaba dei shaphang ka "Report of the Mikir Hills Boundary Commission", bad kumjuh ruh ia ki jingiakren ha ka 27 tarik March 1951 ha ka page 725-727 jong ka Vol. I. No. 13 kaba dei shaphang ka "Short Notice Resolution—Re: Creation of a separate Administrative United District of the Mikir and North Cachar Hills". Ia ka Administrative District ba la jer kyrteng "United District of the Mikir and North Cachar Hills" la pylong kat kum ka Section 3 jong ka Assam United District of Mikir and North Cachar Hills (Administration) Regulation, 1951 (Regulation No. X of 1951) ba la shon hapoh ka Notification No. TAD R/31/50/1950 dated 27.8.51. Ia kane ka Notification yngkat lad ka Regulation No. X of 1951 lah ban shem ha ka page 60-71 jong ka kot "Rules for the Administration of Justice/Police in the Autonomous District of Assam" (Printed at the Assam Government Press, Shillong 1961).

Kat kum ka CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, ka Legislature jong ka ASSAM STATES ka kynthup targ kawei ka ling Dortar kaba ki khot Legislative Assembly. Ka Legislative Assembly kata nyrgkong jong ka Assam State kat kum ka Constitution of India, ka la ia kynduh nyngkong ha ka 4 tarik March 1952 ha ka por 10 A.M. (shipbew baje mynstep). La pyniad ia ka dortar da u Shri Purandar Sarma ia uba la thung da u Governor ban nang pyniad shipor tad haduh ban da jied ia u Speaker jong ka Legislative Assembly.



**Ka Legislative Assembly kaba nyngkong (1952-1957) ka kynthup, nalor kiwei pat, san ngut ki Khasi, bad kita ki long kine :—**

1. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy (Shillong)
2. Mr. A. Alley (Nongpoh)
3. Mr. Maham Singh
4. Mr. Kistobin Rymbai (Jowai), bad
5. Mr. A. S. Khongphai (Nongstoin).

Shwa ia katei ka 4 (saw) tarik March 1952 (shihajar khyndai spah sanpew ar), la lah pynlong ia ka Ministry hapoh ka jinglong Chief Minister jong u Bishnuram Medhi, bad u Bishnuram Medhi u bat halade ia ka T. A. D. (Tribal Areas Department). Ha ka sngi kaba bud (5 tarik March 1952) ka Legislative Assembly ka la ia kynduh biang, bad ka la jied ia u Shri Kaludhar Ahaliha ban long u Speaker. Shwa ban kut ka snem 1957 (shihajar khyndai spah sanpew hynniew) u Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy u la risain noh na ka Ministry, bad la thung ha ka jaka jong u ia u Mr. A. Alley.

**Ka Legislative Assembly kaba ar (1957 - 1962) ka kynthup nalor kiwei pat, san ngut ki Khasi, bad kita ki long kine :—**

1. Mr. B. M. Roy (Shillong),
2. Mr. Jormanik Syiem (Nongpoh),
3. Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy (Sohra),
4. Mr. Larsingh Khyriem (Jowai), bad
5. Mr. H. Cotton (Nongstoin).

Ka la don ka 'Election Case' ba la ai da u Mr. W. Reade pyrshah ia u Returning Officer (Election Petition No. 181 of 1957) la ka Rai jong ka Election Tribunal la pynmih hapoh ka Election Commission Notification No. 82/181/57/6902 dated the 21st November 1957 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 105, November 28, 1957: pp.753-773. Ka 'appeal' (First Appeal No.51 of 1957) ka la leit sha High Court. Ia ka Rai ka High Court la pynmih hapoh ka Election Commission Notification No. 82/181/57/5946, dated the 10th May 1958 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 59, May 15, 1958: pp.365-382.

Hadien ba la pynmih ia ka Rai jong ka High Court, la pynlong ia ka 'Bye-Election', bad la jied biang ia u Mr. Jormanik Syiem.

Ha ka 1 (shi) tarik November 1959, U Rev. J. J. M. Nichols-Roy (Sohra) u la khlad noh na ka pyrthei. Ha ka 'Bye-Election' kaba la long ha ka 7 (hynniew) tarik January 1960 la jied ia u Mr. Maham Singh.

Ka Legislative Assembly kaba lai (1962-1967) ka kynthup nalog kiwei pat, san ngut ki Khasi ia kiba la jied halor ka nongrim ialeh "HILL STATE", bad ha kaba nyngkong ka kynthup ia kine:—

1. Mr. W. Reade (Shillong)
2. Mr. B. B. Lyngdoh (Nongpoh),
3. Mr. S. D. D. Nichols-Roy (Sohra),
4. Mr. H. E. Pohshna (Jowai), bad
5. Mr. H. S. Lyngdoh (Nongstoin).

Ka la don ka "Election Case" pyrshah ia u Mr. S. D. D. Nichols-Roy (Election Petition No. 43 of 1962). Ia ka Rai jong ka Election Tribunal la pynmih hapoh ka Election Commission Notification No.82/43/62, dated the 16th October 1962 bad shon ha Assam Gazette, Part III October 31, 1962, pp. 173-200. Ka 'appeal' ka la leit sha High Court, hynrei ka la shu kut noh kumto namar baroh kitei ki M.L.A. ba la jied halor ka nongrim ialeh "HILL STATE" ki la risain noh (lait tang u Mr. H. E. Pohshna ubaym treh ban risain). La pynlong ia ka 'Bye-Election' ha u bnai April jong ka snem kaba bud, kata ha ka snem 1963 bad la jied ia kine:—

1. Mr. H. Hynniewta (Shillong),
2. Mr. B. B. Lyngdoh (Nongpoh)
3. Mr. S.D.D. Nichols-Roy (Sohra), bad
4. Mr. H. S. Lyngdoh (Nongstoin).

Hadien katei ka 'Bye Election', ka la don b'ang ka 'Election Case' pyrshah ia u Mr. S. D. D. Nichols-Roy (Election Petition No. 3 of 1963). Ia ka Rai jong ka Election Tribunal la pynmih hapoh ka Election Commission Notification No 82/3/63 dated the 17th February 1964 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Part II February 26, 1964 : pp 79-94. Ka 'appeal' (First Appeal No. 29 of 1964 - Election) ka la leit sha High Court. Ia ka Rai jong ka High Court la pynmih hapoh ka Election Commission Notification No. 82/3/63, dated the 20th July 1965 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Part III, August 4, 1965 : pp. 47-58.

Ka Legislative Assembly kaba san (1967-1972) ka kynthup nalog kiwei pat, san ngut ki Khasi ia kiba la jied halor ka nongrim ialeh "HILL STATE" bad kita ki long kine :—

1. Mr. H. Hynniewta (Shillong),
2. Mr. B. B. Lyngdoh (Nongpoh),
3. Mr. S. D. D. Nichols-Roy (Sohra),
4. Mr. E. Bareh (Jowai), bad
5. Mr. H. S. Lyngdoh (Nongstoin).

Ka don kawei ka Song kaba la pynithuh la lade da ka kyrteŋg SHILLONG UNITED CITIZENS ASSOCIATION kaba la pahh 'Delegation' sha Delhi, bad ai ruh ia ka 'Memorandum' kat kum ba ka paw na ka Jingpynshai (Appendix XVII) kaba 27 tarik January 1967 jong katei ka Song hapoh ka 'heading' WHY DID THE DELEGATION OF THE S. U. C. A. GO TO DELHI ba lah ban shem ha ka kot "BA IOH NGI KLET" (Part II), ba lah pynmih da u Bah L. Gilbert Shullai ha ka snem 1969 (shihajar khyndai spah hynriew phew khyndai).

Naduh ba la pynlong ia ka MEGHALAYA AUTONOMOUS STATE, ha ka 2 (ar) tarik April 1970 (shihajar khyndai spah hynriew phew) kat kum ki kyndon kiba don ha ASSAM REORGANISATION (MEGHALAYA) ACT, 1969, ki M.L.A. kiba na ka 'area' kaba hap hapoh ka jylli trei kam 'attend' shuh ia ki dorbar jong ka ASSAM Legislative Assembly. Kum ban shu pynkynmaw hingne, don i bynta iba hap hapoh ka SHILLONG CONSTITUENCY ia iba la weng noh na ka jylli trei kam jong ka MEGHALAYA AUTONOMOUS STATE kat kum ba ka paw na ka Section 3 (lai) jong ka Assam Reorganisation (Meghalaya) Act, 1969. Shaphang kaba pyrshah bad iaishah ia ka jingpdang ia ka AUTONOMOUS STATE yn ym ia tai hangne, hynrci lah ban pynkynmaw ba naduh ka 1 (shi) tarik June 1968, ki M.L.A. kiba dei na 'area' kaba hap hapoh ka MEGHALAYA ki la lah risain kat kum ba ka paw na ka Notification No. 1934 LA dated the 3rd June 1968 ba la shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary No 56 June 3, 1968.

Ha ka 6 (hynriew) tarik August 1969, u Bah Bnein Barch u la buh dak ha ki sia jong ka History ia leh "Hill State" da kaba leit na "Visitor's Gallery" ban 'address' ia ka dorbar jong ka Assam Legislative Assembly. Kat kum ba ka paw ha ka kot khubar ASSAM TRIBUNE (7th August 1969), u Bnein Barch, shuwa ba un pynhap ia ki jingthoh ("leaflets"), u la pyndonkam ia kine ki kyntien—"My submission is, Sir, that this House does not have any right to discuss about the hill when it does not have their representation."

Ia ka Meghalaya Autonomous State la pynlong ha ka 2 tarik April 1970 kat kum ki kyndon kiba don ha ka Assam Reorganisation (Meghalaya) Act, 1969 ba la shon ha ka Gazette of India, Part II of Section I, dated the 30th December, 1969, nangta la pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Assam Notification No. L.J.L. 62/69—98, dated the 9th January 1970 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 4 : Monday, January 12, 1970.

Ka Section 2 (ar) ba 13 (lai) jong katei ka Act ka la trei kam naduh ka 12 (kha-dar) tarik January 1970 kat kum ba ka paw na ka Government of India Notification G.S.R. No. 74, dated the 12th January 1970 ba la pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of

**Assam Notification No. TAD/R/400/69, dated the 17th January 1970 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No.5 : Saturday, January 17, 1970.**

Ka ktien "appointed day" ha ka Section 3 (1) jong katei ka Act ka mut 2 (ar) tarik April 1970 kat kum ba la pan na ka Government of India Notification G.S.R. No. 75, dated the 12th January 1970 ba la pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Assam Notification No. TAD/R/400/69, dated the 17th January 1970 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 5: Saturday, January 17, 1970.

Ka Central Government ka la buh sngi ba hapoh ka 23 (arphew lai) tarik February 1970 ki District Council jong ka North Cachar Hills bad Mikir Hills kin rai la ki mon ne em ban don hapoh u pud u sam jong ka Meghalaya Autonomous State. Kane ka long kat kum ka Government of India Notification G.S.R. No. 76, dated the 12th January 1970 ba la pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Assam notification No. TAD/R/400/69, dated the 17th January 1970 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 5: Saturday, January 17, 1970

Kat kum ka Government of India Notification G.S.R. No. 312, dated the 25th February 1970, u President of India u la pynbeit ba ka Provisional Legislative Assembly jong ka Meghalaya Autonomous State kan kynthup 38 (laiphew phra) ngut ki Elected Member (Garo Hills: 16, United Khasi-Jaintia Hills: 18, bad Jowai : 4). Ia katei ka Notification la pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Assam Notification No. TAD/R/83/70/9, dated the 5th March 1970 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 23: Thursday, March 5, 1970.

Kat kum ka Government of Assam Notification No. AAP. 241/69/PF/1, dated the 31st March 1970 la ai sha ka Government of Meghalaya (ia kaba yn dang kha ha ka 2 tarik April 1970) ia u Shri K.L. Pasricha, I.A.S. Additional Adviser, Hill: Areas, Assam bad ia kiwei kiwei de ki ophisar. Ia katei ka Notification la shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Part I, No. 18 : Wednesday, May 6, 1970 pp. 1377-1379.

Kat kum ka Government of Meghalaya Notification No. A-22012/1/70/per/1, dated the 2nd April 1970 la thung ia u Shri K.L. Pasricha, I.A.S. ban long u Cheif Secretary jong ka Government of Meghalaya. Ia katei ka Notification la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya, Extraordinary, No. 1: Thursday, April 2, 1970 ba la soi da u **B. K. NEHRU, GOVERNOR OF MEGHALAYA.**

Kat kum ka Government of Meghalaya Notification No. A-22011/70-per/3 dated the 2nd April 1970 la thung Chief Minister ia u Shri Williamsen A. Sangma tæd Ministers ia kine harum :—

1. Shri Stanley D.D. Nichols-Roy
2. Shri Brington Buhai Lyngdoh
3. Shri Edwingsen Bareh
4. Shri Sandford K. Marak.

Kitei ki Rangbah ki la shum srnai ha ka por shwa ka shiteng sngei (forenoon) jong ka 2 (ar) tarik April 1970. Ia katei ka Notification la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya, Extraordinary, No. 1: Thursday April 2, 1970 : p. 21.

Kawei ra ki sngei kila khraw tam ha ka jingialeh "Hill State" la dei katei ka 2 (ar) tarik April 1970, namar dei la katei la sngei ba la pyniong ngain ia ki ar lieng surok jorg ka lynti iaid jong ka Prime Minister lata ka wan hiar arsut na ka jaka hiar Helicopter, Upper Shillong sha Raj Bhavan bad rangta sha Garrison Ground Shillong ban kren ha ka jingialang paidlah kaba iasnoh bad ka jingplie (inauguration) ia ka Meghalaya Autonomous State ia kaba ia ka jingpyrshah la pynaw da kata rah ia ki lama iorg kita don na ki "Volunteer" ki dang tuh tynghai ia kita ki lama iong haduh mynta.

Ka Provisional Legislative Assembly jeng ka Meghalaya Autonomous State ka la ia kynduh myngkong eh ha District Council Hall, Tuia, ha ka por 8.30 A.M. (phra shiteng mynstep) ha ka 14 (khadaw) tarik April 1970. La pyniad ia ka Dorbar da u Pah Simon Jenkin Durcin (Acting Speaker). Rangta la jied ia u Pief Radhen Singh Lyngdoh ban lorg u Speaker. La pynwai (adjourned) ia ka jingiasfeng dorbar, bad ka Provisional Legislative Assembly ka la ia kynduh biang ha Assembly Chamber, Shillong la ka por 10 A.M. (shiphew taje mynstep) ha ka 20 (aiphew) tarik April 1970.

Ha ka 20 (aiphew) tarik January 1972 ym dei ha ka 21 (aiphew wei) tarik January 1972 ka Prime Minister ka la wan tan kien la ka jingialang padbah ha Polo Ground, Shillong kaba iasnoh bad ka jingplie (Inauguration) ia ka Meghalaya State.

Ia ka Provisional Legislative Assembly jeng ka Meghalaya Autonomous State la jyrkut (dissolve) ha ka 16 (khad-hynriew) tarik March 1972 da ka CRDIF jeng u Governor ba la pynmih hapch ka Notification No AS.3/MIA/235, dated the 16th March 1972 ia kaba la shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya Extraordinary, No. 49: Thursday, March 16, 1972.

Ia ka North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971 la shon ha ka Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II of Section I dated the 31st December 1971 bad la pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Assam Notification No. LJI. 50/70/173, dated the 18th January 1972 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette, Extraordinary No. 10, Thursday 19, 1972.

Ka ktien "appointed day" ha ka Section 5 jong katei ka Act ka mit 21 (arphew-wei) tarik January 1972 kat kum ba ka paw na ka Government of India Notification G. S. R. 18(E) dated the 6th January 1972 ba la pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Assam Notification No. TAD/R/141/71, dated the 19th January 1972 bad shon ha ka Assam Gazette Extraordinary No. 9 Wednesday, January 19, 1972.

Ka Legislative Assembly jong ka Meghalaya State kaba kynthup 60 (hynriewphew) ngut ki Member ba la jied (elected) da ki paidbah ka la ia kynduh nyangkong eh ha ka 25 (arphew san) tarik March 1972 ha Assamby Chamber, Shillong. La pyniaid ia ka dorbar da u Bah Jormanik Syiem (Acting Speaker). Nangta la jied ia u Prof. Radhon Singh Lyngdoh ban long u Speaker.

Ia ka 'Capital' jong ka Assam State la pynkynriah na Shillong sha Dispur (Gauhati) ha ka 26 (arphew hynriew) tarik January 1974 (shihajar khyndai spah hynriew phew saw) kat kum ka Notification No. GAG.7/74/1, dated the 26th January 1974 ba la shon ha ka Assam Gazette Extraordinary, No. 10 Saturday, January 26, 1974 (Appendix XX).

Ym shym don Notification ba la pynmih da ka Government of Meghalaya ban pynbia ba ka Shillong ka dei ka 'Capital' jong ka Meghalaya Sigewmit khlem da pynmih Notification ruh ka shu biang hi.

Hadien, ia ka North Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971 la 'amend' kat kum ka North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1974 pule lang bad ka North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) (Amendment) Act, 1974. Ia ka Ordinance, 1974 la shon ha ka Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II of Section I, dated the 19th January 1974 bad pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Meghalaya Notification No. LL.20/74/2 dated the 25th January 1974 bad ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya Extraordinary, No.7, Friday, January 25, 1974. Ia ka Act pat la shon ha ka Gazette of India, Part II of Section I. dated the 27th March 1974 bad pynmih biang hapoh ka Government of Meghalaya Notification No. LL. 20/74/50 dated the 28th March 1974: bad shon ha ka Gazette of Meghalaya, Part VII, June 8, 1974 pp.152-153.

Naduh ka 21 tarik January 1972 ia ka 'Capital' jong ka Assam State la dei ban pynkynriah sha ka jaka kaba don hapoh ka Assam State, hynrei la nang shu pynneh shipor ha Shillong haduh ka 25 tarik January 1974.

Ka long ka jingjia kaba yn sah iathuh khana ba ka Gauhati ka la long ka Headquarters jong ka Assam Division, kam shym la ioh ia ka kyrdan ban long ka 'Capital' jong ka Assam Province (Chief Commissioner's Province) ba la pynlong ha ka snem 1874, kat kum ka Government of India, Home Department Notification No. 380, dated the 6th February 1874 (Ref: Gazette of India, 7th February 1874, Part I, page 53). Kat kum ka Notification No. 49, dated Shillong the 20th March 1874 (Ref: File No. 23 aG of 1874; Serial 2), la pynbna ba ka Shillong ka la long ka 'Capital' jong ka Assam Province naduh ka tei ka tarik (20 tarik March 1874). U Chief Commissioner's uba nyngkong eh jong ka Assam Province (Chief Commissioner's Province) u dei Lt. Col R. H. Keatings.

Kumba 6 (hynriew) snem ei ei, naduh ka snem 1905 haduh 1911 ka Shillong ka la duh ia ka jinglong kum ka 'Capital' jong ka Province. Hapoh kine ki snem ia ka Bengal la phiah ha ki ar bynta. Ia ka Assam la pyniasoh lang bad ka Eastern Bengal hapoh ka kyrteng thymmai "Eastern Bengal & Assam", bad ka 'Capital' ka la long ka Dacca. Kane ka jingpynbeit ka la neh shipor, bad ka Bengal ka la long biang kawei ka Province. Ka Assam ruh ka la kylla long Province biang, bad la pynlong biang ia ka Shillong ka 'Capital' jong ka Assam. Hadien, na ka kyrdan Chief Commissioner's Province ka Assam ka la poi sha ka kyrdan Governor's Province. Ka Shillong ka la iai sah ruh kum ka 'Capital' jong ka Assam haduh ka 25 tarik January 1974. U Governor uba nyngkong eh jong Assam Province (Governor's Province, u dei u Sir Nicholas Dodd Beatson Bell.

Naduh ka 26 tarik January 1974, ka Shillong kam shym long shuh ka 'Capital' jong ka Assam. U Chief Secretary jong ka Government of Assam, Shri Dharmananda Das u la pule ia ka Notification No. GAG. 7/74/1 dated Dispur the 26th January 1947 Ref: Assam Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 10, Dispur Saturday, January 26, 1974 ha khmat u paidbah uba wan sha ka jingpyn-donburom ia ka Republic day ha Dispur (Gauhati).

Ka lah ban long ka jingjia ryngkhat ne ka lah ban long ka jingleh khnang, hynrei ka jingshisha te ka sah ba Government of Assam ka la pynbeit ba ka Shillong kan dang long hi ha 'Capital' ka Assam sa katto-katne sngi hadien ba kut ka snem 1973. Da kata ka jingpynbeit, ka Shillong ka la ioh ban dap 100 (shispah) snem kum ka 'Capital' ka Assam. La don ka jingkhmih lynti ba ka Government of

Assam kan pyndonburom ia ka jingdap 100 (shispah) snem jong ka Shillong kum ka 'Capital' ka Assam, hynrei tang 25 sngi (kata naduh ka 1 tarik haduh ka 25 tarik) ka long ka por kaba lyngkot shibun eh. Lah ban shim ba kine 25 (arphewsan) ki long ki sngi pyndonburom jong ka Government of Assam ia ka jinglap 100 (shispah) snem jong ka Shillong kum ka 'Capital' ka Assam namar lada la pynkynriah ia ka 'Capital' na Shillong sha Dispur (Gauhati) ha ka snem 1973, te ka Shillong kan jin da la duh ia ka nam ba ka la long ka 'Capital' ka Assam 100 (shispah) snem.

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\*Hills portion of Jaintia State was known as Jowai Sub-division vide Notification, dated the 16th November, 1869 published in the Calcutta Gazette: November 24, 1869 : p.2067.

In 1951 Block-I and Block-II were excluded from the Jowai Sub-division, and in 1972, Jowai Subdivision was upgraded and known as Jaintia Hills District comprising of six segments with nineteen Flakas :

- |                   |                            |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Tiangtangjingi | a) Elaka Nartiang;         |
|                   | b) Elaka Shilliang-Myntang |
|                   | c) Elaka Nongjingi         |
| 2. Soliangpung    | a) Elaka Mynso             |
|                   | b) Elaka Raliang           |
|                   | c) Elaka Shangpung         |
| 3. Kutwaibah      | a) Elaka Maskut            |
|                   | b) Elaka Jowai             |
|                   | c) Elaka Nongbah           |
| 4. Khliehngapung  | a) Elaka Nongkhlieh        |
|                   | b) Elaka Sutnga            |
|                   | c) Elaka Saipung           |
| 5. Puhdongbai     | a) Elaka Narpuh            |
|                   | b) Elaka Lakadong          |
|                   | c) Elaka Rymbai            |
| 6. Rangtorwilang  | a) Elaka Darrang           |
|                   | b) Elaka Satpator          |
|                   | c) Elaka Amwi              |
|                   | d) Elaka Nongtalang        |
-

## REDISCOVERY OF EAST MEGHALAYA : LAND OF "KI HYNNEW TREP"

—L. Gilbert Shullai

Assuming that Nongstoin State, one of the biggest "Khasi Native States" had become part of "British India", there is every possibility that the nomenclature "Khasi & Jaintia Hills District" would have been "Khasi & Nongstoin Hills District". But that had not happened. By the way, had Jaintia State, one of the biggest "Khasi Native States" remained as one of the "Native States", the course of History of "Khasi & Jaintia Hills District" (which is part of "British India") on one hand and the "Khasi States" (known as "Indian States" for the purpose of Section 311 of the Government of India Act, 1935 as originally enacted) on the other would have changed and there is every possibility that "United Khasi States" (or the Federation of the Khasi States) would have become Part C State/ Union Territory, and might by this time attained a position of a State as Himachal Pradesh or as Manipur or Tripura.

It may be mentioned here that Dr. S. K. Bhuyan, former Vice-Chancellor, Gauhati University very appropriately and rightly said—"A HISTORY OF THE KHASI STATES, AND OF EACH OF THE STATES SEPARATELY HAVE BECOME A DESIDERATUM" (Ref. Introduction by S. K. Bhuyan in KI SNGI BA RIM U HYNNEW TREP by U Soso Tham). Generally speaking, EAST MEGHALAYA comprises of the erstwhile "Khasi States" and "Khasi & Jaintia Hills District". Here is a proforma relating to an connected with the preparation of Monograph or Polygraph on EAST MEGHALAYA: LAND OF "KI HYNNEW TREP". Besides the States mentioned below (Section "A"), there are also some States and Territories (Section "B") which have become part of "British India" through negotiations or otherwise.

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## SECTION "A"

## Name of States

## Heads of States

## CHAPTER I

Nongstoin

Syiem

## CHAPTER II

- |    |   |       |
|----|---|-------|
| 1. | Shillong State (Undivided Shillong State) | Syiem |
| 2. | Khyrim State                              | Syiem |
| 3. | Mylliem State                             | Syiem |
|    | including—                                |       |
|    | (a) Sherernagar                           |       |
|    | (b) Maganzienagar                         |       |
|    | (c) Cantlienagar                          |       |

## CHAPTER III

Jaintia State	Syiem
(became part of "British India"	
from 1835).	

## CHAPTER IV

- |    |               |           |
|----|---------------|-----------|
| 1. | Sohra State   | Syiem     |
| 2. | Shella State  | Wahadadar |
| 3. | Mawlong State | Sirdar    |

## CHAPTER V

- |    |                   |        |
|----|-------------------|--------|
| 1. | Mawsynram State   | Syiem  |
| 2. | Malaisohmat State | Syiem  |
| 3. | Bhowal State      | *Syiem |

(\*U Duba Singh, who passed away in January 1869, was the last Syiem belonging to "Ka Jaid Syiem". A Sirdar by the name U Khyllait succeeded, and U Khyllait was succeeded by U Lurshai. And on 11th April 1879, U Lurshai was designated as "Syiem" of Bhowal by the British Government. The subsequent Head of State of Bhowal was known as "Syiem".

- |    |                       |        |
|----|-----------------------|--------|
| 4. | Dwaranongtyrmen State | Sirdar |
| 5. | Mawdon State          | Sirdar |

## CHAPTER VI

- |    |               |       |
|----|---------------|-------|
| 1. | Myriaw State  | Syiem |
| 2. | Rambrai State | Syiem |

## CHAPTER VII

- |    |                    |       |
|----|--------------------|-------|
| 1. | Mawiang State      | Syiem |
| 2. | Nobosoliphoh State | Syiem |
| 3. | Maharam State      | Syiem |
| 4. | Langrin State      | Syiem |

## CHAPTER VIII

- |    |                 |        |
|----|-----------------|--------|
| 1. | Nongkhlaw State | Syiem  |
| 2. | Nongspung State | Syiem  |
| 3. | Jirang State    | *Syiem |

(\*In 1946, when U Sirendro Wahlang was the Head of State, the designation of the Head of State from "Sirdar" to "Syiem" was changed by the British Government).

## CHAPTER IX

- |    |                  |         |
|----|------------------|---------|
| 1. | Sohiong State    | Lyngdoh |
| 2. | Lyngiong State   | Lyngdoh |
| 3. | Mawphilang State | Lyngdoh |
| 4. | Nonglwai State   | Sirdar  |
| 5. | Pamsanngut State | Sirdar  |

## SECTION "B"

Names of States/Territories	Head of States/Territories
-----------------------------	----------------------------

## CHAPTER I

Nongwah*	*now in Kamrup District of Assam.
----------	-----------------------------------

## CHAPTER II

- |    |         |   |
|----|---------|---|
| 1. | Nongpoh | Sirdar*   |
|    |         | (*Sirdar of Nongpoh belongs to "Ka Jaid Syiem") |
| 2. | Myrdon  | Sirdar  |

## CHAPTER III

- |    |                |        |
|----|----------------|--------|
| 1. | Laitlyngkot    | Sirdar |
| 2. | Laitkroh       | Sirdar |
| 3. | Mawbeh-Larkhar | Sirdar |
| 4. | Marbisu        | Sirdar |

## CHAPTER IV

- |                |        |
|----------------|--------|
| 1. Jyrngam     | Sirdar |
| 2. Nongriangsi | Sirdar |
| 3. Nonglang    | Sirdar |

## CHAPTER V

- |                |        |
|----------------|--------|
| 1. Umniuh-Tmar | Sirdar |
| 2. Lakading    | Sirdar |
| 3. Tynriang    | Sirdar |
| 4. Nongjri     | Sirdar |

## CHAPTER VI

- |                        |        |
|------------------------|--------|
| 1. Saitsöphen          | Sirdar |
| 2. Mawmluh             | Sirdar |
| 3. Mawsmat-Nongthymmai | Sirdar |

## CHAPTER VII

- |                 |        |
|-----------------|--------|
| 1. Nongbah      | Sirdar |
| 2. Nonglyngkien | Sirdar |
| 3. Tynrong      | Sirdar |

## CHAPTER VIII

- |        |        |
|--------|--------|
| Sohbar | Sirdar |
|--------|--------|

## CHAPTER IX

- |                       |        |
|-----------------------|--------|
| 1. Byrong             | Sirdar |
| 2. Mawthangsohkhylung | Sirdar |
| 3. Mynteng            | Sirdar |
| 4. Nongkroh           | Sirdar |
| 5. Nongriat           | Sirdar |
| 6. Ramdait            | Sirdar |
| 7. Tyrna              | Sirdar |

## CHAPTER X

- |                     |        |
|---------------------|--------|
| 1. Nongshluid       | Sirdar |
| 2. Nonglait         | Sirdar |
| 3. Synnei           | Sirdar |
| 4. Sinai-Mawshynrut | Sirdar |

## CHAPTER XI

**ROWLATNAGAR\***  
(Subdivided  
into three  
parts):

\*It was part of Myllem State. Ceded to the British Government in 1863: Ref. Agreement, Aitchison's Collection of Treaties Vol. I. pp. 247-250: also KI HIMA KHASI By L. G. Shullai (Appendix "A" pp. 16-19).

**(a) Lower Rowlatnagar :**

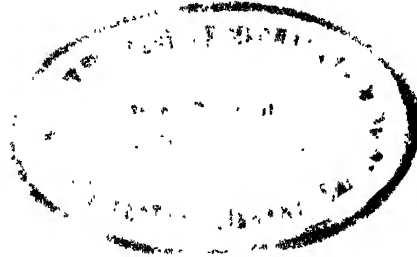
Under the administrative jurisdiction of the Shillong Municipality.

**(b) Middle Rowlatnagar :**

Under the administrative jurisdiction of the Shillong Cantonment.

**(c) Upper Rowlatnagar :**

Under the administrative jurisdiction of the State Forest Department.




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**TREATY OF YANDABOO : 24th February 1826.**  
( Ref. Aitchison's Collection of Treaty Vol. XII pp. 230-233: 1931  
Publication ).